## V. Environmental Studies

### **Science:**

**CONTENT (Marks: 12)** 

## 1. Living World:

Non Living and living Organisms - Plants and Animals- Classification of plants- Plant - Parts and Functions - Flower to seed- Seed Germination- Diversity in Plants- Life cycle of a plant- food for plants- Animals around us- Classification of animals- Group behavior of animals- Animals diversity (based on ecological conditions)-movements in animals- animal husbandry-Family - Changing family structure - family life -usage of home appliances- Methods of Agriculture - Traditional, Modern, Organic-Agriculture & Tools-economy- Agricultural operation - Cultivation of Crops- diseases to plants and control-improvement of crop yield storage- Preservation and protection of food and plant products- Hybridization

Climate change - drought, deforestation, ecosystem- Weather- Climate- Soil our life- rain- floods-Cyclones- disaster management

Air - Importance of air-composition of air- atmospheric pressure- diseases spread through air and their prevention-air pollution - causes, its impact and measures to prevent- Green House effect

Water - Forms of water - Water resources - Rivers, lakes, canals in A.P and India- How to save water- Need and Importance of water- methods of water conservation- Process of producing and procuring water - Water cycle - ways to keep water resources hygienic- Story of river Krishna- Major rivers in AP- Reasons behind river pollution and its adverse effects- drought and floods- Rain water harvesting - Shelter - Importance of shelter- the places of living in neighbourhood- types of houses- Homeless people- Diversity of shelters depending on climate-Homes of Animals , Insects and Birds- Concern for animals and birds- Organisms and Habitat- Classification of living organisms- Story of microbial world-Useful and harmful micro organisms- Why do we fall ill?- Branches of Sciences- Recent trends in Science- Games and Recreation.

## 2. Life processes:

Our Body - Body parts - Sense organs - functions - care & safety measures,-Human body systems,-Major organ systems- FirstAid- Movement and Locomotion - Functions of muscles and bones- Different types of joints- Cartilage,tendon and ligament- Process of movements in animals- Locomotion in birds, snakes,fish and snails- Nutrition in Plants- Cell, cell organelles- parts of plants and functions- Nutrition in plants and animals- excretion-respiration control and coordination-reproduction- seed dispersal in plants- control and coordination in organisms- Our food-Foods available around us - Food from plants and animals- Need of food- Mid-Day Meal- Process of cooking food and preservation- Different food items- Food ingredients- Methods of preparing food- Tasty Food- Food habits- food components- Nutritious food-Health-Cleanliness- Balanced diet- Malnutrition- Food Pyramid- Junk food- Good Touch and Bad Touch

#### 3. Natural Phenomena:

Materials – classification of materials-separating methods - Magnets - Playing with magnets-Measurements - Different measuring instruments- Standard units of measurements- Precautions while measuring - Fabrics - Different types of fabrics- Characteristics and uses- Changes around us- separation of substances – Plastics, metals and non metals- matter- Acids and bases- Motion and time- Energy- Forms of Energy - Energy resources- Renewable and non renewable resources-conservation of energy - Temperature and its measurement- Electricity- Electric circuits- Current and its effects- Sound- reflection of light-Shadows- friction- force- speed- velocity- combustion- fuels and flame- How to measure things- Coal-Petrol- Petroleum products.

### 4. Transportation and Communication:

Transportation—Objects- signs and signboards used for transport- Places associated with transport- Modes of travel in the present and in the past- Methods of transport in different topographical conditions- Need for an international transport -Import and export of the goods- different means of transport of goods-Importance of tourism and seven wonders of the world- How communication and transport brings the entire world together-Means and objects of Communication- Types of Communication both in Human and Animals (different feelings and gestures) Modern forms of communication- Communication used in the past and present- Advantage of Mass Communication- Communication through Postcard, Cell Phone and Internet etc.,

#### 5. Professions and Services:

House hold materials with reference to profession (farmer, cobbler, tailor etc)-Different professions and their need to the society-villager/farmer (seeds/manure/agri methods etc.,), helping agents (bank, e-seva, PHC, panchayat office, post office/etc.,)

### 6. Our Environment:

Bio diversity- Diversity in plants and animals- let's plant- trees- endangered, endemic species—Forest—Tribes—Tribal life—diversity in forests- Different Ecosystems- Ecology- Bio mass- Abiotic, Biotic factors- Global Environmental Issues-Global warming- Acid rains- depletion of Ozone layer- Stars and Solar systems- River- Lively hood- Atmosphere—wind—safety measures—Historical sites—Our Country—World, Our constitution, Child rights.

Methodology: (3 Marks)

- 1. Concept and scope of Environmental Studies (Science)
- 2. Aims & Objectives of teaching Environmental Studies (Science)
- 3. Academic Standards of Teaching EVS Relation to Science
- 4. Curriculum and its transactional process Teaching Methodology
- 5. Teaching Learning Material (TLM)
- 6. Evaluation procedures CCE.

## **Social Studies (Content 12 Marks):**

### Theme - I: Our Universe:

Neighbours and Neighbourhood -Sides, directions and corners- Landmark Symbols-understanding the Maps- Globe – A Model of the Earth- Identifying the Continents and Oceans on the Globe- latitudes and Longitudes - Earth Movements and Seasons - Geographical structure of the earth and its diversity- Land Forms of Andhra Pradesh -Rain and Rivers-Tanks and Ground Water – Oceans and Fishing – Continents – Europe – Africa –The Polar Regions - Forests: Using and Protecting them - Minerals and Mining- Solar System - Celestial bodies like Sun, Moon and Stars.

## Theme - II: Production Exchange and Livelihoods

From Gathering Food to Growing food – The Earliest People - Early Civilization - Handicrafts and Handlooms - Industrial Revolution - Production in a Factory - A Paper Mill – Importance of Transport System – Safety measures - Money and Banking - Impact of Technology on Livelihoods - Public Health and the Government

## Theme -III: Political Systems and Governance

Emergence of Kingdoms and Republics - First Empires - Government - Village Panchayats - Local Self Government - Kingdoms and Empires - The Kakatiyas - Emergence of a Regional Kingdom - The Kings of Vijayanagara - Mughal Empire - Establishment of British Empire in India - Landlords and Tenants under the British and the Nizam - National Movement - The Early Phase 1885-1919 - National Movement - The Last Phase 1919- 1947 - Freedom Movement in Hyderabad State - The Indian Constitution - Parliament and Central Government - Making of Laws in the State Assembly - Implementation of Laws in the District - Law and Justice.

## Theme-IV: Social Organisation and Inequities

Diversity in Our Society - Towards Gender Equality - Caste Discrimination and the Struggle for Equalities - Livelihood and Struggles of Urban Workers - Abolition of Zamindari System - Understanding Poverty - Rights Approach to Development

## Theme - V: Religion and Society

Religion and Society in Early Times - Devotion and Love towards God - Folk - Religion - Devotional Paths to the Divine - Social and Religious Reform Movements - Understanding Secularism

### Theme -VI: Culture and Communication

Language, Writing and Great Books - Sculptures and Buildings - Rulers and Buildings - Performing Arts and Artistes in Modern Times - Film and Print Media - Sports: Nationalism and Commerce.

# Methodology: 03 Marks

- 1. Nature and Scope of Social Studies
- 2. Aims, Objectives and Values of Teaching Social Studies
- 3. Methods of Teaching Social Studies
- 4. Resource Utilization, Content Enrichment material
- 5. Curriculum, Text Book and Instructional Planning
- 6. Evaluation and Continuous Comprehensive Evaluation