

# Tenth Class Social Studies Paper –I Model Paper

(Max.Marks:50)

[Time:2.45 Hrs.]

## SECTION - I

Note: i. Answer all the questions.

ii. Each question carries ½ Mark.

12 × ½ = 6

- Consider the following statements.
  - Dams are opposed because they will disrupt the lives of the people.
  - Dams are submerge their own lands.
 Which of the above statement is correct.  
 A) (i) only      B) (ii) only  
 C) Both (i) and (ii) D) None of the these
- Expand I.B.R.D.
- Identify the wrong statement and write it in the answer booklet.
  - \* Hill stations like Nainital and Raniket are located in Lesser Himalayas.
  - \* Pirpanjal and Mahabharata ranges are located in Greater Himalayas.
  - \* Outer Himalayas have different names in different regions.
- Identify the wrongly matched pair and write it in the answer booklet.

Primary sector	Nature plays a dominant role
Secondary sector	Disguised unemployment is predominant
Tertiary sector	No production of goods directly

- Give examples for any two cities that are situated on the banks of River Yamuna.
- The relation between the items in the first pair is the same with those in the second pair. Find out the missed item of the second pair.  
 Kudamkulam: Tamilnadu  
 Hiware Bazar : \_\_\_\_\_
- Census is about to start in India soon. 'A' says that this census shows age structure, gender ratio and literacy rate. 'B' says that it shows the size and density of population. Who is correct of these two?  
 \* A only  
 \* B only  
 \* Both A & B
- Population of a city 'X' is 8lakhs at present. How much population to be increased so that 'X' can be called a metropolitan city?
- Observe the table and answer the question given below.

Sector	Employment Share	
	1972-73	2009-10
Agriculture	74%	53%
Industry	11%	22%
Service	15%	25%

In which sector the employment is showing an increasing trend?

- Poorest of the poor have a provision to get 35 kgs of grains per month under PDS. Name card related to this.
- "The ocean gets heated and cooled more slowly than land" – Based on this information, mention any two cities which record low 'temperature differences'.
- Identify and write the place which is more nearer to the equator.
  - \* Trivandrum
  - \* Kanyakumari
  - \* Chennai

## SECTION – II

Note: i. Answer all the questions.

ii. Each question carries 1 Mark.

8 × 1 = 8

- How is working capital different from physical capital?
- Beginning of the agriculture had brought about many changes in human life styles. Mention one such important change.
- Gandhi says "Earth provides enough to satisfy every man's needs, but not every man's greed". Which function of the environment can be associated with this quotation?
- It is better to ban the using of plastic carry bags. Do you agree with this statement? Write your opinion.
- Mention any two causes of environmental pollution in your area.
- Write a slogan on food security.
- Plot the below information on a bar graph (rough).

Year	Cultivated area (in million hectares)
2000	140
2010	140

- Observe the below world map which is prepared on the basis of population.



Q: Asian continent looks the largest in the above map. Why?

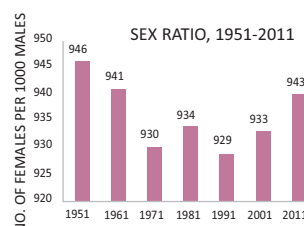
## SECTION - III

Note: i. Answer all the questions.

ii. Each question carries 2 Marks.

8 × 2 = 16

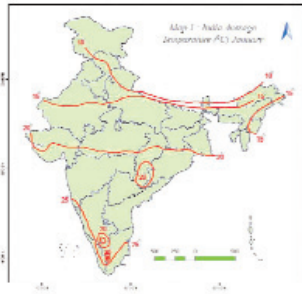
- More than half of the workers in the country are working in the agriculture sector, producing only one-sixth of the GDP. What can we infer from this?
- Explain the hardships that are likely to be faced in international migration.
- Mention the tributaries of the River Ganga flowing towards north and south.
- Match the items under list A with those under list - B  
 LIST – A                      LIST - B  
 1) Tapati                      a) Mahabhaleswaram  
 2) Narmada                    b) Amarkantak  
 3) Godavari                    c) Multai  
 4) Krishna                      d) Nasik
- Mention any four important aspects that attracted you about the schooling revolution in Himachal Pradesh.
- How is organic farming useful? Explain.
- Observe the graph given below and write your observations.



- Based on the map given below, mention the states which are recorded average temperature of 15 degrees in the month of

January.

4) Indira Point



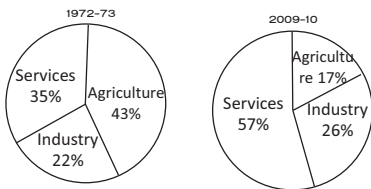
**SECTION - IV**

*Note: i. Answer all the questions.  
ii. Each question has internal choice.  
iii. Each question carries 4 marks.*

5 × 4= 20 M

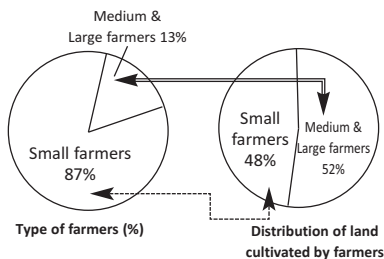
29. (a) Explain about the structural features of the Thar Desert.  
(or)  
(b) What are the similarities and differences between the impacts of Internal and International migration?
30. (a) “Gender bias is still prevailing in India. But it is gradually decreasing” – Do you agree with this? Justify your opinion.  
(or)  
(b) “Public Distribution System” is very helpful in providing food security” – Comment.
31. (a) We are rapidly extracting minerals and other resources at present. Explain how would this affect the future development prospects?  
(or)  
(b) Explain the impact of globalisation in India
32. (a) Make a table that shows the information given in the below “Pie Chart”.

Shares of three Sectors in GDP



(or)

(b) Analyze the graph given below.



33. Mark the following on the outline map of India.

**Group A**

- 1) Canara Coast
- 2) The Plateau that is rich in mineral recourse
- 3) The largest peninsular river
- 4) The latest folded mountains

**Group – B**

- 1) Lakshadweep Islands
- 2) River Tapati
- 3) Panaji

**Answers**

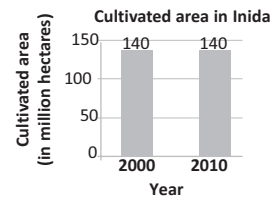
**SECTION - I**

1. C) i and ii
2. International Bank for Reconstruction and Development
3. Pirpanjal and Mahabharata ranges are located in Greater Himalayas.
4. Secondary sector - Disguised unemployment is predominant
5. Agra, New Delhi
6. Maharashtra
7. Both A & B
8. 2 Lakhs population
9. MNCs set up factories in regions where they can get cheap labour and other resources.
10. Anthyodaya card
11. Chennai, Visakhapatnam
12. Kanyakumari

**SECTION – II**

13. Unlike the physical capital, working capital is used up in the production process.
14. With the beginning of agriculture human beings began sedentary life.
15. This quotation can be associated with environments source function.
16. Yes, I agree with statement. Plastic has become a big hazard for the environment.
17. 1) Use of Plastic  
2) Excessive use of fossil fuels  
(Note : Any other relevant and correct answer should also be considered)
18. “Food is devine – don’t waste it.”

19.



20. Because the Asian continent has the highest population.

**SECTION - III**

21. 1) It means that there are more people in agriculture but everyone may not be fully occupied. So, even if few people move out, production will not be affected.  
2) In other words, workers in agricultural sector are underemployed.
22. 1) At times, migrant workers are not paid their salaries.  
2) Recruitment agents cheat them.  
3) Employers may terminate from the job contract before its expiry.  
4) They often force workers to do overtime without making additional payments.

**23. North flowing tributaries:**

- 1) Chambal
- 2) Ken
- 3) Son
- 4) Betwa

**South flowing tributaries:**

- 1) Yamuna
  - 2) Ramganga
  - 3) Gandak
  - 4) Kosi
24. 1- c; 2 - b; 3 - d; 4 - a
25. 1) Both the government of Himachal Pradesh and the people of the state were keen on education.
- 2) The government started schools and made sure that education was largely free or costs very little for parents.
  - 3) It tried to ensure that these schools had at least the minimum facilities of teachers, classrooms, toilets, drinking water, etc.
  - 4) Most of the students enjoyed their schooling experience.
26. 1) In organic farming chemical fertilisers and pesticides are not used.
- 2) It is eco-friendly.
  - 3) Organic products are good for health.
  - 4) As it uses the local resources the investment will not be a burden to the farmers.
27. 1) Sex ratio is low in India when compared to many developed countries.
- 2) When 1951 it is 946 and even in 2011 it is 943 only.
  - 3) In 1991 the lowest sex ratio was recorded.
  - 4) From 1991 onwards it is gradually increased.
28. 1) Rajasthan
- 2) Uttar Pradesh
  - 3) West Bengal
  - 4) Asom.

**SECTION - IV**

29. a) 1) The only desert in India is the Thar Desert.
- 2) It is located on the leeward side of Aravalis.
  - 3) It receives very low amount of rainfall, ranging from 100 to 150 mm per year.
  - 4) It consists of an undulating sandy plain and rocky outcrops.
  - 5) It occupies much of western Rajasthan.
  - 6) It has an arid climate with very low vegetation cover.
  - 7) Streams appear during rainy season and disappear soon after.
  - 8) 'Luni' is the only river in this area.

(or)

- b) *Similarities:*
- 1) In both the cases economic condition of the migrants may change.
  - 2) In both the cases the migrants move from their places to another places.

*Differences:*

Internal Migration	International Migration
1) It has no impact on Foreign exchange reserves.	1) It has impact on Foreign exchange reserves.
2) It has no impact on population size.	2) It has impact on population size.

30. a) 1) Yes I agree with this statement.
- 2) Still today literacy levels are low in females than in males.
  - 3) Sex ratio is low in India when compared to many developed countries.
  - 4) Still women are being paid low wages in some works in organised sector.
  - 5) So we can not escape from accepting that the gender bias is still continuing.
  - 6) But the picture is gradually changing.
  - 7) Today women are participating equally with men in various fields.
  - 8) They are competing with self confidence and honor in every aspect.
- (Note : Any other relevant and correct answer should also be considered)

(or)

30. b) "Public Distribution System" is very helpful
- 1) Ration shops are important means for people to access food grains in India.
  - 2) They provide food grains at low cost to the poor people.
  - 3) Every person of low income families is entitled to 5 KGs of food grains per month at subsidised rates.
  - 4) Even among the poor families the poorest ones are entitled to 35 KGs of food grains.
  - 5) Thus the "Public Distribution System" is very helpful in providing food security".
- (Note : Any other relevant and correct answer should also be considered)
31. a) 1) On the name of development we are rapidly extracting minerals and other resources at present.
- 2) This is causing a great loss to the environment.
  - 3) We are showing a little concern towards the progress of future generations.
  - 4) If this continuous in the same way it would definitely suffer the future development prospects.
  - 5) Of course the development is very much necessary.
  - 6) But we must integrate environmental concerns with the idea of progress.
  - 7) We have to find an environmentally sustainable way of development.
  - 8) If the non renewable resources are used up once, we will stand with empty hands in future.

(or)

- b) 1) The benefits of globalisation have been unevenly distributed.
- 2) It has benefited well-off consumers.
  - 3) There is greater choice before these consumers who now enjoy improved quality and lower prices for several products.
  - 4) As a result, these people today enjoy much higher standards of living than was possible earlier.
  - 5) This is beneficial for also the producers with skill, education and huge wealth.
  - 6) Certain services, enabled with technology, have expanded.
  - 7) But it is not beneficial and posed many challenges to small producers and unskilled workers.
  - 8) They have seen their employment and workers' rights erode.

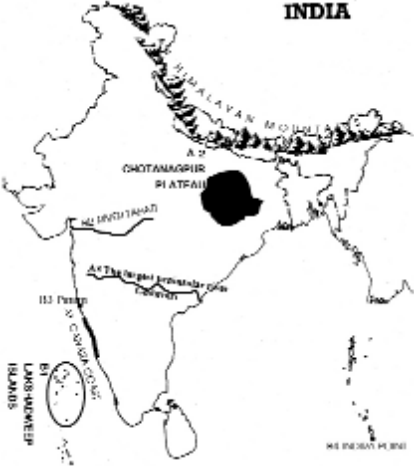
32. a)

Sector	Gross Domestic Product	
	1972-73	2009-10
Agriculture	42%	17%
Industrial	22%	26%
Service	36%	57%

(or)

- b) 1) 52% of cultivated land is in the hands of 13% medium and large formers.
- 2) 48% of cultivated land is in the hands of 87% small formers.
  - 3) This shows us that the land reforms in India are not properly implemented.
  - 4) There is no equal distribution of land among the formers.

33. (Group A & b)



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