

Tenth Class English Paper- I Model Paper

Time: 02:45

Max. Marks: 50

Instructions:

- This question paper has 35 questions in three sections (A,B and C).
- Answer all the questions on a separate answer book supplied to you.
- 15 minutes of time is allotted exclusively for reading the question paper and 2-30 hours for writing the answers.
- Answer all the questions of Section-B (Grammar) in the same order at one place in your answer book.
- Start answering the questions as you read them.

SECTION –A**(Reading Comprehension)****Q.No.(1-5): Read the following passage carefully. 5 M**

But it took him nine years after reaching Calcutta (now Kolkata) and joining ST. Xavier's College, to muster up the confidence to meet Ray in person. "Although I wanted to meet him right away, I didn't want to just go and see him like he was a living museum piece. I wanted to prepare myself, get to know his works more, so that when we met, there could be a worthwhile dialogue," he said. When they finally met, it was the beginning of a close friendship that lasted 22 years-until Ray's death in 1992.

It was a very quiet friendship that developed over the years. Manikda [as Ray was affectionately called by his friends] was a shy person and always very discreet about displaying his emotions," said Roberge. Though to outsiders, Ray's massive stature – physical and intellectual-might have made him come across as cold, aloof and even intimidating, he was in reality a very simple and unassuming man with a subtle sense of humour. It was an unspoken arrangement between the two of them to meet on Sundays at 9 a.m. at Ray's residence on Bishop Lefroy Road, Kolkata. Ray would invite Roberge over for private screenings of his latest films and welcomed comments on them. But this happened only after the friendship had cemented, for in the early days of their dialogue Ray's shyness prevented him from talking about his own films.(Rendezvous with Ray)

- When did Roberge meet Ray? ()
- Why did he want to prepare himself before meeting Ray? ()
- What do Ray's friends call him? ()
 - Manikda
 - Manikandan
 - Mahodaya.
- How many years did Roberge take to meet Ray ()
 - 9 years
 - 6 years
 - 12 years
- What kind of person was Ray ()
 - Shy and discreet
 - Shy and dare
 - Dare and emotional

Q.No.(6-8) Read the following stanza carefully.

Let us control the riots,
Which leave us with no choice,
But to hang our heads in shame,
And say we have miserably failed.
We have the power to win,
So why not end this din? (A plea for India)

- » Choose the correct answers to the following questions. 3 × 1 = 3 M
- What should we control? ()

- Regional disparities
 - discrimination
 - riots
- Which makes us hang our heads in shame? ()
 - riots
 - economic inequalities
 - Caste system
 - What do we have to win? ()
 - Power
 - unity
 - Money

Q.No.(9-10) Read the following passage carefully

A New York Times editorial on December 10, 1903, questioned the wisdom of the Wright Brothers who were trying to invent a machine, heavier than air, that would fly. One week later, at Kitty Hawk, the Wright Brothers took their famous flight.

Colonel Sanders, at age 65, with a beat-up car and a \$100 cheque from social security, realized he had to do something. He remembered his mother's recipe and went out selling. How many doors did he have to knock on before he got his first order? It is estimated that he had knocked on more than a thousand doors before he got his first order. How many of us quit after three tries, ten tries, a hundred tries, and then we say we tried as hard as we could? (Every Success Story Is also a Story of Great Failures)

» Now Answer the following questions:

2 × 2 = 2 M

- Who were trying to invent a machine, heavier than air? ()
 - wright Brothers
 - John Brothers
 - Mark Brothers
- How many doors did colonel sanders knock for getting first order? ()
 - Thousand
 - hundred
 - More than thousand

Q.No.(11-15) Read the following passage carefully

There is one difference, however. Outside Mr.Nana's front are three large empty metal drums, the bright red paint now flaking away, but the skull and cross bones clearly visible on each. And in a clearing 200 m away from the village, next to a stream that the villagers get their drinking water from, is an enormous pyramid of identical drums, reaching to the sky. Some of them are badly corroded their slimy contents of various colours – grey, Dark Green, Bright orange, etc., - leaking out, down and on to the baked African earth and into the stream. Some have fallen down and rolled.... Or been rolled by playful children – into the bush. Some are smoking in the midday heat. Some swelling, as if their contents are bursting to get out. Some have already burst. [Bio-Diversity]

» Now Answer the following questions:

5×1=5 M

- Where are the slimy contents leaking out, down? ()
- How did the drums reach the bush? ()
- What is clearly visible on each of the drums? ()
 - The skull and cross bones symbol
 - Skull Symbol
 - Smoke Symbol
- How many drums are there outside Mr.Nana's front? ()
 - 3
 - 6
 - 8
- Where do the villagers get their drinking water from? ()
 - The stream
 - River
 - Tank

SECTION-B

(Grammar)

Note: Answer all the questions of section – B (grammar) in the same order at one place in your answer book.

16. Edit the following passage correcting the underlined parts

$4 \times \frac{1}{2} = 2 \text{ M}$

There is an (a) state – level Science Fair in our school. It is Joint (b) Organized by our science club and SCERT. About Two hundred schools were taking(c) Part in it. The fair had (d) different sections like Energy, Water, Pollution, Force and Motion etc.

A) _____ B) _____
C) _____ D) _____

17. Combine the following sentences using “which”. (1 Mark)

Roberge established chitrabani. It was the first of its kind in west Bengal.

18. Combine the following sentences using a perfect Participle. (1 Mark)

He had never worn shoes. His feet developed cracks.

19. Change the following sentences in to passive voice. (1 Mark)

Bethany taught me surfing

20. Change the following exchanges in to reported speech (2 Marks)

Mrs. Jordan: I can't say more than that.

Abel: Neither of you cared to put up with me.

21. Combine the following sentences using “when”. (1 Mark)

The other struggled to solve the problems in the question paper. He would smile shyly and solve them in no time.

22. Combine the following sentences using “although” (1 Mark)

Nick is a torso. He plays football and golf

23. Combine the following sentences using “neither...nor” (1 Mark)

Kalam could not obey his teacher. He could not leave his friend.

24. Rewrite the following sentences using ‘So.....that’ (1 Mark)

He had grown very weak. He looked frail as a child.

25. Combine the following sentences using “if”

(1 Mark)

Sarada met her friend and got her name back. She did not became mad.

26. Fill in the suitable prepositions given in brackets $2 \times \frac{1}{2} = 1 \text{ M}$

a) I have drunk a cup of milk _____ a cup of coffee (alongside / along with / along if)

b) Radha is not acquainted _____ anybody in this office (for / with / to)

27. Fill in the blanks with suitable forms of verbs given in brackets.

($4 \times \frac{1}{2} = 2 \text{ M}$)

a) We were walking up a narrow hilly road, and neither of us uttered a word as if we _____ (be) strangers.

b) A splendid house _____ (prepare) for the potter and his wife.

c) He, like all the boys in the class _____ (try) to get admission into same engineering college.

d) It _____ (be) the best decision they could have made for me adds nick.

28. Fill in the blanks with suitable articles. The omission of the article can be shown with ‘X’. (2 $\times \frac{1}{2} = 1$)

_____ Mark Twain was not rich, not civilised but _____ Londons were very

Much civilised and well educated.

29. Radha is 30 years old. She is still unmarried. You think it is already late for her to get married. Express this idea using ‘It's high time’ 1 M

30. Your friend talks on cell phone while driving, you think it is wrong – Advise him not to do it. 1 M

31. Change the following into polite request

1 M

A stranger to you “Give me your pen”

32. What do the following sentences mean.

($2 \times \frac{1}{2} = 1$)

i) Wont you get me a little water?

A) Making a request

B) asking permission

C) refusing request

D) agreeing to a request

ii) It may rain in a few minutes

A) make as a request

B) expressing purpose

C) expressing possibility

D) seeking permission

SECTION – C

Creative Expression

33. (a) Thomas Agonyo – the village boy of KoKo came to the village with a chemistry book. He studied the drums. He was shocked when he knew the contents of the drums were poisonous chemicals.

He happened to meet Sunday Nana. Then what would be the conversation between Thomas Agonyo and Sunday Nana?

1 $\times 5 = 5 \text{ M}$

(or)

(b) In the lesson “Unity in Diversity in India” You have read about our cultural unity, history cultural heritage, spiritual values, emotional richness, unity in diversity etc.,

Now prepare a script for a speech on “unity in diversity is the spirit of our nation”

34. (a)

In the lesson ‘The Journey’ you read that “Simultaneously our Journeys started in two opposite directions, with me seated in the luxurious seat of a bus and father walking back with weary legs on the pebble – strewn road”

Now imagine that you are “Yesh Dorjee Thongchi” and make a diary entry about your deep and strong feelings. 1 $\times 5 = 5 \text{ M}$

(or)

(b) When Wangari Maathai was asked what was the one thing we could do, she answered to plant a tree was her greatest activity. She said when we plant a tree we plant hope. She meant that by planting trees we could rehabilitate the Environment.

Now you are asked to give a speech on ‘How planting trees can rehabilitate the environment’ prepare a script for speech on it.

35. Read the following passage carefully focussing on the underlined parts.

(A) I remember the date because it was my mother's birthday

(B) We heard the explosion early in the morning- we did not worry, because there has been explosions before from Chernobyl (C). But this one was bigger. Every one stopped what they were doing and listened. Then we ran out into the garden. We could see a cloud of white smoke coming from nuclear reactor. (D) Natasha Revenko (E) Wiped her hands nervously on her apron. Tears came to the corners of her eyes, and slid slowly down her pinched, pale cheeks.

» Now frame ‘WH’ questions to get the underlined parts in the passage as answers.

1 $\times 5 = 5 \text{ M}$

ANSWERS

1. Roberge meet Ray on Sunday at 9 a.m.

2. He wanted to prepare so that there could be worthwhile dialogue between them

3. A (Manikda)

4. A (9 years)

5. A (Shy and discreet)

6. C (riots)

7. A (riots)

8. A (Power)

9. A (Wright brothers)

10. C (more than thousand)

11. The slimy contents were leaking out on the earth and into the stream.
12. Some have fallen down and rolled and some have been rolled by playful children
13. A (The skull and crossbones symbol)
14. A (3)
15. A (stream)
16. (A) a (B) Jointly
(C) are taking (D) has
17. Roberge established chitrabani which was the first of its kind in west Bengal.
18. Never having worn shoes his feet developed cracks.
19. Surfing was taught me by Bethany.
20. Mrs. Jordon said that she could not say more than that.
Able replied that neither of them had cared to put-up with him
21. When the others struggled to solve the problems in the question paper, he would smile shyly and solve them in no time.
22. Although Nick is a torso he plays football and Golf
23. Kalam could neither obey his teacher nor leave his friend.
24. He had grown so weak that he looked frail as a child.
25. If Sarada had not met her friend, she would have become mad
26. a) along with b) with
27. (A) were (B) had been Prepared
C) was trying (D) was
28. a) X b) the
29. It's high time Radha got married.
30. You should not talk on cell phone while driving.
31. would you mind giving me your pen.
32. (i) (A) making request
(ii) (C) expressing possibility