

# Tenth Class Mathematics Paper -I Model Paper

## Part A & B

Max.Marks: 40

Time: 2Hrs. 45 Min.

Instructions:

- In the time duration of 2 hours 45 minutes, 15 minutes of time is allotted to read and understand the question paper.
- Answer the questions under PART - A on a separate answer book.
- Write the answers to the questions under PART - B on the question paper itself and attach it to the answer book of PART - A.

### PART - A

#### SECTION - I

Note: i) Answer ALL the questions.

ii) Each question carries ONE mark.

$$7 \times 1 = 7$$

- In Arithmetic Progression first term is 3 and  $a_n = 4a_{n-1} + 3$ ,  $n > 1$  find the 4<sup>th</sup> term?
- Show that the sequence defined by  $a_n = 3n^2 - 5$  is an A.P. or not?
- Find  $x$ , if  $2\log 3 + \frac{1}{2}\log 4 - \log 2 = \log x$ .
- $A = \{5, 6, 7, 8\}$  and  $B = \{7, 8, 9, 10\}$  find the  $A - B$  with venn diagram.
- Check whether 3 and  $-2$  are the zeroes of the polynomial  $P(x) = x^2 - x - 6$ .
- What relation between the coefficients of  $a_1x + b_1y + c_1 = 0$  and  $a_2x + b_2y + c_2 = 0$  are to be inconsistent?
- Write the discriminant of  $\sqrt{3}x^2 + 2\sqrt{2}x - 2\sqrt{3}$

#### SECTION - II

Note: i) Answer ALL the questions.

ii) Each question carries TWO marks.

$$6 \times 2 = 12$$

- Find the largest number which divides 615 and 963 leaving remainder 6 in each case.
- If the sum of the zeros of the quadratic polynomial  $f(x) = kx^2 + 2x + 3k$  is equal to their product, find the value of  $k$ .
- A train travels 360 km at a uniform speed. If the speed had been 5km/hr more, it would have taken 1 hour less for the same journey. Form the quadratic equation to find the speed of the train.
- ABC is a right angle triangle and  $\angle B = 90^\circ$ . If the points are  $A(8, -10), B(7, -3), C(0, P)$  find the value of  $P$ .
- Solve the given pair of equations using elimination  $x + 2y = -1$ ,  $2x - 3y = 12$ .
- $A = \{\text{Prime numbers below } 20\}$ ;  
 $B = \{\text{Whole numbers below } 10\}$  find  
i)  $A \cap B$  ii)  $A - (A \cap B)$

#### SECTION - III

Note: i) Answer ALL the questions.

ii) Each question carries FOUR marks.

iii) There is internal choice for each question. Only one option from each question is to be attempted.

$$4 \times 4 = 16$$

- For any positive integer  $n$ , prove that  $n^3 - n$  divisible by 6.

OR

Prove that  $\frac{3\sqrt{2}}{5}$  is irrational number.

- $A = \{x : x \text{ is a multiple of } 3, x \leq 21\}$ ;

$$B = \{x : x \text{ is a multiple of } 4, x \leq 20\}$$

$$C = \{x : x \text{ is a multiple of } 2, x \leq 16\}$$

$$i) A - (B \cap C) = (A - B) \cup (A - C)$$

$$ii) A \cap (B \cup C) = (A \cap B) \cup (A \cap C)$$

OR

Find the roots  $4x^2 + 4\sqrt{3}x + 3 = 0$  by the method of completing the square.

- If the co-ordinates of the mid points of the sides of a triangle are (3, 4), (4, 6) and (5, 7) find its vertices.

OR

Find the sum of all natural numbers between 100 and 1000 which are exactly divisible by 5.

- Draw the graph of  $P(x) = x^2 - 2x - 8$  and find the zeroes of polynomial.

OR

Solve the following equations graphically

$$3x - 5y = 20; 6x - 10y = -40.$$

### PART - B

- Which of the following terminating decimal?

$$A) \frac{41}{75}$$

$$B) \frac{100}{81}$$

$$C) \frac{16}{125}$$

$$D) \frac{2}{11}$$

- If  $A \subset B$ ,  $A \cup (B - A) =$

$$A) A$$

$$B) \emptyset$$

$$C) \mu$$

$$D) B$$

- Value of  $\log_{\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)}\left(\frac{1}{27}\right)$

$$A) -3$$

$$B) \frac{1}{3}$$

$$C) 1$$

$$D) 3$$

- The coordinates of vertex A of  $\Delta ABC$  are  $(-4, 2)$ , and point D  $(2, 5)$  is mid point of BC. The coordinates of centroid of  $\Delta ABC$  are:

$$A) (0, 4)$$

$$B) \left(-1, \frac{7}{2}\right)$$

$$C) \left(-2, \frac{7}{3}\right)$$

$$D) (0, 2)$$

- If one root of  $2x^2 + kx + 1 = 0$  is  $-\frac{1}{2}$  then the value of 'k' is:

$$A) 3$$

$$B) -3$$

$$C) 5$$

$$D) -5$$

- $f(x) = a_0x^n + a_1x^{n-1} + a_2x^{n-2} + \dots + a_n$  then  $a_0 + a_1 + a_2 + \dots + a_n = 0$   $f(x)$  is the factor of:

$$A) x + 2$$

$$B) x - 2$$

$$C) x - 1$$

$$D) x + 1$$

- Which term of the AP 5, 2,  $-1, \dots$  is  $-22$ ?

$$A) 9$$

$$B) 10$$

$$C) 12$$

$$D) 14$$

- If  $\alpha, \beta, \gamma$  are zeroes of the cubic polynomial  $ax^3 + bx^2 + cx + d$ ,  $a \neq 0$ , then  $\alpha\beta\gamma = ?$

$$A) \frac{-b}{a}$$

$$B) \frac{c}{a}$$

$$C) \frac{d}{a}$$

$$D) \frac{-d}{a}$$

- Name of the type of quadrilateral formed by the points  $A(-1, -2)$ ,  $B(1, 0)$ ,  $C(-1, 2)$ ,  $(-3, 0)$  is:

$$A) \text{Square}$$

$$B) \text{Rectangle}$$

$$C) \text{Parallelogram}$$

$$D) \text{Trapezium}$$

- Find the value of 'x' in equation

$$5(x - 2) = x + 18$$

$$A) 5$$

$$B) 7$$

C) 3

D) -7

**PART - B KEY**

- |      |      |      |      |       |
|------|------|------|------|-------|
| 1) C | 2) D | 3) D | 4) A | 5) A  |
| 6) C | 7) B | 8) D | 9) A | 10) B |

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