Tenth Class English Paper-II Model Paper

Max. Marks: 45

Time: 2 Hrs. 45 Min.

Section - A

Reading Comprehension

(Question No:1-5): Read the following Passage.

An old man who lived in a small street in the city of Mumbai had to put up with the nuisance of having boys play cricket outside his house, at night.

One evening when the boys were particularly noisy, he went out to talk to them. He told them that he would enjoy boys playing his favourite game, cricket. He said he would give them Rs. 25 each week from his pension to play in the street at night. The boys were thrilled. They were being paid to do something they enjoyed!

At the end of the first week they knocked at the old man's house and asked to be paid.

He did so.

The second week when they asked for payment he said he had run out of money and sent them away with only Rs. 15.

The third week the man said he had not yet received his pension and gave them only Rs. 10.

The fourth week the man said he could not afford to pay them Rs. 25 as he had promised, but would give them Rs. 5 each week without fail.

This was unbearable for the boys.

"You expect us to play seven days a week for a measly Rs. 5!" they yelled. "Go to blazes."

They stormed away and never played on the street again.

Now, answer the following questions. Each question has four choices. Choose the correct answer and write (A), (B), (C) or (D) in your answer booklet. $(3 \times 1 = 3M)$

1. What type of discourse is the given passage?

A) Story	B) Essay
C) Report	D) Biography

- 2. What is the meaning of the word "yelled" in the passage?A) CriedB) ScoldedC) ShoutedD) Surprised
- 3. Who were tricky in the passage?A) The boys B) The old manC) Both D) None of them

Answer the following questions in one or two sentences.

$(2 \times 1 = 2M)$

4. Why did the old man decrease the payment to the boys?

5. Playing cricket in streets causes lot of troubles to others. Give any two such nuisances in your area.

(Q.No. 6-10): Read the following Poem.

No mother no father

Neither shoes nor a bed.

He lives in a street

On pavements of a road.

He is just ten

Looks pale and thin.

He has so small a dinner

Sometimes, he dines on the smell. And even if he is starving to death

Nobody comes to feed him.

As the sun rises and rays shoot him,

He is exposed to child labour.

Tears start rolling down his cheeks

There is nobody to comfort him.

And even if he is dead

There is nobody to worry about him.

Now, answer the following questions. Each question has four choices. Choose the correct answer and write (A), (B), (C) or (D) in your

answer booklet.

6. The mood of the poem is:

A) Joy
B) Message
C) Tragedy
D) Horror

7. Who is 'he' in the poem?

A) Homeless child
B) Student
C) Beggar
D) Old man

8. How old is he in the poem?

A) 8 B) 9 C) 10 D) 11

Write answers for the given questions in one or two sentences $(2 \times 1 = 2M)$

9. The expression 'he dines on the smell' means:

 Child labour is a social evil. Write any two social evils around you. (Q.No. 11-15): Read the following passage.

Homework has historically been given to students to reinforce what they learn at school, and ultimately to help them learn the material better. However, too much homework is not helpful, and can be counterproductive. Excessive amounts of time spent on completing homework can take away the kid's social life, family time, and it limits their participation in sports or other activities. The amount of homework a teacher has to give to a student should be restricted.

Critically acclaimed author, Tamim Ansary reports that since 1981, the amount of homework given to an average sixth class child has increased by more than fifty percent. Many people claim that the increase in homework dates as far back as 1957. The new competition that emerged served as an incentive for schools to try to increase the volume of the curriculum. The amount of homework increases with the increase in class.

Now, answer the following questions. Each question has four choices. Choose the correct answer and write (A), (B), (C) or (D) in your answer booklet. $(3 \times 1 = 3 \text{ marks})$

- 11. From which year onwards 'homework' has been increased?
 - A) 1981 B) 1957 C) 2007 D) 1957-81
- 12. Too much homework results:
 - A) Counter productive
 - B) Takes away the kids social life
 - C) Restricts participation in sports

D) All of the above

- **13.** Who is Tamim Ansary?
 - A) Reporter B) Scientist
 - C) Author D) Teacher

Write answers for the given questions in one or two sentences

 $(2 \times 1 = 2 M)$

- **14.** Why do teachers give homework to students?
- 15. Do you support "Homework"? Justify your answer.

Section - B

Vocabulary & Grammar

(Q.No.16-18) Read the following passage focusing on the parts that are underlined and numbered. Answer the questions that are given at the end as directed. Write the answers in your answer booklet. $(3 \times 1 = 3M)$

(16) One day a man stopped Naseeruddin in the street and began narrating his woes to him.

"I've walked twenty miles to see you," he told Naseeruddin finally, "and all along the way people kept saying you were the most generous man in the country."

(17) Naseeruddin knew the man was going to ask him for money.

(18) "Are you going back the same way?" he asked.

 $(3 \times 1 = 3M)$

"Will you do me a favour?"

"Certainly", said the man. "What do you want me to do?"

"Please deny the rumour of my generosity". Said Naseeruddin, walking away.

Now answer the questions:

16. *Rewrite the sentence using 'to infinitive'.*

17. Rewrite the sentence beginning with: It is known:

18. *Rewrite the sentence beginning with: He asked:*

(Q.No.19-22): Complete the passage choosing the right word from those given below. Each blank numbered and each blank has four choices (A), (B), (C), and (D). Choose the correct answer from the given choices and Write (A), (B), (C), and (D) in your answer booklet. $(4 \times \frac{1}{2} = 2M)$

First, I collected a number of large diamonds. These I put in my wallet and tied the wallet to my waist. Next, I tied one of the large pieces of meat to the middle of my back with my turban. I then lay down with my face to the ground, ______ (19) waited there. There was the sound of huge wings ______ (20) me. Then I felt my self lifted up and carried to the top of the rocky walls of the valley. Soon I was in one of the nests. The merchants were surprised to ______ (21) me there, and when they heard my story, they helped me to find ______ (22) ship to go home. When I got back to Baghdad, I was a very wealthy man. I gave large amounts of money to the poor and lived peacefully in my own home.

19. A) and	B) or	C) but	D) of
20. A) round		B) arou	nd
C) surrou	nd	D) circl	ed
21. A) see	B) saw	C) seen	D) seeing
22. A) No art	icle B) a C) an	D) the

(Q.No. 23-28): Read the following passage and fill in the blanks choosing the correct words from the brackets and write them in your answer booklet. $(6 \times \frac{1}{2} = 3 \text{ M})$

Once there was a very rich man. His name was Dhanaraju. He (23)____(has/had) two sons. Ganiraju and Pothuraju. Ganiraju was hardworking and (24)____(obedient/disobedient) He always helped his father in the fields. But Pothuraju was lazy. He never went to fields. He was (25)____(disobedient/obedient) to his father. He always wanted to lead a free, lavish life, so one day he said to his father, "Father, give me my share of property." The father was (26)____ (heart felt/heart broken).

He divided the property between his two sons. Pothuraju left home with his share. He went to a (27)____(distance/distant) land, made a lot of friends and soon spent all his property (28) ____(lavishly/lavish) on friends, food and drinks. All his friends left him.

(Q.No.29-32): Read the following passage and fill in the blanks with the appropriate form of the word given in the brackets. $(4 \times \frac{1}{2} = 2 \text{ M})$

The saying 'East or West, home is the best' is true in more ways than one. Home____(29) (offer) affection and security. My home to me is the____(30) (better) place in the world, where I live with my mother, father, a brother and a sister.

I belong to a middle class family. My home is a cosy little flat on the 1st floor in Aprana Residency. Our drawing-cum-dining room is _____(31) (tasteful) decorated. It has a TV set, a sofa, a refrigerator, a dining table. The decoration pieces remind me of our visits to _____(32) (difference) places. There are two bedrooms. One is used by my parents and the other is shared by three of us. Not only the room but the study-table is also shared by us.

Section-C

Creative Writing (Discourses)

(Q.No. 33): We are living in the world of pollution. Where ever you go 'pollution' follows you. Everything is polluted, air, water, soil. Write an essay on Environmental Pollution. (10 M)

(OR)

Febraury 28th is celebrated as National Science Day in our country.Prepare a speech script to present on the occasion.(10 Marks)

(Q.No. 34). "Hartiha Haram" is a state level programme to make "Green Telangana". Imagine that your school also planned to conduct "Harith Haram" in your school. Prepare a poster for the occasion. (5 Marks)

ANSWERS

Section-A:

- 1) A 2) C
- 3) B
- It is his plan to discourage the boys to play in the street. So he played a trick on them.
- 5) Loud speakers in public places create lot of trouble. All the processions in main roads lead to traffic jams.
- 6) C
- 7) A
- 8) C
- Sometimes he doesn't get food. Then he looks at others food and only smells instead of eating.
- 10) Child marriages, beggars, dowry system and caste discrimination are some of the social evils around me.
- 11) B
- 12) D
- 13) C
- 14) Teachers give homework to students to reinforce the lessons taught at school.
- 15) Yes, I support. Because it reinforces the knowledge. But it should be as less as possible.

Section-B

- 16) One day a man stopped Naseeruddin in the street to narrate his woes to him.
- 17) It is known to Naseeruddin that the man was going to ask him for money.
- 18) He asked whether he was going back the same way.
- 19) A
- 20) B
- 21) A
- 22) B
- 23) had
- 24) obedient
- 25) disobedient
- 26) heart broken
- 27) distant
- 28) lavishly
- 29) offers
- 30) best
- 31) tastefully
- 32) different