# 16E(A)

## **MATHEMATICS**, Paper - II

(English version)

(Parts A and B)

Time : 2 hrs. 45 min.]

[Maximum Marks: 40

#### Instructions:

- 15 minutes of time is allotted exclusively for reading the Question Paper and 2.30 hours for writing the answers.
- 2. Part A answers should be written in separate answer book.
- 3. There are three sections in Part-A.
- 4. Answer all questions.
- 5. Every answer should be written visibly and clearly.
- 6. There is internal choice in section III.

Part - A

Time: 2 Hours

Marks:30

## **SECTION - I**

 $(Marks: 4\times 1=4)$ 

### Note:

- (i) Answer all the questions.
- (ii) Each question carries 1 mark.
- 1. If A(4,0), B(0,y) and AB = 5, find the possible values of y.
- A boy observed the top of an electric pole at an angle of elevation of 30°, when the observation point is 10 meters away from the foot of the pole. Draw suitable diagram for the above situation.

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- Find the value of  $\tan^2 45^\circ + \cot^2 30^\circ$ . 3.
- If P(E) = 0.546, what is the probability of 'not E'? 4.

## **SECTION - II**

 $(Marks: 5\times 2=10)$ 

### Note:

- Answer all questions. (i)
- Each question carries 2 marks. (ii)
- Find the centroid of the triangle, whose vertically says 5. whose vertices are (-4, 4), (-2, 2) and (6, -6).
- $\Delta ABC \sim \Delta DEF$  and their areas are 64 cm<sup>2</sup> and 121 cm<sup>2</sup> respectively. 6. If EF = 15.4 cm, then find BC.
- Prove that  $\tan^2 A \sin^2 A = \tan^2 A \cdot \sin^2 A$ . 7.
- A die is thrown once. Find the probability of getting 8.
  - (i) an even number
- 9. Write less than cumulative frequency and greater than cumulative frequency table for the following data.

Class interval	5-10	10-15	15-20	<b>20-25</b>	25-30	
Frequency	4	45	20	13	9	

 $(Marks: 4 \times 4 = 16)$ 

Note:

- (i) Answer all the questions.
- (ii) Choose any ONE from each question.
- (iii) Each question carries 4 marks.
- 10. (a) If  $\csc \theta + \cot \theta = P$ , show that  $\frac{P^2 + 1}{P^2 1} = \sec \theta$ .

OR

- Show that the points (-4, -7), (-1, 2), (8, 5) and (5, -4) taken in order are the vertices of a Rhombus.
- 11. (a) Find the mode of the following data.

Class interval	50-52	53-55	56-58	59-61	62-64
Frequency	15	110	135	115	25

OR

- (b) A chord of a Circle of radius 14 cm subtends 120° angle at the centre. Find the area of the corresponding major segment of the circle.  $(\pi = 3.14)$
- 12. (a) A bag contains 20 discs, which are numbered from 1 to 20. If one disc is drawn at random from the bag, find the probability that it bears:
  - (i) an even number,
  - (ii) Prime number,
  - (iii) Multiple of 5,
  - (iv) Two digit odd number.

OR

(b) The angle of elevation of the top of a building from the foot of the tower is 30° and the angle of elevation of the top of the tower from the foot of the building is 60°. If the tower is 30 m high, find the height of the building.

Construct a triangle similar to the given  $\Delta ABC$ , with its sides equal to

 $\frac{3}{4}$  of the corresponding sides of the  $\Delta ABC$  OR . Draw a Circle of radius 4 cm. From a point 7.5 cm away from its centre, construct the pair of tangents to the circle.

# 16E(B)

## **MATHEMATICS, Paper - II**

(English version)

(Parts A and B)

Time: 2 hrs. 45 min.]

[Maximum Marks: 40

Instruction: Write the answers to the questions in this Part-B on the Question paper itself and attach it to the answer book of Part-A.

Part - B

Time: 30 minutes

Marks: 10

**SECTION - IV** 

 $(Marks: 20 \times \frac{1}{2} = 10)$ 

#### Note:

- (i) Answer all the questions.
- (ii) Each question carries  $\frac{1}{2}$  mark.
- (iii) Marks will **not** be awarded in any case of over-written, rewritten or erased answers.
- (iv) Each question has four options. Write the CAPITAL LETTERS (A, B, C, D) showing the correct answer for the following questions in the brackets provided against them.
- 14. Slope of the line passing through the points (0, sin 60°) and (cos 30°, 0) is ......

1

(A) 0

(B) 1

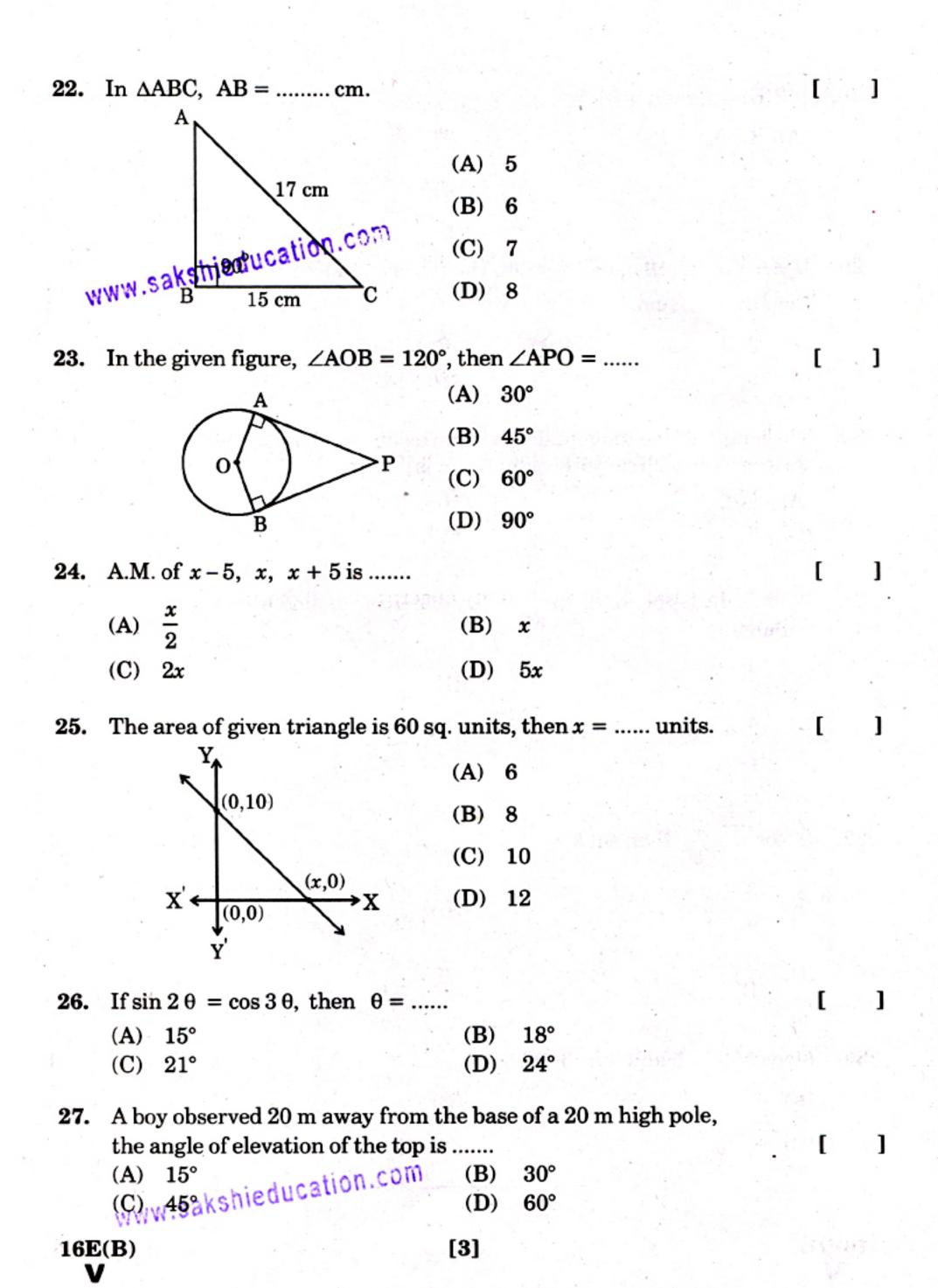
(C) -1

(D) √3

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[1]

15.	ΔΑΒΟ	$\sim \Delta I$	PQR and ∠A + ∠B	= 115°, tl			[	]
	(A) 5	55°		( <b>B</b> )	65°			
	(C) 7	75°		(D)	45°			
				on.co				
16.	The a	rea of	a sector, whose rad	ius is 7 cm	1		1	1
	and tr	ne ang	gle is 120°, is d sq.	cm.			•	
	(A) {	51.3	W.Sall	(B)	51.4			
	(C) {	51.5	hin	(D)	51.6			
17.	If sec	θ-ta	$n \theta = 3$ , then $\sec \theta$	$+ \tan \theta =$			[	]
				( <b>D</b> )	<u>1</u>			
	(A)	1		(B)	2	ing/		
	(C)	1 3		(D)	$\sqrt{2}$			
18.	In the	e give	n figure, BC =	. units.			[	]
10.		В			_			
				(A)	7√3			
				(B)	$7\sqrt{2}$			
			7	(C)	7			
				(D)	5			
			B 30°	C (D)	•			
19.			ck of cards, a card is					,
	ther	the p	probability of gettir	ng a red ki	ng is		ι	,
	(4)	1		(B)	3			
	(A)	13		(1)	14			
	(0)	3		(D)	100m	100		
	(C)	$\frac{3}{26}$		(5)	<b>1026</b>			
-	mı		of first four odd pr	in ledus	ers is		1	1
20			of first four odd pr	(B)	7.5		1900	
	(A)	6.5	. W.M. A.	(D)				
	(0)	8.5		(2)				
21	. The	dista	nce of a point (3, 4)	from the	origin is uni	ts.	[	1]
	(A)	5		(B)	6			
	(C)	7		( <b>D</b> )	8			
16	<b>E</b> ( <b>B</b> )			[2]				124
	V	`						



28.	If P	$(E) = 1$ , then $P(\overline{E}) = \dots$			[	1
	(A)	0	(B)	1		
	(C)	0 2 3 kshieducation,com	(D)	$\frac{3}{2}$		
29.	If Δ	ABC, $DE \parallel BC$ , $AD = 2 cm$ , $D$	E = 3	cm and $AB = 6 cm$ ,		
	ther	n BC = cm.			[	]
	(A)	3	(B)	6		
	(C)	9	( <b>D</b> )	12		
30.		length of the tangent drawn f centre of a circle with radius 3			[	]
	(A)	$2\sqrt{3}$	<b>(B)</b>	3√3		
	(C)	3	( <b>D</b> )	4		
31.		en a die is rolled, the probabili nber is	ity of g	getting an odd prime	נ	]
	(A)	$\frac{1}{3}$	(B)	$\frac{2}{3}$		
	(C)	$\frac{1}{6}$	(D)	3		
32.	If c	$\cos \theta = \frac{3}{5}$ , then $\sin \theta = \dots$			[	1
	(A)	3 4	(B)	$\frac{4}{5}$		
	(C)	4 NW5sakshieducation.com 12	( <b>D</b> )	$\frac{5}{13}$		
33.	Mo	de of 3, 4, 5 and $x$ is 5, then $x$	=	•	, [	]
	(A)	3	(B)	5		
	(C)	4	(D)	8		
			•			