This Question Paper contains 4 Printed Pages.

New Pattern

22E(A)

SOCIAL STUDIES, Paper - II

(English version)

Parts A and B

Time : 2 hrs. 45 min.]

[Maximum Marks: 40

Instructions:

- Answer the questions under Part 'A' on a separate answer book.
- 2. Write the answers to the questions under **Part** 'B' on the question paper itself and attach it to the answer book of **Part** 'A'.
- 3. Attach the given outline Map of World with the answer book of Part 'A'.

Part - A

Time: 2 hrs.]

[Marks: 30

SECTION - I

 $4 \times 1 = 4$

- NOTE: 1. Answer all the following questions.
 - 2. Each question carries One mark.
- 1. How did the Election Commission overcome the problem of illiteracy in the conduct of first general elections in India?
- 2. Write any two benefits of Lok Adalat in respect of entertaining disputes.
- 3. Which welfare schemes initiated by N.T. Rama Rao are still continuing with some changes in Andhra Pradesh?
- 4. What was your opinion on the Hitler's treatment of the Jews in Germany?

22E(A)/New

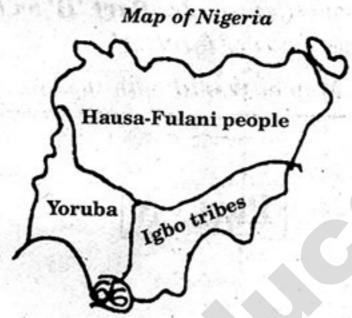
P.T.O.

NA

SECTION - II

 $5 \times 2 = 10$

- NOTES: 1. Answer all the following questions.
 - 2. Each question carries TWO marks.
- 5. Why the peace between India and Pakistan is necessary for the development of both the countries? Explain, keeping in view the recent developments.
- 6. Explain how RTI Act enriches the Democracy.
- 7. Mention any two happenings of 20th century in support of calling it, "The Age of Extremes".
- 8. Study the map given below and answer the question that follows.



- Q.: How were the British able to implement their 'divide and rule' policy in Nigeria?
- 9. Based on the information given below, answer the following questions.

Election and formation of Janata Dal government with	To See
VP Singh and Chandrasekhar	1989
Decision to implement Mandal Commission recommendation	1989
Ram Janmabhoomi Rath Yatra	1990
Assassination of Rajiv Gandhi and government led by Congress party with P.V. Narsimha Rao as PM	
Economic Liberalisation	1991
Demolition of Babri Masjid	1990
	1992
National Front Government with Deve Gowda and IK Gujral as PMs	1996
NDA government led by AB Vajpayee	1998

- Q.: (i) Who was the Prime Minister at the time of demolition of Babri masjid?
 - (ii) Give two examples of Coalition government.

22E(A)/New

NA

SECTION - III

 $4 \times 4 = 16$

- NOTE: 1. Answer all the following questions.
 - 2. Each question carries FOUR marks.
- 10. (A) Describe the consequences of the World wars.

OR

- (B) Explain the impact of globalisation and neo-liberalism on the lives of marginalised people.
- 11. (A) Read the following paragraph and answer the question given below.

Gandhiji moved amongst riot hit people, in camps and hospitals, spreading the message of peace and brotherhood. This was not the freedom and Swaraj he had worked so hard to achieve. The Father of the Nation fasted and did not celebrate on the first Independence Day.

Q: Comment on the conditions that the people had to face on both sides of the newly drawn border with the creation of Pakistan.

OR

(B) Write your comments on the opinion of Ambedkar given below.

On the 26th of January 1950, we are going to enter into a life of contradictions. In politics, we will have equality, and in social and economic life, we will have inequality.

12. (A) Plot the below information on a Bar graph (Rough diagram).

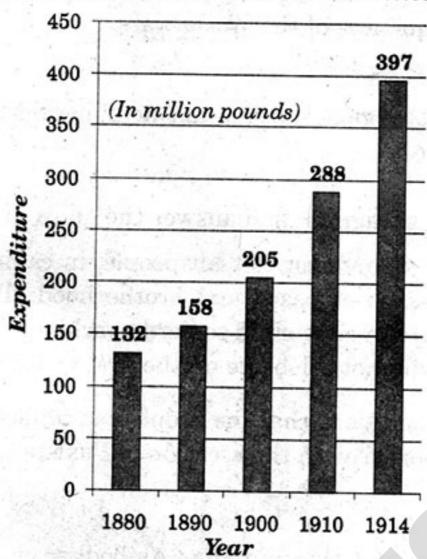
Period of time	Number of amendments made to Constitution	
1951 - 1960	7	
1961 - 1970	15	
1971 - 1980	22	
1981 - 1990	22	
1991 - 2000	16	
2001 - 2013	17	
2001 - 2013	17	

OR

OR

(B) Observe the information given in the graph and write few sentences by analysing it.

Graph: The Armaments Race in million pounds



13. (A) Locate and label any four of the permanent members of United Nations Security Council on the World map given.

OR

- (B) Point out the following countries on the World map given.
 - 1. Portugal
 - 2. Nigeria
 - 3. Chile
 - 4. Japan

This Question Paper contains 4 Printed Pages.

New Pattern

22E(B)

SOCIAL STUDIES, Paper-II

(English version)

Parts A and B

Tir	ne : 2 hrs. 45 min.	Maximum Marks: 40
Ins	structions:	
1.	Answer all questions.	
2.	Each question carries $\frac{1}{2}$ mark.	
3.	Answers are to be written in the	question paper only.
4.		any case of overwriting, rewriting or erased
5.		showing the correct answer for all the ets provided against each question.
	Pa	rt - B
Tir	ne: 30 min.]	[Marks: 10
*	Attach Part 'B' question paper to	the main answer book of Part 'A'.
	SEC	$20 \times \frac{1}{2} = 10$
14.	The feature which is not related (A) Collectivisation of agricultu (B) Announcement of 'The New	[1986] : [1987] - [1
	(C) Introducing Five Year plan	경기 강에 가장하는 것이 되었다. 그 얼마나 되었다면 가지 않는 것이 되었다. 그 사람들은 얼마나 되었다.
	(D) Rapid Industrialisation.	
15.	The Indian national leader, who	appealed Hitler to prevent the
	war is	[]
	(A) Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel	
	(B) Subhash Chandra Bose	
	(C) Mahatma Gandhi	
	(D) Jawaharlal Nehru	
221	E(B)/New	PTO

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16.	Con	nstitutional amendment in India can be done only by the	Г	1
	(A)	President.	·	,
	(B)	Supreme court.		
	(C)	Parliament.		
	(D)			
17.	In 1	his famous novel, 'Animal Farm', George Orwell described	г	1
	(A)	How Russia was able to escape the effect of the Depression.		1
	(B)	How the ideals of Russian Revolution were compromised in U	SSR	
	(C)	How Russia achieved full employment for all its citizens.		7
	(D)	How the agricultural production developed in Russia.		
18.	Wh	o among the following is regarded as the founder of		
	mod	dern China ?		1
	(A)	Sun Yat - Sen		. •
	(B)	Chiang Kaishek		
	(C)	Mao Zedong		
	(D)	Deng Xiaoping		
19.	As a	result of oil extraction in the Niger Delta,		
		erian common people	1	1
	(A)	became very rich.		,
	(B)	were not benefitted much.		
	(C)	got abundant employment opportunities.		
	(D)	got economic independence.		
20.	The	Muslim League announced the 'Direct Action' to win the		
	follo	wing demand.	г	1
	(A)	Separate seats for Muslims in all councils.	1	1
	(B)	Absolute right to League for choosing all the Muslim members		
		of Executive council.		4.
	(C)	Separate nation state of Pakistan.		
	(D)	All the above.	2.5	
21.	The	charge of the integration of princely states was given to	r	1
	(A)	Mahatma Gandhi.	L	1
	(B)	Rajendra Prasad.		
	(C).	Ambedkar.		
	(D)	Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel.		

22E(B)/New

NA

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22.	The	immediate cause of Second World War is]]
	(A)	Aggresive Nationalism.	1993	
	(B)	Secret Alliances.		
	(C)	Ferdinand's murder.		
	(D)	Hitler's invasion on Poland.	,	
00 90				7
23.	The	border-line between India and China is	[]
	(A)	Radcliffe line.	3 197	
	(B)	Durand line.		
	(C)	McMohan line.		
	(D)	Maginot line.		
24.	Ant	i - Hindi agitation started in which of the following states?]]
	(A)	Kerala		
	(B)	Karnataka		ten
	(C)	Tamilnadu		
	(D)	Andhra Pradesh		
25.	The	new state created in Assam in 1969, out of the		
	40.00	al districts, is	ſ	1
	(A)	Tripura		
	(B)	Manipur		
	(C)	Mizoram		
- 3	(D)	Meghalaya		
26.	Plan	nning, for Nehru was	[]
	(A)	'Good economics' only.		
	(B)	'Good politics' only.		
	(C)	'Good economics' as well as 'Good politics'.		
	(D)	A difficult task.		
27.	Who	among the following Prime Ministers opinioned that out of		
	ever	y rupee spent on the poor, barely 15 paise reaches them?	[]
	(A)	Indira Gandhi		
	(B)	Lal Bahadur Shastry	-15.	
	(C)	Rajiv Gandhi		
	(D)	V. P. Singh		
22E	(B)/N	e w	P.	T.O.

28.	197	elections were historical for Indian democracy because	[.]
	(A)	The Congress party was defeated for the first time at national		
		level in these elections.		
	(B)	These were the first multi-party elections.		
	(C)	These were the first free and fair elections.		
	(D)	EVMs were used for the first time in these elections.		
29.	Whi	ch among the following was not true in the context of		
	Seco	ond World War ?	[]
	(A)	The worst effected were the European countries.		
	(B)	The industries of USA were highly damaged.		
	(C)	Colonial powers could no longer justify their colonial policies.		
	(D)	USSR emerged as a champion of anti-colonial struggles.		
30.	The	number of member countries in UNO at present is	[]
	(A)	191 (B) 192	1	
	(C)	193 (D) 194		
31.	Now	the world is recognising which among the following as	`	
	risin	g powers of Asia ?	1	1
	(A)	China and India.		
	(B)	China and Pakistan.		
	(C)	Andhra Pradesh and Singapore.		
	(D)	India and Pakistan.		
32.	Whi	ch among the following was true in respect of American		. /
		Rights Movement under the leadership of Martin Luther King?	ſ	1
	(A)	Violating discriminatory laws.		-
	(B)	Boycotting discriminatory services.		
	(C)	Practicing non-violent methods.		
	(D)	All the above.		
33.	Whi	ch of the following features is not correct in the context		
		neaningful development'?	[- 1
	(A)	Being environmentally sustainable.	-	
503	(B)	Being just for all.		
	(C)	Increasing the national income in any way at any cost.		
	(D)	Considering the problems of the people who are to be displaced	. 19	

22E(B)/New **NA**

MARCH, 2017