This Test Booklet contains 20 pages.

Do not open this Test Booklet until you are asked to do so.

# Important Instructions:

- 1. The Answer Sheet is inside this Test Booklet. When you are directed to open the Test Booklet, take out the Answer Sheet and fill in the particulars on Side-1 and Side-2 carefully with blue/black ballpoint pen only.
- 2. The test is of 3 hours duration and Test Booklet contains 180 questions. Each question carries 4 marks. For each correct response, the candidate will get 4 marks. For each incorrect response, one mark will be deducted from the total score. The maximum marks are 720.
- 3. Use Blue/Black Ballpoint Pen only for writing particulars on this page/marking responses.
- 4. Rough work is to be done on the space provided for this purpose in the Test Booklet only.
- 5. On completion of the test, the candidate must hand over the Answer Sheet to the Invigilator before leaving the Room/Hall. The candidates are allowed to take away Test Booklet only with
- 6. The CODE for this Test Booklet is ZZ. Make sure that the CODE printed on Side-2 of the Answer Sheet is the same as that on this Test Booklet. In case of discrepancy, the candidate should immediately report the matter to the Invigilator for replacement of both the Test Booklet and the Answer Sheet.
- 7. The candidate should ensure that the Answer Sheet is not folded. Do not make any stray marks on the Answer Sheet. Do not write your Roll No. anywhere else except in the specified space in the Test Booklet/Answer Sheet.
- 8. Use of white fluid for correction is not permissible on the Answer Sheet.
- 9. Each candidate must show on demand his/her Admit Card to the Invigilator.

10. No candidate, without his/her seat.

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11. The candidates should r to the Invigilator on dut not signed the Attenda Answer Sheet and dea 86912252 (NEET (UG)-2016)

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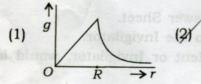
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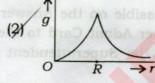
- 13. The candidates are governed by all Rules and Regulations of the Board with regard to their conduct in the Examination Hall. All cases of unfair means will be dealt with as per Rules and Regulations of the Board.
- 14. No part of the Test Booklet and Answer Sheet shall be detached under any circumstances.
- 15. The candidates will write the correct Test Booklet Code as given in the Test Booklet/Answer 56912252 Sheet in the Attendance Sheet.

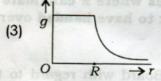
| Name of the Candidate (in Capitals):                | JADHAV        | RAHUL       | 000000000000000000000000000000000000000 | U.S.       |
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| Facsimile Signature Stamp of Centre Superintendent: | *12           |             |   | Chile.     |

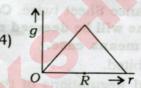
- 1. A solid sphere of mass m and radius R is rotating about its diameter. A solid cylinder of the same mass and same radius is also rotating about its geometrical axis with an angular speed twice that of the sphere. The ratio of their kinetic energies of rotation  $(E_{\rm sphere} / E_{\rm cylinder})$  will be
  - (1) 1:5
  - (2) 1:4
  - (3) 3:1
  - (4) 2:3
- 2. A light rod of length l has two masses  $m_1$  and m2 attached to its two ends. The moment of inertia of the system about an axis perpendicular to the rod and passing through the centre of mass is
  - - $\frac{m_1 + m_2}{m_1 m_2} l^2 \qquad (2) \ (m_1 + m_2) l^2$

  - (3)  $\sqrt{m_1 m_2} l^2$  (4)  $\frac{m_1 m_2}{m_1 + m_2} l^2$
- 3. Starting from the centre of the earth having radius R, the variation of g (acceleration due to gravity) is shown by









- 4. A satellite of mass m is orbiting the earth (of radius R) at a height h from its surface. The total energy of the satellite in terms of  $g_0$ , the value of acceleration due to gravity at the earth's surface, is
  - (1)  $-\frac{mg_0R^2}{2(R+h)}$
  - - (4)  $\frac{mg_0R^2}{2(R+h)}$

- 5. A rectangular film of liquid is extended from  $(4 \text{ cm} \times 2 \text{ cm})$  to  $(5 \text{ cm} \times 4 \text{ cm})$ . If the work done is  $3 \times 10^{-4}$  J, the value of the surface tension of the liquid is
  - (1)  $0.125 \text{ N m}^{-1}$  (2)  $0.2 \text{ N m}^{-1}$

  - (3)  $8.0 \text{ N m}^{-1}$  (4)  $0.250 \text{ N m}^{-1}$
- **6.** Three liquids of densities  $\rho_1$ ,  $\rho_2$  and  $\rho_3$  (with  $\rho_1 > \rho_2 > \rho_3$ ), having the same value of surface tension T, rise to the same height in three identical capillaries. The angles of contact  $\theta_1$ ,  $\theta_2$  and  $\theta_3$  obey
  - (1)  $0 \le \theta_1 < \theta_2 < \theta_3 < \frac{\pi}{2}$
  - (2)  $\frac{\pi}{2} < \theta_1 < \theta_2 < \theta_3 < \pi$
  - (3)  $\pi > \theta_1 > \theta_2 > \theta_3 > \frac{\pi}{2}$
  - $\cancel{14}\cancel{\frac{\pi}{2}} > \theta_1 > \theta_2 > \theta_3 \ge 0$
- 7. Two identical bodies are made of a material for which the heat capacity increases with temperature. One of these is at 100 °C, while the other one is at 0 °C. If the two bodies are brought into contact, then, assuming no heat loss, the final common temperature is
  - (1) more than 50 °C
  - (2) less than 50 °C but greater than 0 °C
  - (3) 0 °C
  - (4) 50 °C
- 8. A body cools from a temperature 3T to 2T in 10 minutes. The room temperature is T. Assume that Newton's law of cooling is applicable. The temperature of the body at the end of next 10 minutes will be
- (3) T
- One mole of an ideal monatomic undergoes a process described by the equation  $PV^3$  = constant. The heat capacity of the gas during this process is
  - (1)  $\frac{5}{2}R$

- $(4) \frac{3}{2}R \in$

10. The temperature inside a refrigerator is  $t_2$ °C and the room temperature is  $t_1$ °C. The amount of heat delivered to the room for each joule of electrical energy consumed ideally will be

(1)  $\frac{t_1 - t_2}{t_1 - t_2}$  (2)  $\frac{t_2 + 273}{t_1 - t_2}$  (3)  $\frac{t_1 + t_2}{t_1 + 273}$  (4)  $\frac{t_1}{t_1 - t_2}$ 

- 11. A given sample of an ideal gas occupies a volume V at a pressure P and absolute temperature T. The mass of each molecule of the gas is m. Which of the following gives the density of the gas?

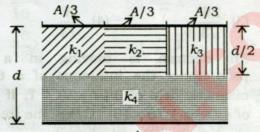
(1) Pm/(kT)

(3) mkT

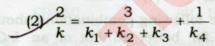
- (2) P/(kTV) (4) P/(kT)
- 12. A body of mass m is attached to the lower end of a spring whose upper end is fixed. The spring has negligible mass. When the mass m is slightly pulled down and released, it oscillates with a time period of 3 s. When the mass m is increased by 1 kg, the time period of oscillations becomes 5 s. The value of m in kg is

- 13. The second overtone of an open organ pipe has the same frequency as the first overtone of a closed pipe L metre long. The length of the open pipe will be
- (3) 4L
- 14. Three sound waves of equal amplitudes have frequencies (n-1), n, (n+1). They superimpose to give beats. The number of beats produced per second will be
  - (1) 4
- (2) 3
- (3) 2
- (4) 1
- 15. An electric dipole is placed at an angle of 30° with an electric field intensity  $2 \times 10^5$  N/C. It experiences a torque equal to 4 N m. The charge on the dipole, if the dipole length is 2 cm, is
  - (1) 2 mC
  - (2) 5 mC
  - (3) 7 µC
  - (4) 8 mC

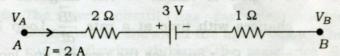
16. A parallel-plate capacitor of area A, plate separation d and capacitance C is filled with four dielectric materials having dielectric constants  $k_1$ ,  $k_2$ ,  $k_3$  and  $k_4$  as shown in the figure below. If a single dielectric material is to be used to have the same capacitance C in this capacitor, then its dielectric constant k is given by



(1)  $k = \frac{2}{3}(k_1 + k_2 + k_3) + 2k_4$ 

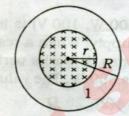


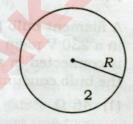
- (3)  $\frac{1}{k} = \frac{1}{k_1} + \frac{1}{k_2} + \frac{1}{k_2} + \frac{3}{2k_4}$
- (4)  $k = k_1 + k_2 + k_3 + 3k_4$
- 17. The potential difference  $(V_A V_B)$  between the points A and B in the given figure is



- (1) +3 V (2) +6 V
- (3) + 9 V
- 18. A filament bulb (500 W, 100 V) is to be used in a 230 V main supply. When a resistance R is connected in series, it works perfectly and the bulb consumes 500 W. The value of R is
  - (1) 46 Q
- 12) 26 Q
- (3)  $13 \Omega$
- (4) 230 Ω
- 19. A long wire carrying a steady current is bent into a circular loop of one turn. The magnetic field at the centre of the loop is B. It is then bent into a circular coil of n turns. The magnetic field at the centre of this coil of n turns will be
  - (1)  $n^2 B$
- (3)  $2n^2B$  (4) nB

- 20. A bar magnet is hung by a thin cotton thread in a uniform horizontal magnetic field and is in equilibrium state. The energy required to rotate it by 60° is W. Now the torque required to keep the magnet in this new position is
- $(2) \ \frac{\sqrt{3}W}{2}$
- (3)  $\frac{2W}{\sqrt{3}}$
- (4)  $\frac{W}{\sqrt{3}}$
- 21. An electron is moving in a circular path under the influence of a transverse magnetic field of  $3.57 \times 10^{-2}$  T. If the value of e/m is  $1.76 \times 10^{11}$  C/kg, the frequency of revolution of the electron is
  - (1) 100 MHz
- (2) 62.8 MHz
  - (3) 6·28 MHz
- (4) 1 GHz
- 22. Which of the following combinations should be selected for better tuning of an L-C-R circuit used for communication?
  - (1)  $R = 25 \Omega$ , L = 2.5 H,  $C = 45 \mu F$
  - (2)  $R = 15 \Omega$ , L = 3.5 H,  $C = 30 \mu F$
  - (3)  $R = 25 \Omega$ , L = 1.5 H,  $C = 45 \mu F$
  - (4)  $R = 20 \Omega$ , L = 1.5 H,  $C = 35 \mu F$
- 23. A uniform magnetic field is restricted within a region of radius r. The magnetic field changes with time at a rate  $\frac{d\vec{B}}{dt}$ . Loop 1 of radius R > r encloses the region r and loop 2 of radius R is outside the region of magnetic field as shown in the figure below. Then the e.m.f. generated is





- (1)  $-\frac{d\hat{B}}{dt}\pi r^2$  in loop 1 and
  - $-\frac{d\vec{B}}{dt}\pi r^2$  in loop 2
- (2)  $-\frac{dB}{dt}\pi R^2$  in loop 1 and zero in loop 2
- (3)  $-\frac{d\vec{B}}{dt}\pi r^2$  in loop 1 and zero in loop 2
- (4) zero in loop 1 and zero in loop 2

- 24. The potential differences across resistance, capacitance and inductance are 80 V, 40 V and 100 V respectively in an L-C-R circuit. The power factor of this circuit is
  - (1) 0.5
- (2) 0.8
- (3) 1.0
- (4) 0.4
- **25.** A 100  $\Omega$  resistance and a capacitor of 100  $\Omega$ reactance are connected in series across a 220 V source. When the capacitor is 50% charged, the peak value of the displacement current is
  - (1) 11 A
- (3) 11√2 A
- **26.** Two identical glass ( $\mu_g = 3/2$ ) equiconvex lenses of focal length f each are kept in contact. The space between the two lenses is filled with water ( $\mu_w = 4/3$ ). The focal length of the combination is
  - (1) f
- (2) 4f/3
- (3) 3f/4 (4) f/3
- 27. An air bubble in a glass slab with refractive index 1.5 (near normal incidence) is 5 cm deep when viewed from one surface and 3 cm deep when viewed from the opposite face. The thickness (in cm) of the slab is
  - (1) 10
- (2) 12
- (3) 16
- 28. The interference pattern is obtained with two coherent light sources of intensity ratio n. In the interference pattern, the ratio

$$\frac{I_{\max} - I_{\min}}{I_{\max} + I_{\min}}$$

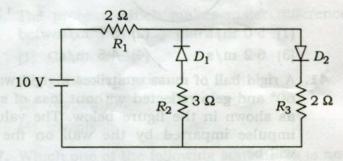
will be

$$-(1) \frac{2\sqrt{n}}{n+1}$$

- $(2) \ \frac{\sqrt{n}}{(n+1)^2}$
- (3)  $\frac{2\sqrt{n}}{(n+1)^2}$
- $(4) \quad \frac{\sqrt{n}}{n+1}$

- 29. A person can see clearly objects only when they lie between 50 cm and 400 cm from his eyes. In order to increase the maximum distance of distinct vision to infinity, the type and power of the correcting lens, the person has to use, will be
  - (1) concave, -0.25 diopter
  - (2) concave, -0.2 diopter
  - (3) convex, +0·15 diopter
  - (4) convex, +2.25 diopter
  - 30. A linear aperture whose width is 0.02 cm is placed immediately in front of a lens of focal length 60 cm. The aperture is illuminated normally by a parallel beam of wavelength  $5 \times 10^{-5}$  cm. The distance of the first dark band of the diffraction pattern from the centre of the screen is
    - (1) 0·25 cm
    - (2) 0.20 cm
    - (3) 0·15 cm
    - (4) 0·10 cm
  - 31. Electrons of mass m with de-Broglie wavelength \( \lambda \) fall on the target in an X-ray tube. The cutoff wavelength  $(\lambda_0)$  of the emitted X-ray is
    - $(1) \quad \lambda_0 = \frac{2h}{mc}$
    - (2)  $\lambda_0 = \frac{2m^2c^2\lambda^3}{L^2}$
    - (3)  $\lambda_0 = \lambda$
    - $(4) \lambda_0 = \frac{2mc\lambda^2}{h}$
- 32. Photons with energy 5 eV are incident on a cathode C in a photoelectric cell. The maximum energy of emitted photoelectrons is 2 eV. When photons of energy 6 eV are incident on C, no photoelectrons will reach the anode A, if the stopping potential of A relative to C is
  - 11) +4 V
  - (2) -1 V
  - (3) -3 V
  - (4) + 3 V

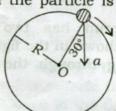
- 33. If an electron in a hydrogen atom jumps from the 3rd orbit to the 2nd orbit, it emits a photon of wavelength  $\lambda$ . When it jumps from the 4th orbit to the 3rd orbit, the corresponding wavelength of the photon will be
  - $(1) \frac{9}{16}\lambda$
  - (3)  $\frac{20}{13}\lambda$  $(4) \frac{16}{25} \lambda$
- 34. The half-life of a radioactive substance is 30 minutes. The time (in minutes) taken between 40% decay and 85% decay of the same radioactive substance is
  - (1) 30 (3) 60 (4) 15
- 35. For CE transistor amplifier, the audio signal voltage across the collector resistance of  $2 k\Omega$ is 4 V. If the current amplification factor of the transistor is 100 and the base resistance is  $1 k\Omega$ , then the input signal voltage is
  - (1) 20 mV (2) 30 mV
  - (3) 15 mV (4) 10 mV
- 36. The given circuit has two ideal diodes connected as shown in the figure below. The current flowing through the resistance  $R_1$ will be



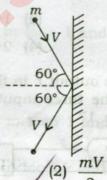
- (1) 10·0 A
- (2) 1·43 A
- (3) 3·13 A
- JA) 2.5 A
- **37.** What is the output Y in the following circuit, when all the three inputs A, B, C are first 0 and then 1?

- (3) 1, 1

- 38. Planck's constant (h), speed of light in vacuum (c) and Newton's gravitational constant (G) are three fundamental constants. Which of the following combinations of these has the dimension of length?
  - $(1) \frac{\sqrt{hG}}{c^{5/2}} \qquad (2) \sqrt{\frac{hc}{G}}$
- - (3)  $\sqrt{\frac{Gc}{h^{3/2}}}$  (4)  $\sqrt{\frac{hG}{c^{3/2}}}$
  - 39. Two cars P and Q start from a point at the same time in a straight line and their positions are represented by  $x_P(t) = at + bt^2$ and  $x_Q(t) = ft - t^2$ . At what time do the cars have the same velocity?
    - (3)  $\frac{f-a}{2(1+b)}$  (4)  $\frac{a-f}{1+b}$
- **40.** In the given figure,  $a = 15 \text{ m/s}^2$  represents the total acceleration of a particle moving in the clockwise direction in a circle of radius R = 2.5 m at a given instant of time. The speed of the particle is



- (1) 5·0 m/s
- (2) 5.7 m/s
- (3) 6·2 m/s
- (4) 4.5 m/s
- 41. A rigid ball of mass m strikes a rigid wall at 60° and gets reflected without loss of speed as shown in the figure below. The value of impulse imparted by the wall on the ball will be



- (1) 2mV
- (4) mV

- 42. A bullet of mass 10 g moving horizontally with a velocity of 400 m s<sup>-1</sup> strikes a wooden block of mass 2 kg which is suspended by a light inextensible string of length 5 m. As a result, the centre of gravity of the block is found to rise a vertical distance of 10 cm. The speed of the bullet after it emerges out horizontally from the block will be
  - (1)  $80 \text{ m s}^{-1}$
  - (2) 120 m s<sup>-1</sup>
  - (3)  $160 \text{ m s}^{-1}$
  - (4) 100 m s<sup>-1</sup>
- 43. Two identical balls A and B having velocities of 0.5 m/s and -0.3 m/s respectively collide elastically in one dimension. The velocities of Band A after the collision respectively will be
  - 47 0.5 m/s and -0.3 m/s
    - (2) -0.3 m/s and 0.5 m/s
    - (3) 0.3 m/s and 0.5 m/s
    - (4) -0.5 m/s and 0.3 m/s
- **44.** A particle moves from a point  $(-2\hat{i} + 5\hat{j})$  to  $(4\hat{j}+3\hat{k})$  when a force of  $(4\hat{i}+3\hat{j})$  N is applied. How much work has been done by the force?
  - (1) 11 J

- (3) 2 J
- (4) 8 J
- **45.** Two rotating bodies A and B of masses m and 2m with moments of inertia  $I_A$  and  $I_B(I_B > I_A)$  have equal kinetic energy of rotation. If  $L_A$  and  $L_B$  be their angular momenta respectively, then
  - (1)  $L_A = 2L_B$
  - (2)  $L_B > L_A$
  - (3)  $L_A > L_B$
  - $(4) L_A = \frac{L_B}{2}$

**46.** A non-proteinaceous enzyme is (1) ribozyme (2) ligase (3) deoxyribonuclease (4) lysozyme 47. Select the mismatch. (1) Large central vacuoles—Animal cells (2) Protists—Eukaryotes (3) Methanogens—Prokaryotes (4) Gas vacuoles-Green bacteria 48. Select the wrong statement. (1) Pili and fimbriae are mainly involved in motility of bacterial cells. (2) Cyanobacteria lack flagellated cells. (3) Mycoplasma is wall-less microorganism. (4) Bacterial cell wall is made up of peptidoglycan. 49. A cell organelle containing hydrolytic enzymes is (1) microsome

(2) ribosome

(3) mesosome

(4) lysosome

(1) G<sub>1</sub> phase

(2) Go phase

(3) M phase

(4) S phase

(2) Pyruvic acid

(3) Acetyl CoA

place in

constitution

50. During cell growth, DNA synthesis takes

51. Which of the following biomolecules is

of fats, carbohydrates and proteins?

(4) Glucose-6-phosphate

(1) Fructose 1,6-bisphosphate

common to respiration-mediated breakdown

- **52.** A few drops of sap were collected by cutting across a plant stem by a suitable method. The sap was tested chemically. Which one of the following test results indicates that it is phloem sap? (1) Alkaline (2) Low refractive index (3) Absence of sugar (4) Acidic 53. You are given a tissue with its potential for differentiation in an artificial culture. Which
- of the following pairs of hormones would you add to the medium to secure shoots as well as roots? (1) Auxin and cytokinin (2) Auxin and abscisic acid Auxin and apopenin (3) Gibberellin and abscisic acid (4) IAA and gibberellin

54. Phytochrome is a (1) glycoprotein

- (2) lipoprotein
- (3) chromoprotein
- (4) flavoprotein
- 55. Which is essential for the growth of root tip?
  - (1) Fe
- (2) Ca
- (3) Mn
- (4) Zn
- 56. The process which makes major difference between C3 and C4 plants is
  - (1) Calvin cycle
  - (2) photorespiration
  - (3) respiration
  - (4) glycolysis
- 57. Which one of the following statements is not correct?
  - (1) Microscopic, motile asexual reproductive structures are called zoospores.
  - (2) In potato, banana and ginger, the plantlets arise from the internodes present in the modified stem.
  - (3) Water hyacinth, growing in the standing water, drains oxygen from water that leads to the death of fishes.
  - (4) Offspring produced by the reproduction are called clone.

- 58. Which one of the following generates new genetic combinations leading to variation? (1) Parthenogenesis (2) Sexual reproduction (3) Nucellar polyembryony (4) Vegetative reproduction 59. Match Column-I with Column-II and select the correct option using the codes given below: Column-I Column-II a. Pistils fused (i) Gametogenesis together b. Formation of (ii) Pistillate gametes c. Hyphae of higher Syncarpous Ascomycetes d. Unisexual female Dikaryotic flower Codes : b a C d (1) (ii) (i) (iv) (iii) 12) (i) (ii) (iv) (iii) (iii) (3)(i) (iv) (ii) (iv) (iii) (i) (ii) 60. In majority of angiosperms (1) there are numerous antipodal cells (2) reduction division occurs in the megaspore mother cells (3) a small central cell is present in the embryo sac (4) egg has a filiform apparatus 61. Pollination in water hyacinth and water lily is brought about by the agency of (1) insects or wind (2) birds (3) bats (4) water 62. The ovule of an angiosperm is technically equivalent to (1) megasporophyll (2) megaspore mother cell
- **63.** Taylor conducted the experiments to prove semiconservative mode of chromosome replication on
  - (1) Vicia faba
  - (2) Drosophila melanogaster
  - (3) E. coli
  - (4) Vinca rosea
- **64.** The mechanism that causes a gene to move from one linkage group to another is called
  - (1) duplication
  - (2) translocation
  - (3) crossing-over
  - (4) inversion
- 65. The equivalent of a structural gene is
  - (1) cistron
  - (2) operon
  - (3) recon
  - (4) muton
- 66. A true breeding plant is
  - produced due to cross-pollination among unrelated plants
  - (2) near homozygous and produces offspring of its own kind
    - (3) always homozygous recessive in its genetic constitution
    - (4) one that is able to breed on its own
- 67. Which of the following rRNAs acts as structural RNA as well as ribozyme in bacteria?
  - (1) 18 S rRNA
  - (2) 23 S rRNA
  - (3) 5.8 S rRNA
  - (4) 5 S rRNA
- **68.** Stirred-tank bioreactors have been designed for
  - (1) addition of preservatives to the product
  - (2) availability of oxygen throughout the process
  - (3) ensuring anaerobic conditions in the culture vessel
  - (4) purification of product

(3) megaspore

(4) megasporangium

| 69. A foreign DNA and plasmid cut by the same restriction endonuclease can be joined to form a recombinant plasmid using | 74. The primary producers of the deep-sea hydrothermal vent ecosystem are  (1) chemosynthetic bacteria |
|--|--|
| (1) Taq polymerase   | blue-green algae   |
| (2) polymerase III   | (3) coral reefs  |
| (3) ligase  (4) Eco RI   | (4) green algae  |
| 70. Which of the following is <b>not</b> a component of  | 75. Which of the following is correct for r-selected species?  |
| downstream processing?   | (1) Large number of progeny with large size  |
| (1) Purification   | (2) Small number of progeny with small size  |
| (2) Preservation   | (3) Small number of progeny with large size  |
| (3) Expression   | (4) Large number of progeny with small size  |
| (4) Separation   | (2) Listome served with the  |
|  |  |

71. Which of the following restriction enzymes

72. Which kind of therapy was given in 1990 to a four-year-old girl with adenosine deaminase

73. How many hot spots of biodiversity in the

world have been identified till date by

produces blunt ends?

(3) Hind III

(4) Sal I

(ADA) deficiency?

(1) Chemotherapy

(4) Gene therapy

(2) Immunotherapy

(3) Radiation therapy

Norman Myers?

(1) Eco RV

42) Xho I

- he primary producers of the deep-sea vdrothermal vent ecosystem are 1) chemosynthetic bacteria 2) blue-green algae 3) coral reefs 4) green algae
  - Which of the following is correct for -selected species? 1) Large number of progeny with large size
    - Small number of progeny with large size
    - 4) Large number of progeny with small size
  - 76. If '+' sign is assigned to beneficial interaction, '-' sign to detrimental and '0' sign to neutral interaction, then the population interaction represented by '+' '-' refers to
    - (1) amensalism
    - (2) commensalism
    - (3) parasitism
    - (4) mutualism
  - 77. Which of the following is correctly matched?
    - (1) Age pyramid—Biome
    - (2) Parthenium hysterophorus—Threat to biodiversity
    - (3) Stratification—Population
    - (4) Aerenchyma—Opuntia
  - 78. Red List contains data or information on
    - products (1) plants whose are international trade
    - (2) threatened species
    - (3) marine vertebrates only
    - (4) all economically important plants

(1) 25

(2) 34

(3) 43

- 79. Which one of the following is wrong for fungi?
  - All fungi possess a purely cellulosic cell wall.
  - (2) They are heterotrophic.
  - (3) They are both unicellular and multicellular.
  - (4) They are eukaryotic.
- 80. Methanogens belong to
  - (1) Archaebacteria
  - (2) Dinoflagellates
  - (3) Slime moulds
  - (4) Eubacteria
- 81. Select the wrong statement.
  - (1) 'Diatomaceous earth' is formed by the cell walls of diatoms.

Small number of

- (2) Diatoms are chief producers in the oceans.
- Diatoms are microscopic and float passively in water.
- (4) The walls of diatoms are easily destructible.
- 82. The label of a herbarium sheet does not carry information on
  - name of collector
  - (2) local names.
  - (3) height of the plant
  - (4) date of collection
- 83. Conifers are adapted to tolerate extreme environmental conditions because of
  - (1) superficial stomata
  - (2) thick cuticle
  - (3) presence of vessels
  - (4) broad hardy leaves
- 84. Which one of the following statements is wrong?
  - (1) Algin is obtained from red algae, and carrageenan from brown algae.
  - (2) Agar-agar is obtained from *Gelidium* and *Gracilaria*.
  - (b) Laminaria and Sargassum are used as food.
  - (4) Algae increase the level of dissolved oxygen in the immediate environment.

- 85. The term 'polyadelphous' is related to
  - (1) androecium
  - (2) corolla
  - (3) calyx
  - (4) gynoecium
- 86. How many plants among Indigofera, Sesbania, Salvia, Allium, Aloe, mustard, groundnut, radish, gram and turnip have stamens with different lengths in their flowers?
  - (1) Four
  - -(2) Five
  - (3) Six
  - (4) Three
- 87. Radial symmetry is found in the flowers of
  - (1) Trifolium
  - (2) Pisum
  - (3) Cassia
  - (4) Brassica
- 88. Free-central placentation is found in
  - (1) Argemone
  - (2) Brassica
  - (3) Citrus
  - (4) Dianthus
- 89. Cortex is the region found between
  - (1) pericycle and endodermis
    - (2) endodermis and pith
  - (3) endodermis and vascular bundle
  - (4) epidermis and stele
- 90. The balloon-shaped structures called tyloses
  - (1)/characterize the sapwood
  - (2) are extensions of xylem parenchyma cells into vessels
  - (3) are linked to the ascent of sap through xylem vessels
  - (4) originate in the lumen of vessels

91. Match the stages of meiosis in Column—I to their characteristic features in Column-II and select the correct option using the codes given below:

### Column-I

### Column-II

- Pachytene Pairing of homologous chromosomes
- Metaphase I (ii) Terminalization of chiasmata
- Diakinesis (iii) Crossing-over takes place
- d. Zygotene (iv) Chromosomes align at equatorial plate

### Codes :

- b d C a
- (1) (i) (iv) (ii) (iii)
- (2) (iv) (i) (ii) (iii) (i) (3) (iv) (iii)
  - (ii)
  - (4) (iii) (iv) (i) (ii)
- the 92. Which hormones do stimulate production of pancreatic juice and bicarbonate?
  - (1) Gastrin and insulin
  - (2) Cholecystokinin and secretin
  - (3) Insulin and glucagon
  - (4) Angiotensin and epinephrine
- 93. The partial pressure of oxygen in the alveoli of the lungs is
  - (1) more than that in the blood
  - 121 less than that in the blood
  - (3) less than that of carbon dioxide
  - (4) equal to that in the blood
- 94. Choose the correct statement.
  - (1) Meissner's corpuscles thermoreceptors.
  - (2) Photoreceptors in the human eye are depolarized during darkness and become hyperpolarized in response to the light stimulus.
  - (3) Receptors do not produce graded potentials.
  - (4) Nociceptors respond to changes in pressure.
- 95. Graves' disease is caused due to
  - by hypersecretion of thyroid gland
  - (2) hyposecretion of adrenal gland
  - (3) hypersecretion of adrenal gland
  - (4) hyposecretion of thyroid gland

- 96. Name the ion responsible for unmasking of active sites for myosin for cross-bridge activity during muscle contraction.
  - (1) Magnesium (2) Sodium
  - (4) Calcium (3) Potassium
- 97. Name the blood cells, whose reduction in number can cause clotting disorder, leading to excessive loss of blood from the body.
  - (1) Leucocytes
  - (2) Neutrophils
  - (3) Thrombocytes
  - (4) Erythrocytes
- 98. Name a peptide hormone which acts mainly on hepatocytes, adipocytes and enhances cellular glucose uptake and utilization.
  - (I) Glucagon
- (2) Secretin
- (3) Gastrin
- (4) Insulin
- 99. Osteoporosis, an age-related disease of skeletal system, may occur due to
  - (1) high concentration of Ca<sup>++</sup> and Na<sup>+</sup>
  - (2) decreased level of estrogen
  - (3) accumulation of uric acid leading to inflammation of joints
  - disorder affecting neuro-(4) immune muscular junction leading to fatigue
- 100. Serum differs from blood in
  - (1) lacking albumins
  - (2) lacking clotting factors
  - (3) lacking antibodies
  - (4) lacking globulins
- 101. Lungs do not collapse between breaths and some air always remains in the lungs which can never be expelled because
  - (1) there is a negative intrapleural pressure pulling at the lung walls
  - (2) there is a positive intrapleural pressure
  - (3) pressure in the lungs is higher than the atmospheric pressure
  - (4) there is a negative pressure in the lungs
- 102. The posterior pituitary gland is not a 'true' endocrine gland because
  - (1) it only stores and releases hormones
  - (2) it is under the regulation of hypothalamus
  - (3) it secretes enzymes
  - (4) it is provided with a duct

| ductules → Vas deferens  (2) Rete testis → Vas deferens → Efferent ductules → Epididymis  (3) Efferent ductules → Rete testis → Vas deferens → Epididymis  (4) Rete testis → Efferent ductules → Epididymis → Vas deferens  108. Match Column—I with Column—II and | <ul> <li>110. If a colour-blind man marries a woman whis homozygous for normal colour vision, the probability of their son being colour-blind is (1) 0.5 (2) 0.75</li> <li>(3) 1 (4) 0</li> <li>111. Genetic drift operates in (1) large isolated population (2) non-reproductive population (3) slow reproductive population (4) small isolated population (4) small isolated population</li> <li>112. In Hardy-Weinberg equation, the frequency of heterozygous individual is represented by (1) 2pq (2) pq (3) q² (2) pq</li> <li>(3) q² (2) pq</li> <li>(1) Ramapithecus → Australopithecus Homo habilis → Homo erectus</li> <li>(2) Ramapithecus → Homo habilis Australopithecus → Homo erectus</li> <li>(3) Australopithecus → Homo habilis → Homo habilis → Homo habilis → Homo habilis</li> </ul> |  |  |
|--|---|--|--|
|  | <ul> <li>(3) Australopithecus → Homo habilis - Ramapithecus → Homo erectus</li> <li>(4) Australopithecus → Ramapithecus - Homo habilis → Homo erectus</li> </ul>  |  |  |
| Column—I  a. Mons pubis b. Antrum c. Trophectoderm c. Trophectoderm d. Nebenkern  a b c d (1) (iii) (iv) (i) (ii) (2) (iii) (i) (iv) (iii) (3) (i) (iv) (iii) (ii) (4) (iii) (iv) (ii) (ii) (5) (iii) (iv) (iii) (iii) (6) (iii) (iv) (iii) (iii) (7) (10          | 114. Which of the following is the correct sequence of events in the origin of life?  If Formation of protobionts  II. Synthesis of organic monomers  III. Synthesis of organic polymers  IV. Formation of DNA-based genetic systems  (1) I, III, II, IV  (2) II, III, I, IV  (3) II, III, IV, I  (4) I, II, III, IV  |  |  |
| JMD <b>/E4</b> 12  | HMD/EA  |  |  |

- 115. A molecule that can act as a genetic material must fulfill the traits given below, except
  - (1) it should be able to generate its replica
  - (2) it should be unstable structurally and chemically
  - (3) it should provide the scope for slow changes that are required for evolution
  - (4) it should be able to express itself in the form of 'Mendelian characters'
- 116. DNA-dependent RNA polymerase catalyzes transcription on one strand of the DNA which is called the
  - (1) coding strand
  - (2) alpha strand
  - (3) antistrand
  - (4) template strand
- 117. Interspecific hybridization is the mating of
  - (1) two different related species
  - (2) superior males and females of different breeds
  - (3) more closely related individuals within same breed for 4-6 generations
  - (4) animals within same breed without having common ancestors
- 118. Which of the following is correct regarding AIDS causative agent HIV?
  - (1) HIV is enveloped virus that contains two identical molecules of single-stranded RNA and two molecules of reverse transcriptase.
  - (2) HIV is unenveloped retrovirus.
  - (3) HIV does not escape but attacks the acquired immune response.
  - (4) HIV is enveloped virus containing one molecule of single-stranded RNA and one molecule of reverse transcriptase.
- 119. Among the following edible fishes, which one is a marine fish having rich source of omega-3 fatty acids?
  - (1) Mangur
  - (2) Mrigala
  - (3) Mackerel
  - (4) Mystus

120. Match Column—I with Column—II and select the correct option using the codes given below:

# a. Citric acid (i) Trichoderma b. Cyclosporin A (ii) Clostridium

- b. Cyclosporin A (ii) Clostridium c. Statins (iii) Aspergillus
- d. Butyric acid (iv) Monascus

### Codes :

- a b c d (1) (iii) (i) (iv) (ii) (2) (i) (iv) (ii) (iii)
- (3) (iii) (iv) (i) (ii)
- (iii) (i) (ii) (iv)
- 121. Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD) may not be a good index for pollution for water bodies receiving effluents from
  - (1) dairy industry
  - (2) petroleum industry
    - (3) sugar industry
    - (4) domestic sewage
- 122. The principle of competitive exclusion was stated by
  - (1) G. F. Gause
  - (2) MacArthur
  - (3) Yerhulst and Pearl
  - (4) C. Darwin
- 123. Which of the following National Parks is home to the famous musk deer or hangul?
  - (1) Bandhavgarh National Park, Madhya Pradesh
  - (2) Eaglenest Wildlife Sanctuary, Arunachal Pradesh
  - (3) Dachigam National Park, Jammu & Kashmir
  - (4) Keibul Lamjao National Park, Manipur
- 124. A lake which is rich in organic waste may result in
  - (1) drying of the lake due to algal bloom
  - (2) increased population of fish due to lots of nutrients
  - (3) mortality of fish due to lack of oxygen
  - (4) increased population of aquatic organisms due to minerals
- 125. The highest DDT concentration in aquatic food chain shall occur in
  - H seagull
    - (2) crab
    - (3) eel
  - (4) phytoplankton

- 126. Which of the following sets of diseases is 132. Oxidative phosphorylation is caused by bacteria?
  - (1) Typhoid and smallpox
  - (2) Tetanus and mumps
  - (3) Herpes and influenza
  - (4) Cholera and tetanus
- 127. Match Column-I with Column-II for housefly classification and select the correct option using the codes given below:

#### Column-II Column-I Diptera a. Family (i) b. Order (ii) Arthropoda (iii) Muscidae c. Class (iv) Insecta d. Phylum

## Codes:

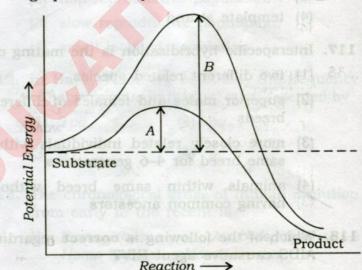
|      | a     | b     | c    | d     |
|------|-------|-------|------|-------|
| (1)  | (iii) | (ii)  | (iv) | (i)   |
| (2)  | (iv)  | (iii) | (ii) | (i)   |
| (31) | (iv)  | (ii)  | (i)  | (iii) |
| (4)  | (iii) | (i)   | (iv) | (ii)  |

- 128. Choose the correct statement.
  - (1) All cyclostomes do not possess jaws and paired fins.
  - (2) All reptiles have a three-chambered
  - (3) All Pisces have gills covered by an operculum.
  - (4) All mammals are viviparous.
- 129. Study the four statements (A-D) given below and select the two correct ones out of them:
  - A. Definition of biological species was given by Ernst Mayr.
  - B. Photoperiod does not affect reproduction in plants.
  - e. Binomial nomenclature system given by R. H. Whittaker.
  - D. In unicellular organisms, reproduction is synonymous with growth.

The two correct statements are

- TI) C and D (2) A and D
- (4) B and C (3) A and B
- 130. In male cockroaches, sperms are stored in which part of the reproductive system?
  - (1) Mushroom glands
  - (2) Testes
  - (3) Vas deferens
  - (4) Seminal vesicles
- 131. Smooth muscles are
  - (1) voluntary, multinucleate, cylindrical
  - (2) involuntary, cylindrical, striated
  - (3) voluntary, spindle-shaped, uninucleate
  - (4) involuntary, fusiform, non-striated

- - (1) oxidation of phosphate group in ATP
  - (2) addition of phosphate group to ATP
  - (3) formation of ATP by energy released from electrons removed during substrate oxidation
  - (A) formation of ATP by transfer of phosphate group from a substrate to ADP
- 133. Which of the following is the least likely to be involved in stabilizing the three-dimensional folding of most proteins?
  - (1) Electrostatic interaction
  - (2) Hydrophobic interaction
  - (3) Ester bonds
  - (4) Hydrogen bonds
- 134. Which of the following describes the given graph correctly?



- (1) Exothermic reaction with energy A in presence of enzyme and B in absence of enzyme
- (2) Endothermic reaction with energy A in absence of enzyme and B in presence of enzyme
- (3) Exothermic reaction with energy A in absence of enzyme and B in presence of enzyme
- (4) Endothermic reaction with energy A in presence of enzyme and B in absence of enzyme
- 135. When cell has stalled DNA replication fork, which checkpoint should be predominantly activated?
  - (H) G2/M
  - (2) M
  - (3) Both G<sub>2</sub>/M and M
  - (4) G<sub>1</sub>/S

- ideal solution?
  - (1)  $\Delta U_{\text{mix}} = 0$
  - (2)  $\Delta P = P_{\text{obs}} P_{\text{calculated by Raoult's law}} = 0$
  - (3)  $\Delta G_{\text{mix}} = 0$
  - $4 \Delta H_{\text{mix}} = 0$
- 137. The solubility of AgCl (s) with solubility product  $1.6 \times 10^{-10}$  in 0.1 M NaCl solution would be
  - (1)  $1.6 \times 10^{-9} M$
  - $(2) 1.6 \times 10^{-11} M$
  - (3) zero
  - (4)  $1.26 \times 10^{-5}$  M
- 138. Suppose the elements X and Y combine to form two compounds XY2 and X3Y2. When 0.1 mole of XY<sub>2</sub> weighs 10 g and 0.05 mole of X<sub>3</sub>Y<sub>2</sub> weighs 9 g, the atomic weights of X and Y are
  - (1) 60, 40
- (2) 20, 30
- (3) 30, 20
- (4) 40, 30
- 139. The number of electrons delivered at the cathode during electrolysis by a current of 1 ampere in 60 seconds is (charge on electron =  $1.60 \times 10^{-19}$  C)
  - (1)  $6 \times 10^{20}$
- (2) 3.75 × 10<sup>20</sup>
- (3) 7.48×10<sup>23</sup> (4) 6×10<sup>23</sup> ×18°
- 140. Boric acid is an acid because its molecule
  - (1) gives up a proton
  - 12 accepts OH from water releasing proton
  - (3) combines with proton from water molecule
  - (4) contains replaceable H+ ion
- 141. AIF3 is soluble in HF only in presence of KF. It is due to the formation of
  - (1) K<sub>3</sub>[AlF<sub>6</sub>]
- (2) AlH<sub>3</sub>

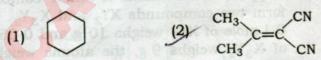
  - (3)  $K[AIF_3H]$  (4)  $K_3[AIF_3H_3]$

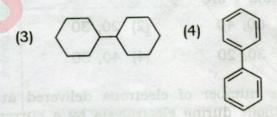
- 136. Which one of the following is incorrect for 142. Zinc can be coated on iron to produce galvanized iron but the reverse is not possible. It is because
  - (1) zinc has lower melting point than iron
  - lower negative (2) zinc has potential than iron
  - (3) zinc has higher negative electrode potential than iron
  - (4) zinc is lighter than iron
  - 143. The suspension of slaked lime in water is known as
    - (1) quicklime
    - (2) milk of lime
    - (3) aqueous solution of slaked lime
    - (4) limewater
  - The hybridizations of atomic orbitals of 144. nitrogen in NO2, NO3 and NH4 respectively
    - (1)  $sp^2$ ,  $sp^3$  and sp
    - (2) sp, sp<sup>2</sup> and sp<sup>3</sup>
      - (3)  $sp^2$ , sp and  $sp^3$
      - (4) sp,  $sp^3$  and  $sp^2$
  - 145. Which of the following fluoro-compounds is most likely to behave as a Lewis base?

    - (1) PF<sub>3</sub> (2). CF<sub>4</sub>
    - (3) SiF<sub>4</sub>
- (4) BF<sub>3</sub> CFA 146. Which of the following pairs of ions is isoelectronic and isostructural?
  - (1)  $\text{ClO}_3^-$ ,  $\text{CO}_3^{2-}$  (2)  $\text{SO}_3^{2-}$ ,  $\text{NO}_3^-$
  - (3)  $ClO_3^-$ ,  $SO_3^{2-}$  (4)  $CO_3^{2-}$ ,  $NO_3^-$
- 147. In context with beryllium, which one of the following statements is incorrect?
  - (1) It forms Be 2C.
  - (2) Its salts rarely hydrolyze.
  - 13) Its hydride is electron-deficient and polymeric.
  - (4) It is rendered passive by nitric acid.

- 148. Hot concentrated sulphuric acid is a moderately strong oxidizing agent. Which of the following reactions does not show oxidizing behaviour?
  - (1)  $3S + 2H_2SO_4 \rightarrow 3SO_2 + 2H_2O_3$
  - (2)  $C + 2H_2SO_4 \rightarrow CO_2 + 2SO_2 + 2H_2O_3$
  - (3)  $CaF_2 + H_2SO_4 \rightarrow CaSO_4 + 2HF$
  - (4)  $Cu + 2H_2SO_4 \rightarrow CuSO_4 + SO_2 + 2H_2O$
- 149. Which of the following pairs of d-orbitals will have electron density along the axes?
  - (1)  $d_{xz}$ ,  $d_{yz}$
  - (2)  $d_{z^2}$ ,  $d_{x^2-y^2}$
  - (3) dxy, dx2-y2
  - (4) d,2, dxz
- 150. The correct geometry and hybridization for XeF<sub>4</sub> are
  - (1) trigonal bipyramidal, sp3d
  - (2) planar triangle, sp<sup>3</sup>d<sup>3</sup>
  - (3) square planar,  $sp^3d^2$
  - (4) octahedral,  $sp^3d^2$
- 151. Among the following, which one is a wrong statement?
  - (1) pπ-dπ bonds are present in SO<sub>2</sub>.
  - (2) SeF<sub>4</sub> and CH<sub>4</sub> have same shape.
  - (3) I<sub>3</sub> has bent geometry.
  - (4) PH<sub>5</sub> and BiCl<sub>5</sub> do not exist.
- 152. The correct increasing order of trans-effect of the following species is
  - (1)  $CN^- > C_6H_5^- > Br^- > NH_3$
  - (2) Br > CN > NH3 > C6H5
  - (3)  $CN^- > Br^- > C_6H_5^- > NH_3$
  - (4) NH<sub>3</sub> > CN > Br > C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>
- 153. Which one of the following statements related to lanthanons is incorrect?
  - (1) The basicity decreases as the ionic radius decreases from Pr to Lu.
  - (2) All the lanthanons are much more reactive than aluminium.
  - (3) Ce (+4) solutions are widely used as oxidizing agent in volumetric analysis.
  - (4) Europium shows +2 oxidation state.

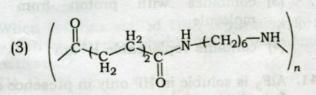
- 154. Jahn-Teller effect is not observed in high spin complexes of
  - (1)  $d^8$  (2)
  - (3) d9 147 d7
- 155. Which of the following can be used as the halide component for Friedel-Crafts reaction?
  - (1) Bromobenzene
  - (2) Chloroethene
  - (3) Isopropyl chloride
  - (4) Chlorobenzene
- 156. In which of the following molecules, all atoms are coplanar?

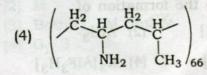




157. Which one of the following structures represents nylon 6,6 polymer?

(1) 
$$\begin{pmatrix} H_2 & H_2 & H_2 \\ C & C & C \\ NH_2 & NH_2 \end{pmatrix}_{66}$$



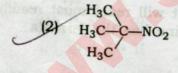


158. In pyrrole

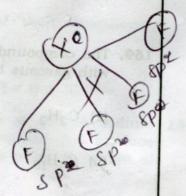
the electron density is maximum on

- (1) 3 and 4
- (2) 2 and 4
- (3) 2 and 5
  - (4) 2 and 3
- 159. Which of the following compounds shall **not** produce propene by reaction with HBr followed by elimination or direct only elimination reaction?

- (2)  $H_2C = C = C$
- 13) H<sub>3</sub>C-C-CH<sub>2</sub>Br
- (4) H<sub>2</sub>C CH<sub>2</sub>
- 160. Which one of the following nitro-compounds does not react with nitrous acid?



- (3) H<sub>3</sub>C CH NO
- (4) H<sub>3</sub>C C NO<sub>2</sub>



- 161. The central dogma of molecular genetics states that the genetic information flows from
  - (1) DNA → Carbohydrates → Proteins
  - (2) DNA → RNA → Proteins
  - (3) DNA → RNA → Carbohydrates
  - (4) Amino acids → Proteins → DNA
- 162. The correct corresponding order of names of four aldoses with configuration given below

respectively, is

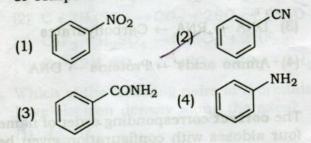
- (1) D-threose, D-erythrose, L-threose, L-erythrose
- (2) L-erythrose, L-threose, D-erythrose, D-threose
- D-erythrose, D-threose, L-erythrose, L-threose
- (4) L-erythrose, L-threose, L-erythrose, D-threose
- 163. In the given reaction

$$\bigcirc + \bigcirc \xrightarrow{\text{HF}} P$$

the product P is

- (1) F
- (2)
- (3)
- 44 O F

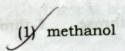
164. A given nitrogen-containing aromatic compound A reacts with Sn/HCl, followed by HNO<sub>2</sub> to give an unstable compound B. B, on treatment with phenol, forms a beautiful coloured compound C with the molecular formula C<sub>12</sub>H<sub>10</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O. The structure of compound A is



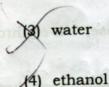
165. Consider the reaction

 $\mathrm{CH_3CH_2CH_2Br} + \mathrm{NaCN} \rightarrow \mathrm{CH_3CH_2CH_2CN} + \mathrm{NaBr}$ 

This reaction will be the fastest in



(2) N, N'-dimethylformamide (DMF)



166. The correct structure of the product A formed in the reaction

$$\frac{\text{H}_2 \text{ (gas, 1 atmosphere)}}{\text{Pd/carbon, ethanol}} A$$

is

given nitrogen-containing aromatic aromatic exhibit tautomerism?

- (1) Both I and III
- (2) Both I and II
- (3) Both II and III
  - (4) III only
- 168. The correct order of strengths of the carboxylic acids

is

- (2) III > II > I
- (3) II > I > III
- (4) I > II > III
- 169. The compound that will react most readily with gaseous bromine has the formula
  - (1) C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>2</sub>

- (3)  $C_2H_4$
- (4) C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>6</sub>

- 170. Which one of the following compounds | 175. How many electrons can fit in the orbital for shows the presence of intramolecular hydrogen bond?
  - (1) HCN
  - (2) Cellulose
  - (3) Concentrated acetic acid
  - (4) H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>
- 171. The molar conductivity of a 0.5 mol/dm<sup>3</sup> AgNO<sub>3</sub> with solution of electrolytic of  $5.76 \times 10^{-3} \, \mathrm{S \, cm^{-1}}$ conductivity 298 K is
  - (1) 11.52 S cm<sup>2</sup> /mol
  - (2) 0.086 S cm<sup>2</sup>/mol
  - (3) 28.8 S cm2/mol
    - (4) 2.88 S cm2/mol
- 172. The decomposition of phosphine (PH3) on tungsten at low pressure is a first-order reaction. It is because the
  - (1) rate is inversely proportional to the surface coverage
  - (2) rate is independent of the surface coverage
  - (3) rate of decomposition is very slow
  - (4) rate is proportional to the surface coverage
- 173. The coagulation values in millimoles per litre of the electrolytes used for the coagulation of As<sub>2</sub>S<sub>3</sub> are given below:
  - I. (NaCl) = 52,
- II.  $(BaCl_2) = 0.69$ ,
- III.  $(MgSO_4) = 0.22$

The correct order of their coagulating power is

- (1) II > I > III (2) III > II > I (3) III > I > II (4) I > II > III
- 174. During the electrolysis of molten sodium 180. If the  $E_{\text{cell}}^{\circ}$  for a given reaction has a negative chloride, the time required to produce 0.10 mol of chlorine gas using a current of 3 amperes is
  - (1) 110 minutes
  - (2) 220 minutes
  - (3) 330 minutes
  - (4) 55 minutes

- which n = 3 and l = 1?
  - (1) 6
- (3) 14
- 176. For a sample of perfect gas when its pressure is changed isothermally from pi to pf, the entropy change is given by
  - (1)  $\Delta S = nR \ln \left( \frac{p_i}{p_f} \right)$
  - (2)  $\Delta S = nRT \ln \left( \frac{p_f}{p_i} \right)$
  - (3)  $\Delta S = RT \ln \left( \frac{p_i}{p_f} \right)$
  - (4)  $\Delta S = nR \ln \left( \frac{p_f}{p_i} \right)$
- 177. The van't Hoff factor (i) for a dilute aqueous solution of the strong electrolyte barium hydroxide is
  - (1) 1
- (3) 3
- (2) 2 (4) 0
- 178. The percentage of pyridine (C5H5N) that forms pyridinium ion (C5H5N+H) in a 0.10 M aqueous solution (Kb pyridine  $C_5H_5N = 1.7 \times 10^{-9}$ ) is
  - (1) 0.013%
  - (2) 0.77%
  - 13) 1.6%
    - (4) 0.0060%
- 179. In calcium fluoride, having the fluorite structure, the coordination numbers for calcium ion (Ca2+) and fluoride ion (F) are
  - (1) 6 and 6
  - 121 8 and 4
  - (3) 4 and 8
  - (4) 4 and 2
- value, which of the following gives the **correct** relationships for the values of  $\Delta G^{\circ}$ and  $K_{eq}$ ?
  - (1)  $\Delta G^{\circ} > 0$ ;  $K_{\text{eq}} > 1$
  - (2)  $\Delta G^{\circ} < 0$ ;  $K_{eq} > 1$
  - (3)  $\Delta G^{\circ} < 0$ ;  $K_{eq} < 1$
  - $(4) \Delta G^{\circ} > 0; K_{eq} < 1$