S.S.C PUBLIC EXAMINATIONS

MODEL PAPER - 3

SOCIAL STUDIES

PAPER - I

Time: 2 ½ Hours Parts: A and B Max. Marks: 50

Instructions: 1. Answer **all** the questions under **PART** – **A** on a separate answer book.

- 2. Write the answers to the questions under PART B on the question paper itself and attach it to the answer book of PART A.
- 3. Attach the given outline map of **INDIA** with the answer book of Part –A.

Time: 2 Hours PART – A Max. Marks: 35

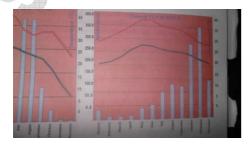
 $SECTION - I (5 \times 2 = 10)$

Note: 1. Answer ANY FIVE questions, choosing at least TWO from each of the following Groups A and B.

2. Each question carries TWO marks.

GROUP - A

- 1. If the Himalayas would have not been in its present position how would be the climatic conditions of the India sub-continent?
- 2. "Rivers of India play an important role in the lives of people" How?
- 3. Observe the Chennai climograph and answer the following questions.



- a) During which months, in Chennai, maximum temperatures are recorded?
- b) Identify the wet months for Chennai.
- **4.** "Due to the difference in sex ratio, what would be the impact on society?" Explain.

GROUP - B

- 5. What do you understand by Underemployment? Explain with an example each from the urban and rural areas.
- 6. Read the following paragraph and answer the question.
- "The sugarcane cutters camp for the season in clearings earmarked by factories. These are in the vicinity of the fields. Each family is provided with a bamboo mat and poles, which are converted into a small conical hut or kopi".
- Q. How could the living conditions of these workers be improved?
- 7. Why does government try to attract more foreign investment?
- 8. "Water, a natural resource for production, particularly agricultural production, now requires greater capital for its use". Can you explain the statement?

$$SECTION - II (4 \times 1 = 4)$$

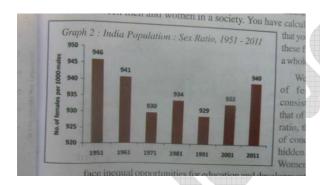
- **Note:** 1. Answer **ANY FOUR** of the following questions in one or two sentences each.
 - 2. Each question carries **ONE** mark.
- 9. What are 'Climographs'?
- 10. What is Doab?
- 11. What is aerotropolis?
- 12. Define the term 'Infant Mortality Rate'.
- 13. What are the methods of Modern Farming?
- 14. Expand MSP.

SECTION – III

 $(4 \times 4 = 16)$

Note: 1. Answer **ANY FOUR** questions, choosing at least TWO from each of the following Groups A And B.

- 2. Each question carries FOUR marks.
- 15. Which are the major physiographic divisions of India? Contrast the relief of the Himalayan region with that of the Peninsular plateau.
- 16. What is Global warming? What measures do you suggest to reduce the effect of Global warming?
- 17. In what ways is water bought and sold in your area and for what purposes? Do you think there should be some checks and balances for this? Discuss.
- 18. Observe the following graph.



- a) What was the number of females per 1000 males in 1951?
- b) When was the sex ratio low?
- c) What was the sex ratio in 2011?
- d) Which year has the least number of females?

GROUP - B

19. Read the following paragraph and answer the question.

"A vessel dumped 500 tones of liquid toxic wastes into open air dumps in a city and in the surrounding sea. This happened in a city Abidjan in Ivory Coast, a country in Africa. The fumes from the highly toxic waste caused nausea, skin rashes, fainting, diarrhorea etc. After a month seven persons were dead, twenty in hospital and twenty six thousand

treated for symptoms of poisoning. A multinational company dealing in petroleum and metals contracted a local company of the Ivory Coast to dispose the toxic waste from its ship".

- Q. What are the issues of conflict between government and the people living in regions of nuclear power plant?
- 20. A study in Ahmadabad found that out of 15,00,000 workers in the city, 11,00,000 worked are in the unorganized sector. The total income of the city in this year (1997-98) was Rs. 6,000 cores. Out of this, Rs. 3,200 cores was generated in the organized sector. Present this data as a table. What are the ways for generating more employment in the city?
- 21. "Most children of migrant families become drop-outs". Do you agree with this statement? Justify your answer.
- 22. How has liberalization of trade and investment policies helped the globalization process?

 $SECTION - IV (1 \times 5 = 5)$

Note: Mark the following places on the given outline map of India.

23. **GROUP - A**

- 1. Mumbai
- 2. River Brahmaputra
- 3. Aravalli range
- 4. Jaipur
- 5. Lakshadweep

OR

- 1. Delhi
- 2. River Krishna
- 3. Thar desert
- 4. Simla
- 5. Malwa plateau

PART – B

Class	s : X	(Max. Marks: 15)	Time	: 30 Minutes
I.	Choose	the correct answer from the following from the fo	ollowi	ng
	Four cho	pices and write the answer in the brackets given be	elow.	20×1/2 =10
. Tl	ne longitu	ide that serves as the Indian standard time is		
A. 98	8*25' Eas	stern longitude		
B. 82	2*30' Eas	stern longitude		
C. 68	8*15' Eas	stern longitude		
D. 45	5*30' Eas	stern longitude		
2. Tl	ne swamp	by and marshy region in the Indo-Gangetic plain is ca	lled_	
A. Te	erai habar		()
	hangar			
	hadar			
		he following statements are correct?	()
		ental goals are different for different persons		,
	-	ental goals are always complementary to each other		
	-	ental goals are always conflictory to each other		
	- 4	e above is correct		
4. Tl	ne main b	penefit of Mid-Day Meal programme implementation	is ()
I. In	crease in	the percentage of children attendance		
		the quality of learning and achievement of competer	icies	
		et nutritional food		
ММ		the economical status of the parents		
	I and I	•		
	and II			
	and IV			
	I and IV			

5.	Which of the following is not the factor of production	()
A.	Land		
B.	Labor		
C.	Transportation		
D.	Capital		
6.	Monsoon burst or break first takes place in	()
A.	Goa		4
B.	Chennai		
C.	Kerala		À
D.	Karnataka		
7.	German word 'Trade' means)
A.	Commerce		
B.	Track		
C.	Monsoon		
D.	Jet Stream		
8.	Which of the following is not a tributary of the Indus?	()
A.	Chenab		
B.	Yamuna		
C.	Sutlej		
D.	Ravi		
9.	River Krishna and Godavari flows towards east. The reason is	()
A.	Their origin is in Western Ghats		
B.	Deccan Plateau slanting towards east		
C.	Bay of Bengal is located in the east		
D.	Their origin is nearer to the sea		
10	Literacy rate in India in the year 2011 is	()
A.	65.38%		
B.	53.86%		
C.	74.04%		
D.	76.07%		

11. The density of population of a state is calculated on the basis o	f ()
I. Area of the state		
II. Population		
III.Natural Resources		
IV. Per capita income		
A. I and II		
B. II and III		4
C. III and IV		\mathbb{F}_{ϵ}
D. I and IV		1
12.Indira Gandhi International Airport is located in)
A. Hyderabad		
B. Chennai	*	
C. Vijayawada		
D. New Delhi		
13. How do you decide the nativity of a person?	()
A. Depending on the birth place		
B. Depending on the birth places of parents		
C. The region in which one resides most of one's life		
D. All the above		
14. Migrants are commonly occur from	()
A. Urban to rural		
B. Rural to rural		
C. Rural to urban		
D. Urban to urban		
15. What is HYV?	()
A. Half yielding varieties		
B. High yielding varieties		
C. Hard yielding varieties		
D. Hope yielding varieties		

16.Liberalization was started in India in the year	()
A. 1991		
B. 1971		
C. 1981		
D. 2001		
17. The companies that have markets in more than one country	()
A. Public enterprises		
B. Unorganized enterprise		
C. Monopolistic Company		1
D. Multi National company		
18. The government provides food to public through	()
A. Private companies	>	
B. Public distribution System		
C. Super Bazar		
D. Multi National Company		
19. You have more food reserves. If famine occurs, what will you	do?	
	()
A. I purchase and preserve more food grains		
B. I try to sell my reserves for higher prices		
C. I write a letter to government for help		
D. I distribute the excess to the needy people		
20. Chemical pesticides are banned in	()
a) Kerala		
b) Sikkim		
A. Only a is true		
B. Only b is true		
C. Both a and b are true		
D. Both a and b are false		

II. Fill in the blanks:			
21. The movement of upper	air c	urrents	is known as
22.In 2011, the density of p	opula	ation in	India is
23.To grow more than one	crop	on the s	same piece of land during the year is known as
24.In India,sector pro	ovide	es large	st share of employment.
25. The stock of food grains	proc	cured an	nd maintained by the government through Food
Corporation of India is calle	ed		
III. Match the following	;:		
26. Mishmi hills	()	A. impacts of usage of T
27.Silent Spring DDT	()	B. \$12,600
28. High income countries	()	C. Temporary shelter of migrants
29.Kopis	()	D. Arunachal Pradesh
30.Anthyodaya cards	()	E. 30kgs. Of rice
			G. Assam
			H. Rs. 1 per 1 kg of rice