

Model Paper 3

Third Language – English Paper II

Class X

Max Marks: 50

Time: 2 ½ hrs

Part –A Marks: 30

Time: 2 ½ Hours	Parts A&B	Max.Marks:50
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Time: 1 ½ Hours	Part-A	Marks: 30
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(1-10) Answer any five of the following questions in one or two sentences.

5x1=5Marks

1. Which action of Narayana Murthy tells us that he is an introvert? (I Will do it)
2. Which action of Narayana Murthy tells us that he is an introvert? (The Brave Potter)
3. What advice did Jane give Jack and Jill? Did they follow that advice? (The Never Never Nest)
4. What is Sir Herbert Risely's observation about the unity in diversity in India?
(Unity in diversity in India)
5. Mention some of the spiritual values of India. (Unity in diversity in India)
6. What differences can you find between Savitri and your favourite modern actress?
7. What did children say when the house wife asked them what her name was?
(What is my name?)
8. Who is Pramila ? (What is my name?)
9. How was the woman before being a house wife? (What is my name?)
10. The house wife insisted her husband to call her Sarada. Why? (What is my name?)

11. Read the following passage:

From his long and first-hand experience in India, Vincent A. Smith says that the civilisation of India "has many features which differentiate it from that of the other regions of the world, while they are common to the whole country in degree sufficient to justify its treatment as a unity in the history of human, social and intellectual development."

Even the early Indian history unmistakably shows that the political consciousness of the people has from the very early times, grasped the whole of India as a unit and assimilated the entire area as the theatre of its activities. India is not a mere geographical expression, nor is it a mere collection of separate people, traditions and conventions. India is much more than this. The best proof lies in the fact that Indian history has quickened into life. (Unity in diversity in India)

Now answer the following questions

5x1=5Marks

- a) What according to Vincent A. Smith has many features?
- b) What is assimilated as the theatre of its activities?
- c) What does the early Indian history show?
- d) What is 'the fact' mentioned in the passage?
- e) Does this passage support India's unity in intellectual development?

12. Read the passage given below:

Rangaiah was a shopkeeper in Singaram village. He sold many things through his shop. He also sold spectacles. He was not an ophthalmologist but practiced ophthalmology.

Rangaiah collected many old spectacles from the people. They were with different power of sight. People who had eye sight problem used to come to Rangaiah for spectacles. Rangaiah asked them to read alphabet by wearing spectacles one by one. He used to give them which ever suited.

One day an old man came to his shop. He said that he was suffering from his eye sight problem. Rangaiah applied the same trick that he had applied earlier. But none of them suited to the old man. Rangaiah got irritated.

- (a) What would be the conversation between Rangaiah and the old man? Write your answer in at least 120 words
(Or)
- (b) Describe the consequences of Rangaiah's practices as an ophthalmologist and people who practice medicine without studies. Write your answer in at least 120 words. 10 Marks

13. Your elder brother's marriage will be celebrated on 10th May 2015 at City Function Hall of your town. Write a letter to your friend in Chennai to attend the function without fail. This is only advance information. Wedding card will be sent soon. (Or)

Imagine that your elder brother's marriage will be celebrated on 10th May 2015 at City Function Hall of your town. Prepare a wedding invitation card for your brother's marriage.

10 Marks

Time: 1 Hour

Part-B

Marks: 20

Note: Write the answers to the questions in this part on the question paper itself.

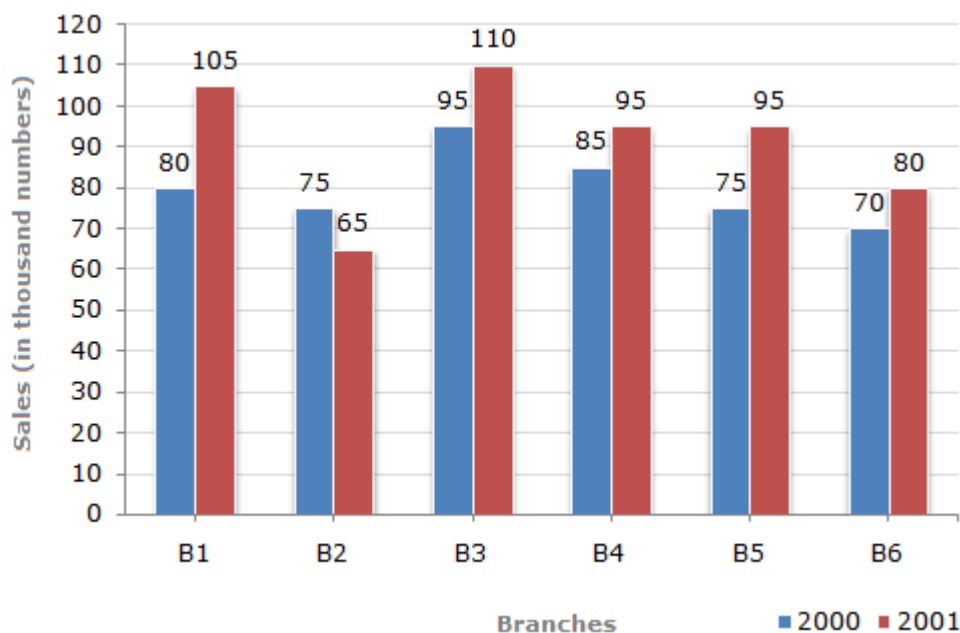
Instructions:

(i) Use CAPITAL LETTERS while answering the multiple choice questions.

(ii) Marks will not be awarded if there is any over-writing or re-writing.

14. The bar graph given below shows the sales of books (in thousands) from six branches of a publishing company during two consecutive years 2000 and 2001.

Sales of Books (in thousand numbers) from Six Branches - B1, B2, B3, B4, B5 and B6 of a publishing Company in 2000 and 2001.



Now answer the following questions

5x1=5Marks

1. What is the ratio of the total sales of branch B2 for both years to the total sales of branch B4 for both years?

A.

2. What is the average sales of all the branches (in thousand numbers) for the year 2000?

A.

3. Total sales of branches B1, B3 and B5 together for both the years (in thousand numbers) is _____?

A.

4. Which branch has declined its sales from 2000 to 2001?

A.

5. What is the difference in sales between branches B4 and B5 in the year 2001?

15. Read the following passage carefully:

There are few animals on earth which have as frightening an appearance for their size as some lizards yet. Of all the more than 2500 different kinds of lizards, only two are actually poisonous. There are the Gila monster, which lives in American deserts and the bearded lizard of Mexico.

Lizards are closely related to snake and like snakes, are cold-blooded reptiles with scaly skins. Unlike the snakes, however, their long bodies are usually divided into three distinct parts: head, trunk and tail. Most species have four legs.

With so many different kinds of lizards, we naturally find many exceptions. For instance, some lizards have no legs at all and look exactly like snakes. They also have a peculiar power, common to many lizards, which is quite useful in a fight with the enemy. They are able to break off their tails! This often enables a lizard to escape while the enemy stops to chew up the tail. Later, the lizard grows new tail.

Although most lizards are hatched from eggs, a few are born alive. Most lizards feed on insects, but a few of the larger species eat birds and small animals. Lizards are most common in the tropical regions, but they can be found all over the world with the exception of the Arctic regions.

Wherever lizards live, they adapt themselves remarkably well to their natural surroundings. For example, the lizards which live among grass or trees are brightly coloured, while those which live in the desert are coloured dull grey or brown to match the sand. The Chameleon, which is a kind of lizard, can even change its colour to match its surroundings.

Lizards vary greatly in size. There are some which live in Central America which are less than 8 centimetres long. There are others called 'monitors', which are as much as 3 metres long, and must be a frightening sight, indeed. These dragons can easily kill a large animal with one lash of their long, strong tails.

Lizards love the burning heat of the Sun. So those that live in cooler climates simply hibernate through the winter, hiding themselves away to escape the cold.

a) Each of the following questions has three choices. Tick (☐) for the right answer:

4X1=4Marks

1. Lizards and snakes can be classified together as reptiles because.....

- A) both have long tails. []
- B) both are cold blooded creatures. []
- C) both are very effective in fighting the enemy. []

2. The food of the lizards generally consists of

- A) snakes []
- B) insects []
- C) tails of other animals []

3. “Lizards can easily adapt themselves to their natural surroundings” means....

- A) their body-color changes to match with the environment. []
- B) they can live peacefully with other animals, birds and insects. []
- C) they can breed in all types of climates. []

4. Lizard love.....the most

- A) cold climate []
- B) sleeping under the sun []
- C) hot sun []

b) Given below are SIX statements. Three of them are TRUE according to the passage. Find the true statements and write (T) against them in brackets.

3X1=3Marks

- 1. The long bodies of lizards and snakes are divided into three parts: head, trunk, tail. []
- 2. All lizards can break off their tails when attacked, and grow a new tail. []
- 3. Some lizards are hatched from eggs and some are born alive. []
- 4. Lizards are found in tropical as well as other regions of the world. []
- 5. The Central American lizards grow more than 8 centimeters long. []
- 6. The ‘dragon’ lizards are over 3 meters long and can kill animals with one lash of their tails. []

16. Read the following passage carefully.

Some people like doing dangerous things. Some of them love diving deeper to the bottom of the oceans. Some others are fond of climbing higher to the tops of mountains.

Mount Everest is the highest peak in the world. It is 8848 meters high. It is named after Colonel Everest.

In 1924, a team lead by Mallory started climbing the peak. Mallory’s team almost reached the top when Mallory and a friend disappeared in a cloud of snow.

Man finally conquered Everest in 1953. Edmond Hillory and Sherpa Tenzing set foot on the top of the peak on 29th May 1953 at 11.30 A.M. They stood on the highest point on the surface of the earth.

Now answer the following questions:

a) What are the two dangerous things that some people like to do? 2x1=2Marks

i).....

ii).....

b)There are five words in List A. The meanings of four of them are given in List-B. Choose the right word from List-A to match the meanings in List-B and writeit in the space provided against each meaning. 4x1/2=2Marks

List A: conquer, peak, equipment, dive, feat

List B:

i) Act worthy of notice

ii) Go into water

iii) Win a victory

iv) Instruments

c) Complete the following sentences using a word or a phrase each. 2x 1/2 =1 Mark

i) The highest peak in the world is.....

ii) The Everest peak is named after.....

d) The two men, who finally climbed the Everest are: 2 X 1 = 2 Marks

i)

ii)

e) Answer in a word or a phrase each. 2x 1/2 =1 Mark

i) How high is Mountain Everest?

Ans:.....

ii) When was Everest conquered?

Ans:.....