BOTANY

Paper –I (First year)

| Time: 3 Hours | Max. Marks: 60 |
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SECTION –A

Note: Answer all questions. Answer may be limited to 5 lines.

 $10 \times 2 = 20$

- 1. Which is the largest Botanical garden in the world? Name a few well known botanical gardens in India.
- 2. Who proposed five kingdom classification? How many kingdoms of this classification contain eukaryotes?
- 3. Name different methods of vegetative reproduction in Bryophytes.
- 4. Which of the following are monoecious and dioecious organisms:
 - a) Date palm b) Coconut
 - c) Chara d) Marchantia
- 5. Which are the three cells found in a pollen grain when it is shed at the three celled stage?
- 6. What is geocarpy? Name the plant which exhibits this phenomenon?
- 7. Mention a single membrane bound organelle which is rich in hydrolytic enzymes.
- 8. Explain the zwitterionic form of an amino acid.
- 9. The following events occur during various phases of the cell cycle. Fill the blanks with suitable answer against each.
 - a) Disintegration of nuclear membrane _____
 - b) Appearance of nucleolus
 - c) Division of centromere
 - d) Replication of DNA
- 10. Define population and community.

<u>SECTION – B</u>

Note: Answer any six questions. Answer may be limited to 20 lines.

 $6 \times 4 = 24$

- 11. Give a brief account of Dinoflagellates.
- 12. Give a brief account of prothallus.
- 13. Describe any two special types of inflorescences.
- 14. Describe the non-essential floral parts of plants belonging to Fabaceae.
- 15. Give an account of the types of chromosomes based on the position of centromere.

- 16. Mention the key features of meiosis.
- 17. State the location and function of different types of meristems.
- 18. Write a brief account on classification of xerophytes.

SECTION - C

Note: Answer any two questions. Answer may be limited to 60 lines.

 $2 \times 8 = 16$

- 19. Define root modifications. Explain how the root is modified to perform different functions.
- 20. Describe the process of Fertilization in angiosperms.
- 21. Describe the T.S. of a dicot stem.