## 7. Human Eye and Colorful World

1. The value of least distance of distinct vision is about $\qquad$ .
2. The distance between the eyes lens and retina is about $\qquad$ .
3. The maximum focal length of the eye lens is about $\qquad$ .
4. Myopia can be corrected by using $\qquad$ lens.
5. Hypermetropia can be corrected by using $\qquad$ lens.
6. Angle of vision for a healthy human is $\qquad$ .
7. The process of adjusting focal length is called $\qquad$ .
8. $\qquad$ explained the phenomenon of scattering of light in gages and liquids.
9. The human eye forms the image of an object $\qquad$ .
10.The splitting of white light into different color $\qquad$ is called $\qquad$ .
11.The value of least distance of distinct vision is about? ()
a) 2.5 cm
b) 25 cm
c) 100 cm
d) 2.277 cm
12.The distance between the eye lens and retina is about
a) 2.5 cm
b) 25 cm
c) 2.27 cm
d) 2 cm
10. Change in the focal length of the eye lens is due to
a) Iris
b) Cornea
c) Ciliary Muscles
d) Cones
11. Myopia can be corrected by using $\qquad$ lens. ( )
a) Biconvex
b) Bi Concave
c) Plano Convex
d) Plano Concave
15.Hypermetropia can be corrected by using $\qquad$ lens. ( )
a) Bi convex
b) Bi concave
c) Plano Convex
d) Plano Concave
16.The splitting of white light into different colors is called ( )
a) Deviation
b) Dispersion
c) Scattering
d) Refraction
17.The process of reemission of absorbed light in all directions with different intensities by atom or molecule is called $\qquad$ of light?
a) Scattering
b) Dispersion
c) Reflection
d) Refraction
12. $\qquad$ is the essential part of the eye act as a sensitive screen? ( )
a) Cornea
b) Pupil
c) Iris
d) Retina
13. $\qquad$ can relax and contract, there by adjusting the size of an aperture ( )
a) Iris
b) Pupil
c) Yellow Spot
d) Blind Spot
20.The reason for the blue color of sky is due to the molecules of $\qquad$ and $\qquad$ .
a) $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}, \mathrm{CO}_{2}$
b) $\mathrm{N}_{2}, \mathrm{O}_{2}$
c) $\mathrm{O}_{2}, \mathrm{CO}_{2}$
d) $\mathrm{H}_{2}, \mathrm{O}_{2}$

## Answers

1) 25 cm 's
2) 2.5 cm 's
3) 2.27 cm 's
4) Biconcave
5) Biconvex
6) 600
7) Accommodation
8) Sir. C.V. Raman
9) Retina
10) VIBGYOR, Dispersion.
11) $b$
12) $a$
13) c
14) b
15) a
16) $b$
17) a
18) d
19) b
20) b.
