## 9. TANGENTS \& SECANTS TO A CIRCLE

1. The length of the tangents from a point A to a circle of radius 3 cm is 4 cm , then the distance between A and the centre of the circle is
2. $\qquad$ tangents lines can be drawn to a circle from a point outside the circle.
3. Angle between the tangent and radius drawn through the point of contact is $\qquad$
4. A circle may have $\qquad$ parallel tangents.
5. The common point to a tangent and a circle is called $\qquad$
6. A line which intersects the given circle at two distinct points is called a $\qquad$ line.
7. Sum of the central angles in a circle is $\qquad$
8. The shaded portion represents $\qquad$

9.If a circle touches all the four sides of an quadrilateral ABCD at points $\mathrm{P}, \mathrm{Q}, \mathrm{R}, \mathrm{S}$ then $\mathrm{AB}+\mathrm{CD}=$ $\qquad$
9. If AP and AQ are the two tangents a circle with centre O so that $\angle \mathrm{POQ}=110^{\circ}$ then $\angle \mathrm{PAQ}$ is equal to $\qquad$
10. If two concentric circles of radii 5 cm and 3 cm are drawn, then the length of the chord of the larger circle which touches the smaller circle is $\qquad$
11. If the semi perimeter of given $\triangle \mathrm{ABC}=28 \mathrm{~cm}$ then $\mathrm{AF}+\mathrm{BD}+\mathrm{CE}$ is
$\qquad$

12. The area of a square inscribed in a circle of radius 8 cm is $\qquad$ $\mathrm{cm}^{2}$.
13. Number of circles passing through 3 collinear points in a plane is
14. In the figure $\angle \mathrm{BAC}$ $\qquad$

15. If the sector of the circle made at the centre is $x^{0}$ and radius of the circle is $r$, then the area of sector is $\qquad$
16. If the length of the minute hand of a clock is 14 cm , then the area swept by the minute hand in 10 minutes $\qquad$
17. If the angle between two radii of a circle is $130^{\circ}$, the angle between the tangents at the ends of the radii is $\qquad$
18. If PT is tangent drawn from a point P to a circle touching it at T and O is the centre of the circle, then $\angle \mathrm{OPT}+\angle \mathrm{POT}$ is $\qquad$
19. Two parallel lines touch the circle at points A and B. If area of the circle is $25 \pi \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$, then AB is equal to $\qquad$
20. A circle have $\qquad$ tangents.
21. A quadrilateral PQRS is drawn to circumscribe a circle. If $\mathrm{PQ}, \mathrm{QR}$, RS (in cm ) are 5, 9, 8 respectively, then PS (in cms) equal to $\qquad$
22. From the figure $\angle \mathrm{ACB}=$ $\qquad$

23. PA and PB are tangents to the circle with centre O touching it at A and B respectively. If $\angle \mathrm{APO}=30^{\circ}$, then $\angle \mathrm{POB}$ $\qquad$
24. Two concentric circles of radii a and b where $\mathrm{a}>\mathrm{b}$ are given. The length of the chord of the larger circle which touches the smaller circle is $\qquad$
25. From the figure, the length of the chord AB If $\mathrm{PA}=6 \mathrm{~cm}$ and $\angle \mathrm{POB}$ $=60^{0}$

26. Two circles of radii 5 cm and 3 cm touch each other internally. The distance between their centres is $\qquad$
27. The lengths of tangents drawn from an external point to a circle are

## ANSWERS

1) 5 cm ; 2) 2 ; 3) $90^{\circ}$; 4) 2; 5) Point of contact; 6) Secant line; 7) $360^{\circ}$; 8) Minor segment; 9) $\mathrm{BC}+\mathrm{AD}$; 10) $70^{\circ}$; 11) 8 cm ; 12) 28 cm ; 13) 128 ;14) 1 ; 15) $30^{\circ}$;
2) $\frac{x^{\circ}}{360} \times \pi \mathrm{r}^{2}$; 17) $102 \frac{2}{3} \mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{cm}$; 18) $50^{\circ}$; 19) $90^{\circ}$; 20) 10 cm ; 21)

Infinitely many; 22) 4 cm ; 23) $90^{\circ}$; 24) $65^{\circ}$; 25) $2 \sqrt{\mathrm{a}^{2}-\mathrm{b}^{2}}$; 26) 6 cm ; 27) $2 \mathrm{~cm} ; 28$ ) equal.

