This Question paper contains 4 Printed Pages.

SOCIAL STUDIES, Paper-I

(English version)

Parts A and B

Time: 2½ Hours [Maximum Marks: 50

Instructions:

- 1. Answer the questions under Part-A on a separate answer a book.
- 2. Write the answers to the questions under Part-B on the Question Paper itself and attach it to the answer book of Part-A.
- 3. Attach the given outline Map of the India with the answer book of Part-A.

Part - A

Time: 2 Hours Marks: 35

SECTION - I $5 \times 2 = 10$

Note: Answer ANY FIVE (5) Questions, choosing atleast TWO from each of the following Groups, A and B. Each question carries TWO marks.

GROUP - A

- Godavari is a Peninsular River which flows towards the East and merges into Bay of Bengal.
 Write about the features of such type of peninsular reivers.
- 2. "Growth of Urbanisation means not only the growth of opportunities and economical transactions to the urban people but also the growth of many problems."
 - Waht is your opinion about the conditions of urbanisation?
- 3. Read the following passage and answer.

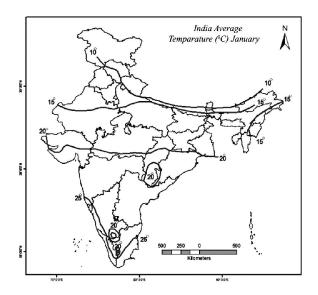
According to the census 2001, 30.7 crores of the people migrated to other places. Migrations are done by many reasons. The basic reason for migration of women is marriage and for men it is seeking employment as per the survey of the census. Dissatisfaction about the employment opportunities in their native village, expecting better education, losses carried out in business and famers, family disputes are the reasons for migrations of the people.

What consequences do you think would happen due to migration?

4. Suggest any four remedial measure to prevent the formation of Urban slums.

GROUP - B

- 5. Do the girls of Rural and Urban areas have similar goals? Why do they have different notions on the aspects of development?
- 6. How is the service sector is different from the other sectors? Explain with some examples.
- 7. What elements do you incorporate while preparing a pamphlet on food security to bring about awareness among the people of your locality?
- 8. Observe the map of India and answer the following questions



- A) Which states maintain an average temperature of 20°C in the month of January?
- B) Why do you think the temperature decreases as we move towards northern part of India?

SECTON - II

Note: Answer ANY FOUR (4) Questions of the following in one or two sentences each.

Each question carries One marks. $4 \times 1 = 4$

- 9. Why do certain places attract more settlements? Mention the reasons.
- 10. Write any two indicators used by Multi National Companies while selecting an industrial sight?
- 11. How many types of Ration Cards are there? Write about them.
- 12. Write about the changes in agriculture and irrigation after providing Electricity keeping in view of Rampuram village?
- 13. What is your opinion about the effects of globalization in your locality?
- 14. What are the benefits procured in your locality with the development of diary along with agriculture?

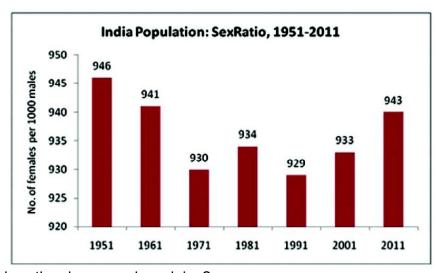
SECTION - III

Note: Answer ANY FOUR (4) Questions, choosing atleast TWO from each of the following Groups, A and B. Each question carries FOUR marks.

4 X 4 = 16

GROUP-A

- 15. What relief divisions should be observed to understand the Geographical features of India?
- 16. What is Global warming? What measures do you suggest to reduce the effect of global Warming?
- 17. Observe the graph given below and answer the questions.



- A) What does the above graph explains?
- B) In which year, the least sex ratio is recorded?
- C) How was the sex ratio calculated?
- D) How many times the female number is recorded more than 935?
- 18. In what unavoidable needs and circumstances you are purchasing water in your locality? What do you think would be the reasons for this?

GROUP-B

- 19. What are the reasons for imposing restrictions on International Trade and Investment by India? Why did India want to lift the restrictions now?
- 20. Supreme Court judgment on the "Ban on endosulphan stated that "usage of endosulphan is against to 'Right to live " (according to schedule 21 of Indian Constitution) How do you say it is against 'R To Live'

21. Read the table given below and answer the following questions.

Workers	Ploughi ng	Sowing	Weeding	Transpla nting	Harvesting	Winnow ing	Threshin g	Picking cotton
Male	214	197	215	-	164	168	152	-
Female	-	152	130	143	126	124	118	136

- A) What are the works done only by Male workers?
- B) What are the works done only by Female workers?
- C) In which works, the wages are different for male and female?
- D) What are the reasons for paying less wages to female workers than male workers?
- 22. What is the aim of providing Right to Food Security in our country? What are your suggestions for the effective implementation of food supply at subsidy rates through public distribution system?

SECTON - IV

Note: Mark the following places on the given Indian out-lined map.

1 X 5 = 5

23.

GROUP-A

- A) 1) Flowing area of River Krishna
 - 2) Anaimudi
 - 3) Lakshadweep
 - 4) Kanyakumari
 - 5) Western Ghats

(OR)

GROUP-B

- B) 1) Sircar Coast
 - 2) Meeting places of Eastern and Western Ghats
 - 3) Pulicot Lake
 - 4) Tropic of cancer
 - 5) Indira Point

SOCIAL STUDIES, Paper-I

(English version)

Parts A and B Time: 2 ½ Hours] [Maximum Marks : 50 Part - B Time: 30 minutes Marks:15 *Note*: 1. Answer all the questions. 2. Each question carries ½ mark. 3. For questions from 1 to 20, answers are given under A, B, C and D. Candidate must use the CAPITAL LETTERS while answering the multiple choice questions. 4. Marks will **not** be awarded in case of any over-writing, re-writing or erased answers. **Note:** Answer the following questions in the space provided and **attach** it to the main answer book of Part - A. I. Choose the correct answer and write its letter in the brackets. $20 \times \frac{1}{2} = 10$ 1. The longitude of Indian standard time is () (A) 98°27" East longitude (B) 82° 30" East longitude (C) 92° 30" East longitude (D) 72° 30" East longitude 2. Which is the extreme difference between Chennai and Delhi) (A) Difference between Day and Night (B) Day and Night temperatures (C) Speed of the winds (D) Direction of winds 3. River Krishna and Godavari flows towards East. The reason is)

- (A) Their origin is in western Ghats
 - (B) Deccan Plataue is slanting towards west
 - (C) Bay of Bengal is located in the east.
 - (D) Their origin is nearer to the sea.

4.	In which year the first census was held	()
	(A) 1972		
	(B) 1881		
	(C) 1771		
	(D) 1901		
5.	Gannavaram airport is nearer to	()
	(A) Kurnool		
	(B) Nellore		
	(C) Gannavaram		
	(D) Vijayanagaram		
6.	What is the reason for non availability of jobs easily in urban areas	()
	(A) Lack of introducers		
	(B) Heavy competition		
	(C) Lack of required skills		
	(D) lack of belief in new people		
7.	Which of the following surveys declared that malnutrition is a major	probler	n in
	Indian	()
	(A) National Institute of Nutrition (NIN)		
	(B) Food Corporation of India (FCI)		
	(C) Integrated Child Development Society (ICDS)		
	(D) Public Distribution System (PDS)		
8.	Gross domestic product in an economic system in one year is calculated	ed by ()
	(A) Final goods and services		
	(B) All Intermediate goods and services		
	(C) All Intermediate and final goods		
	(D) All the goods and services from foreign countries		
9.	Which of these is not the factor of production	()
	(A) Land		
	(B) Labour		
	(C) Transportation		
	(D) Capital		
10.	Which of the organisation monitors the liberalised policies of		
	international trade	()
	(A) U.N.O.		
	(B) W.T.O.		
	(C) W.H.O.		
	(D) I.L.O.		

11.	One of the following places faced a severe drought during 1943-45.	()
	(A) Punjab		
	(B) Gujarath		
	(C) Kerala		
	(D) Bengal		
12.	Chipko movement was started in the river side of	()
	(A) Tapti		
	(B) Damodar		
	(C) Narmada		
	(D) Mahanadi		
13.	Migrations are commonly occur from	()
	(A) Urban to rural		
	(B) Rural to rural		
	(C) Rural to urban		
	(D) Urban to urban		
14.	The main reason of increasing slum areas	()
	(A) Migrations of people to urban areas		
	(B) Non availability of clean areas		
	(C) Lack of awareness of sanitation in the migrants from rural area		
	(D) Unplanned development of habitations.		
15.	The main benefit of Mid-Day-Meal Programme implemention is	()
	(1) Increase in the percentage of children attendance		
	(2) Increase in the quality of learning and achievement of competencies		
	(3) Children get nutritional food		
	(4) Increase in the economical status of parents		
	(A) 3 and 1 (B) 1 and 2 (C) 1 and 4 (D) 3 and 4		
16.	Mineral resources and favourable climatic conditions comes under this		
	type of investment	()
	(A) Natural investment		
	(B) Synthetic investment		
	(C) Private investment		
	(D) Public investment.		
17.	The following mountain range is the natural safe guard for our country	(
	(A) Aravalies		
	(B) Vindhya Satpuras		
	(C) Himalayas		
	(D) Western Ghats		

18.	Due to the emergence of new Telangana state, Andhra Pradesh state lost						
	the common boundary with				()	
	(A) Odisha						
	(B) Maharashtra						
	(C) Karnataka						
	(D) Tamilnadu						
19.	The density of population of a sta	te is	calcula	ated on the basis of	()	
	(1) Area of the State						
	(2) Population						
	(3) Natural Resources						
	(4) Per captia income						
	(A) 1 and 2 (B) 2 and 3		(C)	3 and 4 (D) 1 and	14		
20.	The main advantage of arrival of I	Multi	Nation	al Companies is	()	
	(A) Employment opportunities for the	peo	ple				
	(B) Multi National Companies share t	heir	orofits w	ith the Government			
	(C) Transportation facilities will be De	evelo	ped				
	(D) Costly goods available at lower p	rices	3				
II. F	Fill in the blanks.				5 x ½	2= 2 ½	
21.	South West monsoons begin in			state in our country.			
	Lakshadweep are formed by						
	As per 2001 census				ion.		
	Europe de diference et OE7 in						
25.	The longest river in peninsular India	is					
III.	Match the following by writing the le	etter	of the c	orrect answer in the braci	kets cho	osing	
	from the Group - B.				5 x ½	/ ₂ = 2 ¹ / ₂	
	Group - A			Group - B			
26.	Nuclear Power Plant	()	a) Aquaculture			
27.	Work related to unorganized sector	()	b) Agriculture and diary	/		
28.	Green Revoluation	()	c) Indian Food reserve	s		
29.	Rural Economic System	()	d) Tiruvanthapuram			
30.	Buffer stock	()	e) Kudankullam			
				f) Tunikaku collection			
				g) Wheat			
				h) Savings in Bank			

This Question paper contains 4 Printed Pages.

SOCIAL STUDIES, Paper-II

(English version)

Parts A and B

Time: 2½ Hours [Maximum Marks: 50

Instructions:

- 1. Answer the questions under Part-A on a separate answer a book.
- 2. Write the answers to the questions under Part-B on the Question Paper itself and attach it to the answer book of Part-A.
- 3. Attach the given outline Map of the World with the answer book of Part-A.

Part - A

Time: 2 Hours Marks: 35

SECTION - I $5 \times 2 = 10$

Note: Answer ANY FIVE (5) Questions, choosing atleast TWO from each of the following Groups,

GROUP - A

- 1. What aspects do you think are the reasons forr young Chinese fight against old traditional practices and foreign powers
- 2. Read the following paragraph and answer the question.

A and B. Each question carries TWO marks.

The principle Allied countries like Britain, France, USA, USSR and China drafted a charter for the formation of the UNO even the war drew to an end. The charter not only emphasised the need to preserve peace and prevent wars, but also the need to ensure human rights, democracy and eradication of poverty and hunger for all people in the world.

Analyse the consequences or conditions which lead to the establishment of United Nations

Organization?

3. Observe the given timeline chart and answer the following questions.

a) Which incidents lead to the II world war?

b) What were the main incidents occurred in 1941 of the World history?

Proclamation of the Weimar Republic.

Hitler becomes Chancellor of Germany.

Germany.

Germany invades Poland.
Beginning of the Second World 1939

Germany invades the USSR.

June 22, 1941

Mass murder of the Jews June 23,1941

The United States joins Second Pock World War.

Soviet troops liberate Auschwitz.

Allied victory in Europe.

**Nov.9

Jan 27,1945

**May 8 1945

Timeline

- 4. Observe the following map and answer the questions.
 - a) Name any two countries which were not under control of Japan?
 - b) Name any two regions laid to the west side of Japan which were under control of Japan?



GROUP - B

- 5. Write about the State reorganisation committee? What are the benefits obtained from that?
- 6. Read the following paragraph and answer the question.

A number of national and regional parties have to come together to form Government at the centre. While this enabled the central Government to become more sensitive to multiple view points in politics and policy matters, it is also caused instability.

"Coalition governments are responsible for the political instability" - write your comment.

7. Read the given data to answer the questions.

Coalition Governments and some political parties from 1980's



- a) The party that participated in the Governments of National Front, United Front and supported the National Democratic Alliance government from outside is?
- b) The party that participated in the above three governments is?

8. Rangaiah is a poor former who wanted to protect his land from encroachment. What sort of free legal services are available in our country for the poor people like Rangaiah?

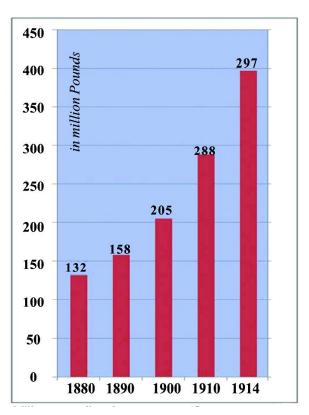
SECTON-II

Note: Answer ANY FOUR (4) Questions of the following in one or two sentences each.

Each question carries One marks.

 $4 \times 1 = 4$

- 9. Liberty is a boon given by our constitution. Write about such kind ideals which were incorporated in the preamble of Indian constitution?"
- 10. Any nation in the world can undergo development only when it maintain proper relations with other countries? Do you agree? If so explain the foreign policies of our country to maintain proper relations?
- 11. What are the two ideological, political camps emerged after world war II?
- 12. Observe the following bar diagram which shows Military expenditure of the power blocks during 1880-1910.



What changes do you observe in the military expenditure of the power blocks for the last 30 years?

- 13. In the 16th General elections of Loksabha Bharathiya Janata Party has secured 282 seats, Indian National Congress 44, Siva Sena 18, Telugu Desam 16".
 - Which party has a chance to form the government? Why?
- 14. What were the paths adopted by Mahatma Gandhi and Subash Chandra Bose during Indian Freedom Movement?

SECTON - III

Note: Answer ANY FOUR (4) Questions, choosing atleast TWO from each of the following Groups,

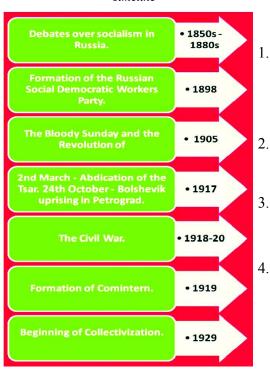
A and B. Each question carries FOUR marks.

 $4 \times 4 = 16$

GROUP - A

- 15. Write about the main causes which are responsible for the two world wars?
- 16. "Religion has been playing a prominent role since the partition of India" Write your evidences.
- 17. Do you think Hitler wanted to target jewes as the enemies of Germany. Why?
- 18. Observe the following time line chart and answer the questions.

Timeline



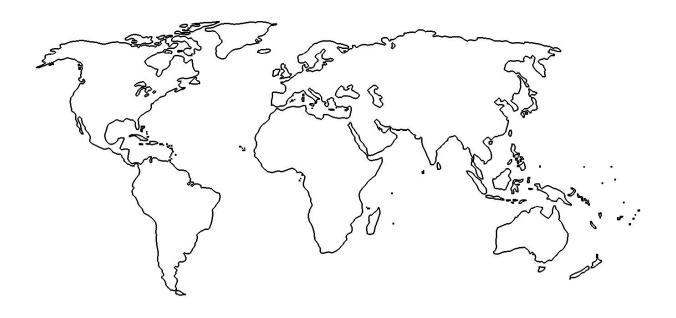
- 1. What is the reason behind the formation of Russian Democratic Labour Party
- . Why did the name 'Blood shedded sunday' come after?
- . What were the results of civil war?
- 4. Under whose leadership did bolshivics fight in the above incidents.

GROUP - B

- 19. What is meant by Federal State? What Federal characteristics of American constitution can be identified with Indian constitution?
- 20. Write about the similarities between the movement of blacks in USA and Miera Paibi movement.
- 21. Do you think that formation of linguistic states has reduced the priority of National Language. Support your opinion.
- 22. What are the core concepts do you incorporate in making a poster on 'the basic elements of social movements?

23. Locate the following places on the given out-line map of World.

5 x 1 = 5



- a) 1. Britain 2. China 3. Vietnam 4. Japan 5. New York (OR)
- b) 1. France 2. Germany 3. Cuba 4. America 5. India

(D) War with neighbouring countries.

SOCIAL STUDIES, Paper-II

(English version)

Parts A and B

Time: 2½ Hours] [Maximum Marks: 50

	Part - B		
Ti	me : 30 minutes	Marks:	:15
No	 Answer all the questions. Each question carries ½ mark. For questions from 1 to 20, answers are given under A, B, C and D. Candi the CAPITAL LETTERS while answering the multiple choice questions. Marks will not be awarded in case of any over-writing, re-writing or erase 		se
No	ote: Answer the following questions in the space provided and attach it to the main	ı answer bo	ok of
	Part - A.		
<i>I</i> .	Choose the correct answer and write its letter in the brackets.	20 × ½ =	10
1.	The permanent member countries of UNO are	()
	(A) France, England, Germany, China, Russia		
	(B) China, Russia, France, England, Italy		
	(C) China, Russia, France, England, Holland		
	(D) France, China, USA, England, Russia		
2.	If a nation behaves aggressively with the other country, the second country should	()
	(A) Also behave agressively.		
	(B) Show attitude of give and take		
	(C) Increase weapons and army.		
	(D) Try to solve the issue with political bilateral discussions		
3.	In modern times "Women should not be confined themselves only to the family	responsibilit	ies",
	because	()
	(A) Half of the population in the society are women.		
	(B) Women have equal rights along with men.		
	(C) Women should also participate in social development.		
	(D) Women have immense patience		
4.	Which of the following activities of Hitler do you appreciate	()
	(A) Declaration of establishment of racial superiority.		
	(B) Best oration that moves and attracts people		
	(C) Arresting political rivals.		

5.	Arrange the incidents in suitable timeline	()					
	1) Death of Sun-Yet-Sen							
	2) Independence of Nigeria							
	3) Conducting long march by Mao							
	4) Formation of Communist party in Vietnam							
	(A) 1, 2, 3, 4							
	(B) 1, 4, 3, 2							
	(C) 2, 3, 4, 1							
	(D) 3, 4, 2, 1							
6.	Vietnam - a smallest country had revolted against America which is the powerful country in the World.							
	The main reason behind this is	()					
	(A) The fighting stuff of Vietnam peasants.	Ì						
	(B) American's underestimated the power of Vietnam							
	(C) Protests against Vietnam in America							
	(D) Nationalism, patriotism among the people of Vietnam							
7.	Oil resources in Nigeria are concentrated in south west region. Eebos claim large							
	share of petroleum profits. What is the suitable solution for this	()					
	(A) Oil profits should go to Multinational Companies.	`	,					
	(B) More profits should go to the people of the same region.							
	(C) Natural resources of a region should be used for the development of the same region.							
	(D) Natural resources are the nation's wealth show it should belong to the entire Nation.							
8.	Mahatma Gandhi is recognised as the prominent person of 20th century, because	()					
	(A) He led civil disobedience movement							
	(B) He led Quit India Movement							
	(C) Organized the world famous Freedom movement on the principles of non violence, Sa	tyagrah	na					
	(D) Imprisoned many times during freedom movement.	, ,						
9.	"Special powers to the permanent member countries of UNO is undemocratic" because	()					
	(A) It is impossible to establish world peace with these nations.	`	,					
	(B) Existence of democratic countries depend on the decisions of these nations.							
	(C) They influence on the UNO to accept their decisions.							
	(D) Above all							
10.	The suitable concept for the 'pamphlet on world peace' is	()					
	(A) Eradication of Malaria							
	(B) Eradication of Poverty							
	(C) Settling the disputes by peaceful negotiations.							
	(D) Ban on trafficking of women and children.							

11.	"Anti Hindi Agitations" were taken up by this party.	()
	(A) All India Dravida Munnetra Kajagam		
	(B) Dravida Munnetra Kajagam		
	(C) Janasangh		
	(D) Socialist Party		
12.	Conducting elections for every five years results in	()
	(A) Wastage of time of the Public		
	(B) More expenditure on elections		
	(C) Concentration of power in single hand		
	(D) No scope for the concentration of power in single person.		
13.	Which of the following slogan does not relate to the Right to Vote.	()
	(A) Right to vote is the most powerful weapon of voter.		
	(B) Vote for corrupt person - damage to the nation		
	(C) Vote for note		
	(D) Don't get bribe - cost your vote freely		
14.	Which of the following is not a key concept of present social movements.	()
	(A) Justice		
	(B) Family planning		
	(C) Human rights		
	(D) Democracy		
15.	The agitation led by the women of Dubagunta	()
	(A) Agitation of "Narmada bachaavo"		
	(B) Miera paibe movement		
	(C) Anti arrack movement		
	(D) Protest against thermal electricity.		
16.	Which of the following is the principle of Civil rights movements	()
	(A) Discrimination against caste and creed.		
	(B) Equal rights		
	(C) Freedom of expression		
	(D) A and B		
17.	Responsible person for Right to Information Act.	()
	1) Central Commissioner of Information		
	2) State Commissioner of Information		
	3) Electoral Officer		
	4) Mayor		
	(A) 2, 4 (B) 1, 3 (C) 1, 2 (D) 2, 3		

18.	The dot given in the map represents				()
	(A) Mumbai			2. 8		
	(B) Kolkata					
	(C) Delhi					
	(D) Hyderabad					
19.	Which of the following is not incorporated in	n Lok	adalat		()
	(A) No court fee					
	(B) Fast prosecution					
	(C) Direct interaction with judge					
	(D) Accepting the judgment of panchayat					
20.	The reason for the recognition of Chipko mo	ovem	ent as a	an environmental movement.	()
	(A) Protection of forests					
	(B) Protection of natural resources					
	(C) Prevention of river pollution					
	(D) Plantation					
II.	Fill in the blanks with suitable words.				5 x ½=	= 2½
21.	Nazis formed as Secre	et pol	ice arn	ny.		
22.	During second World War Hiroshima and N belongs to country.	agasa	aki wer	re attacked with nuclear bombs.	These cit	ies are
23.	According to history is	s the	Immed	liate cause for II World War.		
24.	The Architect of Modern China is					
25.	The author of "Sare Jahase accha"					
III.	Match the following by writing the lett	er of	the co	orrect answer in the brackets	choosing	g from
	the Group - B.				5 x ½	$2 = 2\frac{1}{2}$
	Group - A			Group - B		
26.	Constitution was adopted in	()	a) 1953		
27.	Formation of State reorganizing Committee	()	b) 1971		
28.	Quit India Movement	()	c) 1974		
29.	Green peace movement	()	d) 1969		
30.	Right to information Act	()	e) 1942		
				f) 1949		
				g) 2005		