

**DO NOT OPEN THE SEAL OF THE BOOKLET UNTIL YOU ARE TOLD TO DO SO**

Test Form No. / टेस्ट फॉर्म संख्या

**456 TG 7**

**GB-2014**

**SY – 1090055**

Time Allowed : **2 Hours** (For V.H. Candidates : **2 hrs. 40 min.**)

Maximum Marks : **200**

निर्धारित समय : **2 घण्टे** (दृष्टिबाधित उम्मीदवारों के लिए : **2 घण्टे 40 मिनट**)

अधिकतम अंक : **200**

Read the following instructions carefully before you begin to answer the questions. This Booklet contains questions in English as well as in Hindi.

प्रश्नों के उत्तर देने से पहले नीचे लिखे अनुदेशों को ध्यान से पढ़ लें। इस पुस्तिका में प्रश्न अंग्रेजी तथा हिन्दी दोनों में दिये गए हैं।

**INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

1. This Booklet contains **200** questions in all comprising the following **three** parts :

Part-I : General Intelligence and Reasoning (50 Questions)

Part-II : General Awareness (50 Questions)

Part-III : English Language and Comprehension (100 Questions)

2. In questions set bilingually in English and Hindi, in case of discrepancy, the English version will prevail.

3. All questions are compulsory and carry equal marks.

4. *The paper carries negative marking. 0.25 marks will be deducted for each wrong answer.*

5. **Before you start to answer the questions you must check up this Booklet and ensure that it contains all the pages (1-24) and see that no page is missing or repeated. If you find any defect in this Booklet, you must get it replaced immediately.**

6. You will be supplied the Answer-Sheet separately by the Invigilator. You must complete and code the details of **Name, Roll Number, Ticket Number and Test Form Number** on Side-I of the Answer-Sheet carefully. You must also put your signature and Left-Hand thumb impression on the Answer-Sheet at the prescribed place before you actually start answering the questions. These instructions must be fully complied with, failing which, your Answer-Sheet will not be evaluated and you will be awarded 'ZERO' mark. **(For VH candidates these details will be filled in by the scribe. However, all V.H. candidates must put their Left-Hand thumb impression at the space provided in the Answer-Sheet. In addition, those VH candidates who can sign should also put their signatures in addition to thumb impression.)**

7. Answers must be shown by completely blackening the corresponding ovals on Side-II of the Answer-Sheet against the relevant question number by **Black/Blue Ball-Point Pen Only**. Answers which are not shown by **Black/Blue Ball-Point Pen** will not be awarded any mark.

8. A machine will read the coded information in the OMR Answer-Sheet. In case the information is incomplete or different from the information given in the application form, the candidate will be awarded 'ZERO' mark.

9. The Answer-Sheet must be handed over to the Invigilator before you leave the Examination Hall.

10. **Failure to comply with any of the above instructions will render a candidate liable to such action/penalty as may be deemed fit.**

11. The manner in which the different questions are to be answered has been explained at the back of this Booklet (Page No. 24), which you should read carefully before actually answering the questions.

12. Answer the questions as quickly and as carefully as you can. Some questions may be difficult and others easy. Do not spend too much time on any question.

13. In lieu of Question Nos. 44 to 50 relating to figural portions, alternate questions have been provided to be attempted by VH candidates only.

14. **No rough work is to be done on the Answer-Sheet. Space for rough work has been provided below the questions in Part I of this Booklet.**

15. **"Mobile phones and wireless communication devices are completely banned in the examination halls/rooms. Candidates are advised not to keep mobile phones/any other wireless communication devices with them even switching it off, in their own interest. Failing to comply with this provision will be considered as using unfair means in the examination and action will be taken against them including cancellation of their candidature. Such candidates are also liable for debarment upto a period of five years and/or Criminal Prosecution."**

**उम्मीदवारों के लिए अनुदेश**

1. इस पुस्तिका में कुल **200** प्रश्न हैं, जिनमें निम्नलिखित तीन भाग शामिल हैं :

भाग-I : सामान्य बुद्धिमत्ता एवं तर्कशक्ति (50 प्रश्न)

भाग-II : सामान्य जानकारी (50 प्रश्न)

भाग-III : अंग्रेजी भाषा एवं परिज्ञान (100 प्रश्न)

2. अंग्रेजी और हिन्दी में तैयार किए गए द्विभाषी प्रश्नों में कोई विसंगति होने की स्थिति में अंग्रेजी विवरण मान्य होगा।

3. सभी प्रश्न अनिवार्य हैं तथा सबके बराबर अंक हैं।

4. *प्रश्न-पत्र में नकारात्मक अंकन होगा। हर गलत उत्तर के लिए 0.25 अंक काटा जाएगा।*

5. प्रश्नों के उत्तर देने से पहले आप इस पुस्तिका की जाँच करके देख लें कि इसमें पूरे पृष्ठ (1-24) हैं तथा कोई पृष्ठ कम या दुबारा तो नहीं आ गया है। यदि आप इस पुस्तिका में कोई त्रुटि पाएँ, तो तत्काल इसके बदले दूसरी पुस्तिका ले लें।

6. निरीक्षक द्वारा आपको उत्तर-पत्रिका अलग से दी जाएगी। उत्तर-पत्रिका के Side-I में नियमावली के अनुसार ध्यानपूर्वक अपना नाम, रोल नम्बर, टिकट नम्बर और टेस्ट फॉर्म संख्या अवश्य लिखें। प्रश्नों के उत्तर वास्तव में शुरू करने से पहले उत्तर-पत्रिका पर निर्धारित स्थान में आप अपने हस्ताक्षर एवं बाएँ हाथ के अंगूठे का निशान भी अवश्य लगाएँ। उपर्युक्त अनुदेशों का पूरी तरह अनुपालन किया जाए, अन्यथा आपकी उत्तर-पत्रिका को जाँचा नहीं जाएगा और 'शून्य' अंक दिया जाएगा। (दृष्टिबाधित उम्मीदवारों के लिए यह विवरण लिपिक द्वारा भरा जाए। परन्तु सभी दृष्टिबाधित उम्मीदवार उत्तर-पत्रिका में निर्धारित स्थान पर अपने बाएँ हाथ के अंगूठे का निशान अवश्य लगाएँ। इसके अतिरिक्त, जो दृष्टिबाधित उम्मीदवार हस्ताक्षर कर सकते हैं, वे अंगूठे के निशान के अलावा अपने हस्ताक्षर भी कर दें।)

7. उत्तर-पत्रिका में सभी उत्तर Side-II में प्रश्न संख्या के सामने दिए गए सम्बन्धित अण्डाकार खानों को केवल काले/नीले बॉल-पॉइंट पेन से पूरी तरह काला करके दिखाएँ। जो अण्डाकार खाने काले/नीले बॉल-पॉइंट पेन से नहीं भरे जाएँगे, उनके लिए कोई अंक नहीं दिया जाएगा।

8. ओ.एम.आर. उत्तर-पत्रिका में भरी गई कूट सूचना को एक मशीन पढ़ेगी। यदि सूचना अपूर्ण है अथवा आवेदन प्रपत्र में दी गई सूचना से भिन्न है, तो ऐसे उम्मीदवार को 'शून्य' अंक दिया जाएगा।

9. परीक्षा भवन छोड़ने से पहले उम्मीदवार को उत्तर-पत्रिका निरीक्षक के हवाले कर देनी चाहिए।

10. ऊपर के अनुदेशों में से किसी एक का भी पालन न करने पर उम्मीदवार पर विवेकानुसार कार्यवाही की जा सकती है या दण्ड दिया जा सकता है।

11. विभिन्न प्रश्नों के उत्तर देने की विधि इस पुस्तिका के पीछे (पृष्ठ संख्या 24) में छपे हुए निर्देशों में दे दी गई है; इसे आप प्रश्नों के उत्तर देने से पहले ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ लें।

12. प्रश्नों के उत्तर जितनी जल्दी हो सके तथा ध्यानपूर्वक दें। कुछ प्रश्न आसान तथा कुछ कठिन हैं। किसी एक प्रश्न पर बहुत अधिक समय न लगाएँ।

13. आकृति से सम्बन्धित प्रश्न संख्या 44 से 50 के बदले में केवल दृष्टिबाधित उम्मीदवारों द्वारा हल किए जाने के लिए वैकल्पिक प्रश्न दिए गए हैं।

14. कोई रफ़ कार्य उत्तर-पत्रिका पर नहीं करना है। रफ़ कार्य के लिए स्थान इसी पुस्तिका के भाग I के प्रश्नों के नीचे दिया गया है।

15. "परीक्षा हलों/कमरों में मोबाइल फोन तथा वेतार संचार साधन पूरी तरह निषिद्ध हैं। उम्मीदवारों को उनके अपने हित में सलाह दी जाती है कि मोबाइल फोन/किसी अन्य वेतार संचार साधन को स्विच ऑफ करके भी अपने पास न रखें। इस प्रावधान का अनुपालन न करने को परीक्षा में अनुचित उपायों का प्रयोग माना जाएगा और उनके विरुद्ध कार्रवाई की जाएगी, उनकी अभ्यर्थिता रद्द कर देने सहित। ऐसे उम्मीदवारों को पाँच वर्ष के लिए प्रतिबंधित भी किया जा सकता है और/या उन पर आपराधिक अभियोजन चलाया जा सकता है।"

**इस पुस्तिका की सील तब तक न खोलें जब तक कहा न जाए।**

## SSC Stenographers (Grade 'C' and 'D') Examination 2014

Held on: 14.09.2014 (Evening Session)

456 TG 7

GB-2014/Page2

## PART - I

## GENERAL INTELLIGENCE &amp; REASONING

**Direction :** In question no. 1 to 6 select the related word/letters/number from the given alternatives.

- Guava : Mango : : \_\_\_ ?  
(A) Juice : Fruit  
(B) Badminton : Shuttle cock  
(C) Bhils : Nagas  
(D) Book : Read
- ABCDE : KLMNO : : FGHIJ : \_\_\_ ?  
(A) UVWXY (B) PQRST  
(C) ONMLK (D) UQMIE
- True : False : : Float : \_\_\_ ?  
(A) Swing (B) Swim  
(C) Sink (D) Dive
- RACE : FACE : : CARE : \_\_\_ ?  
(A) FARE (B) CAFE  
(C) CEAF (D) ACRE
- 647 : 17 : : 798 : \_\_\_ ?  
(A) 23 (B) 27 (C) 33 (D) 24
- 7 : 11 : : 31 : \_\_\_ ?  
(A) 17 (B) 23 (C) 37 (D) 43

**Direction :** In question no. 7 to 12, find the odd number/letters/number pair from the given alternatives.

- (A) 51, 66 (B) 83, 102  
(C) 123, 146 (D) 169, 196
- (A) Sugar (B) Starch  
(C) Glucose (D) Protein
- (A) Map (B) Globe  
(C) Compass (D) Microscope
- (A) YIP (B) WAT (C) ORG (D) BUP
- (A) EAC (B) JFH (C) OMK (D) TPR
- (A) 15, 24, 35 (B) 3, 8, 15  
(C) 35, 49, 63 (D) 120, 143, 168

**Direction :** In question no. 13 and 14 which one of the given responses would be a meaningful order of the following ?

- (1) Sentence (2) Word (3) Chapter  
(4) Phrase (5) Paragraph  
(A) (2), (4), (3), (1), (5)  
(B) (2), (4), (1), (5), (3)  
(C) (2), (5), (4), (1), (3)  
(D) (1), (2), (3), (4), (5)
- (1) Asia (2) Goa (3) Panji  
(4) India (5) World  
(A) (3), (2), (4), (1), (5)  
(B) (2), (3), (4), (1), (5)  
(C) (3), (2), (1), (4), (5)  
(D) (5), (1), (2), (3), (4)

**Direction :** In question no. 15 to 17, a series is given, with one term missing. Choose the correct alternative from the given ones that will complete the series.

- 240, 240, 120, 40, 10, \_\_\_ ? \_\_\_, \_\_\_ ?  
(A) 2,  $\frac{1}{3}$  (B) 2,  $\frac{1}{6}$  (C) 2, 1 (D) 2,  $\frac{1}{5}$
- MO, JL, \_\_\_ ? \_\_\_, DF  
(A) EF (B) GI (C) CD (D) AE
- 21, 23, 26, \_\_\_ ? \_\_\_, 35  
(A) 28 (B) 30 (C) 32 (D) 29
- Which one set of letters when sequentially placed at the gaps in the given letter series shall complete it ?  
ab\_ddca\_babaddca\_abc\_dca\_  
(A) c a c b d b (B) c d a b d c  
(C) c d a b c d (D) d a b c d c
- If  $14 + 18 = 14$ ,  $26 + 39 = 20$ ,  $41 + 51 = 11$ , then  $92 + 13 = ?$   
(A) 19 (B) 15 (C) 65 (D) 115
- If 'F' is the brother of 'A', 'C' is the daughter of 'A', 'K' is the sister of 'F' and G is the brother of 'C', then who is the uncle of 'G' ?  
(A) A (B) C (C) F (D) K

SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

456 TG 7

21. If B=8, L=7, O=5, C=9, K=4. Using the given total, find out the missing symbol in the following block.

$$\boxed{B \ O \ ? \ B \ B} = 33$$

- (A) B (B) L (C) K (D) C

22. If STABOIC is coded as ATSBCIO then how will MOCTALM be coded ?

- (A) TMOCMAL (B) COMTMLA  
(C) MOCTLAM (D) COMTALM.

23. Find the least number that on being subtracted by 8, is exactly divisible by 32, 36 and 40.

- (A) 1440 (B) 1444  
(C) 1446 (D) 1448

24. Select the correct combination of mathematical signs to replace \* signs and to balance the given equation.

$$24 * 6 * 3 * 3 * 1 = 14$$

- (A) - + ÷ - (B) ÷ × + -  
(C) × + - ÷ (D) + - ÷ ×

From the given alternatives select the word which **cannot** be formed using the letters of the given word.

CHOREOGRAPHY

- (A) PRAY (B) GROPE  
(C) CARRY (D) GREAT

26. If 'MEMORY' is written as 454697 in a certain code language how will 'PRIVATE' be written in the same code language.

- (A) 9742251 (B) 7994125  
(C) 7919125 (D) 7992541

**Direction :** In question no. 27 and 28, select the missing number from the given responses.

27. 
$$\begin{array}{r} 3 \ 5 \ 7 \\ 4 \ 6 \ 8 \\ \hline 5 \ 7 \ 9 \\ 26 \ 38 \ ? \end{array}$$
  
(A) 40 (B) 48 (C) 50 (D) 58

28. 
$$\begin{array}{r} 1 \ 3 \ 4 \\ 9 \ 6 \ 7 \\ 80 \ ? \ 33 \end{array}$$
  
(A) 42 (B) 35 (C) 27 (D) 29

29. You travel towards north 4 km, then turn left and travel towards west 2 km, then again turn left and travel 4 km. How far are you from the starting point ?

- (A) 1 km (B) 2 km  
(C) 3 km (D) 4 km

A man travelled 2 kms westwards, turned left and walked 3 kms and further walked 5 kms after turning right. What is the total distance covered by him while travelling ?

- (A) 5 km (B) 10 km  
(C) 15 km (D) Cannot be determined

31. A person starts towards the North. Which of the following orders of directions will lead him to the East ?

- (A) Right, Right, Right (B) Right, Left, Left  
(C) Right, Right, Left (D) Left, Right, Left

32. A vehicle starts from point A and runs 10 km towards north, turns to its right and runs 15 km. It then turns to its right again and runs another 10 km to reach point B. After reaching point B, how far is the vehicle from the starting point A ?

- (A) 35 km (B) 15 km  
(C) 10 km (D) 5 km

**Direction :** In question no. 33 and 34 one/two statements is/are given followed by two conclusions I and II. You have to consider the statements inference to be true even if they seem to be at variance from commonly known facts. You are to decide which of the given conclusions, if any, follow from the given statements. Indicate your answer.

33. **Statement :** Mostly boys feel happy in playing cricket.

Mostly girls like to play with dolls.

**Inference :** Girls are more intelligent than Boys.

- (A) If the inference is correct  
(B) If the inference is wrong  
(C) If the inference may be correct or wrong  
(D) If the inference is irrelevant

**SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK**

456 TG 7

**34. Statement :** Morning walks are good for health.

**Conclusions I.** All healthy people go for morning walks.

**II.** Evening walks are harmful.

- (A) If only conclusion **I** and **II** follow  
 (B) If either conclusion **I** or **II** follows  
 (C) If neither conclusion **I** nor **II** follows  
 (D) If only conclusion **I** follows

**35.** In a library following Dewey Decimal System, four books with the following call numbers are in order :

813.04	813.04	813.13	813.2
P38	P4	K32	B35

If another set of four books with the following call numbers are returned, which will be the correct order to shelve them ?

407.3	402.14	407.21	402.14
C21	J3	M12	J21

(A) 407.21 407.3 402.14 402.14  
 M12 C21 J21 J3

(B) 407.3 402.14 407.21 402.14  
 C21 J21 M12 J3

(C) 402.14 402.14 407.21 407.3  
 J21 J3 M12 C21

(D) 402.14 402.14 407.3 407.21  
 J3 J21 C21 M12

**36.** You are given the address of a town, followed by four alternatives. Of these, only one matches while the others have some mistakes. You are to choose exactly the same the given one as your answer.

Kala Shanmugham, C/o ASA, Lamba Line, Junglighat, Port Blair 744103

(A) Kala Shenmugham, C/o ASA, Lamba Line, Junglighat Port Blair 744103

(B) Kala Shanmughan, C/o ASA, Lamba Lane, Junglighat, Port Blair 744103

(C) Kala Shanmugham, C/o ASA, Lamba Line, Junglighat, Port Blair 744103

(D) Kala Shanmugham, C/o ASA Lamba Line, Junglighat, Port Blair, 744130

**Direction :** Question no. **37** and **38**. Below are given some Roll Numbers of candidates registered at different centres for an examination. The first two digits from the left stand for the centre code and the next four for the serial number of the candidates registered at the centre. Give answers based on its given Roll numbers.

**37.**

305328	703823	305112	701103
803637	705339	612804	905014
301192	116801	212502	304102
600011	512284	813251	906801

Which of the following centre pairs had some common serial numbers ?

- (A) 90 and 11 (B) 30 and 51  
 (C) 80 and 70 (D) 61 and 11

**38.**

503312	403851	305717	608123
409701	405881	937771	531813
443290	531812	800313	673181
538421	490512	200521	301101

Which of the following centres had highest serial number ?

- (A) 20 (B) 40 (C) 60 (D) 80

**39.** When you find a student doing mischievous activity :

- (A) Report to Principal/Headmaster.  
 (B) Listen to the student and counsel.  
 (C) Punish.  
 (D) Inform the parents.

**40.** If you are in a situation at classroom where your student is bullying or harassing you :

- (A) Make an appointment to talk with your student to attempt to correct him.  
 (B) Ask the student to leave the classroom to the counsellor.  
 (C) Confront him/her and make him/her to apologise.  
 (D) Concentrate on your teaching avoiding him.

**41.** Either Rehman is a farmer or a carpenter.

- (A) Rehman is not a farmer or a carpenter.  
 (B) Rehman is not a carpenter but a farmer.  
 (C) Rehman is not a carpenter.  
 (D) Rehman is not a farmer.

**SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK**

456 TG 7

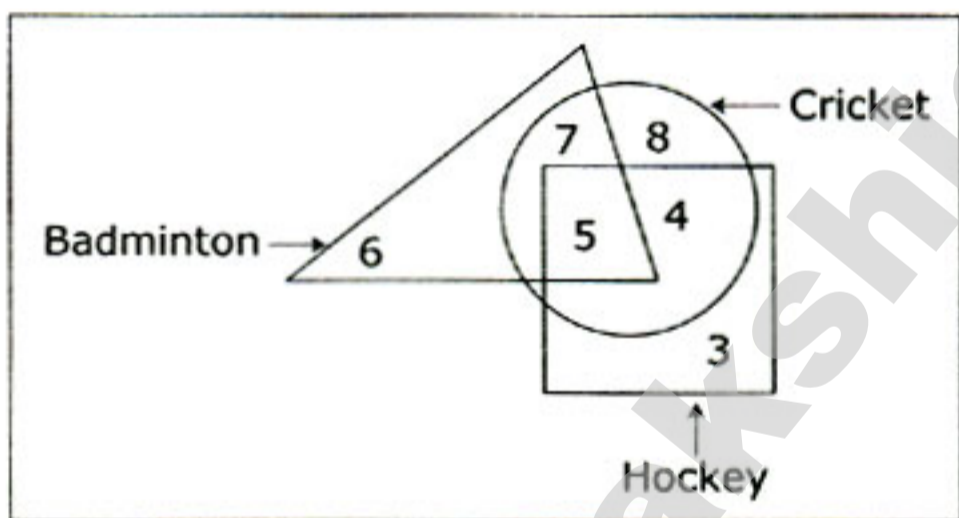
42. A colleague has an emergency situation at home and hence is unable to finish her work in the office. You would :

- (A) admonish                      (B) advice
- (C) criticise                      (D) show concern

43. A group of children in a class are always noisy and boisterous. The teacher should :

- (A) Punish the children in front of others.
- (B) Warn the children and tell the parents.
- (C) Call the children and talk to them in a calm manner.
- (D) Put up their names on the board.

44. How many players atleast play Hockey and Cricket ?



- (A) 5                      (B) 4                      (C) 9                      (D) 12

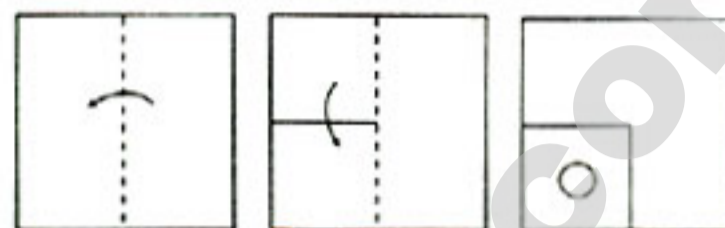
45. Identify the diagram that best represents the relationship among classes given below :

SUN, ENERGY, LIGHT

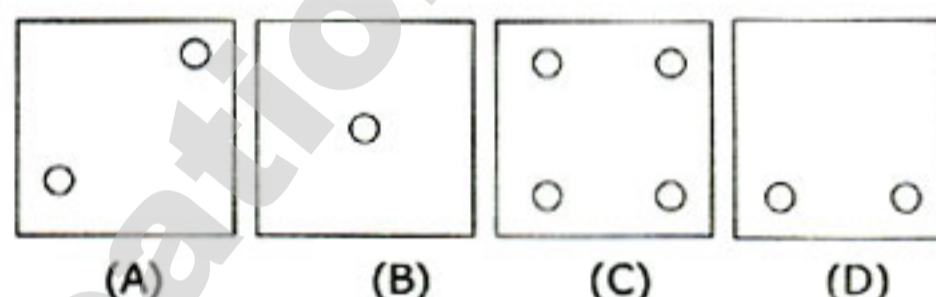
- (A)
- (B)
- (C)
- (D)

46. A piece of paper is folded and cut as shown below in the question figures. From the given answer figures, indicate how it will appear when opened ?

Question Figures



Answer Figures



47. A word is represented by only one set of numbers as given in any of the alternatives. The sets of numbers given in the alternatives are represented by two classes of alphabets as in two matrices given below. The columns and rows of Matrix I are numbered from 0 to 4 and that of Matrix II are numbered from 5 to 9. A letter from these matrices can be represented first by its row and next by its column. e.g. L can be represented by 04, 31, 40 etc. and B can be represented by 56, 98, 75 etc. Identify the set for the word WINER.

Matrix-I

	0	1	2	3	4
0	W	N	R	M	L
1	N	R	M	L	W
2	R	M	L	W	N
3	M	L	W	N	R
4	L	W	N	R	M

Matrix-II

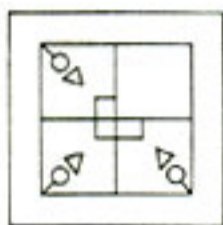
	5	6	7	8	9
5	O	B	E	I	D
6	D	O	B	E	I
7	B	E	I	D	O
8	E	I	D	O	B
9	I	D	O	B	E

- (A) 23, 86, 32, 76, 34
- (B) 32, 86, 33, 76, 43
- (C) 32, 69, 22, 57, 43
- (D) 00, 59, 33, 99, 98

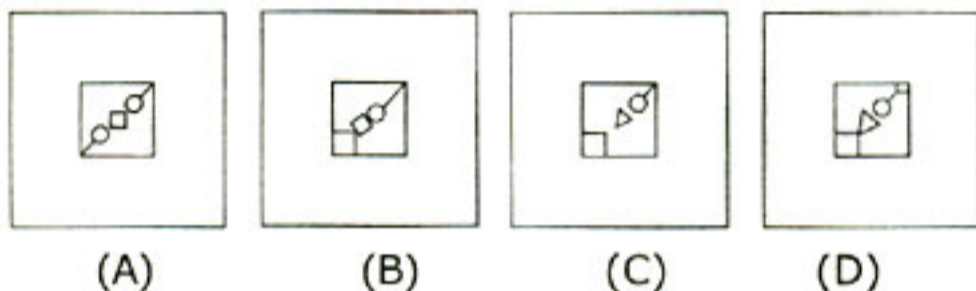
SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

48. Which answer figure will complete the pattern in the question figure ?

Question Figure

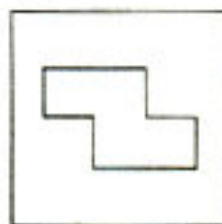


Answer Figures

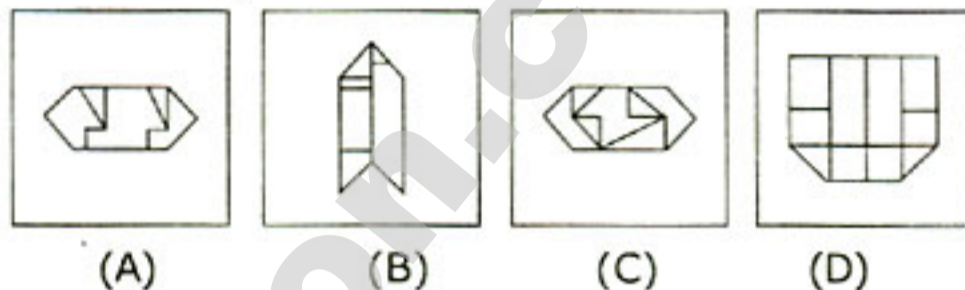


49. From the given answer figures, select the one in which the question figure is hidden/embedded.

Question Figure



Answer Figures



50. Which of the answer is right image of following letter ?

WINDMILL

- (A) JJIWQNIW
- (B) JJIMQNIW
- (C) JJIMQNIIM
- (D) JJIMQDNIM

**FOR VISUALLY HANDICAPPED CANDIDATES ONLY**

Direction : In question no. 44 and 45, select the related letter/word/number from the given alternatives.

44. 17 : 88 :: 15 : \_\_\_ ?  
 (A) 77 (B) 66 (C) 76 (D) 67

45. 14 : 28 : 35 :: \_\_\_ ?  
 (A) 18 : 27 : 72 (B) 15 : 30 : 45  
 (C) 16 : 32 : 40 (D) 12 : 26 : 40

46. Amal is taller than Kamal but shorter than Bimal. Bimal is taller than Parimal but shorter than Utpal. If Kamal is taller than Parimal, who is the shortest ?  
 (A) Utpal (B) Kamal  
 (C) Parimal (D) Bimal

47. Find the wrong number in the given series.  
 3, 8, 4, 15, 6, 35, 9, 79, 13, 168  
 (A) 4 (B) 8 (C) 35 (D) 79

48. Find the odd number pair from the given alternatives.  
 (A) 2, 5, 11 (B) 7, 10, 17  
 (C) 4, 7, 13 (D) 6, 9, 15

49. Choose the correct alternative from the given ones that will complete the series.  
 4, 32, 108, 256, \_\_\_ ? \_\_\_, 864  
 (A) 480 (B) 498 (C) 500 (D) 520

50. From the given alternative words, select the word which **cannot** be formed using the letters of the given word :  
 SIMULTANEOUSLY  
 (A) YEAST (B) SLIMY  
 (C) SATISFY (D) MOUSE

**SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK**

## PART - II

### GENERAL AWARENESS

- 51.** Calculations are made in computer with the help of its :  
 (A) CU (B) RAM (C) ALU (D) LSI
- 52.** The keibul Ramjav, the only floating National Park in the world, is in :  
 (A) Nepal (B) Bhutan  
 (C) Manipur (D) Mizoram
- 53.** Monopoly is a term associated with :  
 (A) Socialism (B) Mixed economy  
 (C) Communism (D) Capitalism
- 54.** A Rocket works on the principle of law of conservation of :  
 (A) Mass  
 (B) Linear momentum  
 (C) Energy  
 (D) Angular momentum
- 55.** Lines drawn on the map connecting places that receive same amount of rainfall are known as :  
 (A) Isotherms (B) Isobars  
 (C) Isohalines (D) Isohyets
- 56.** Deficiency of vitamin C causes :  
 (A) Blindness (B) Beri-beri  
 (C) Anaemia (D) Scurvey
- 57.** The Area reserved for the welfare of wildlife is called :  
 (A) National Park  
 (B) Botanical Garden  
 (C) Sanctuary  
 (D) Forest
- 58.** Union territory does not include the following :  
 (A) Andaman and Nicobar  
 (B) Jammu and Kashmir  
 (C) Delhi  
 (D) Lakshadweep
- 59.** Ranji Trophy is associated with \_\_\_\_\_ .  
 (A) Hockey  
 (B) Foot ball  
 (C) Cricket  
 (D) None of the above
- 60.** When money supply increases the price of goods and services :  
 (A) Increases (B) Decreases  
 (C) No change (D) Can't be calculated
- 61.** Who has advocated the adoption of PURA model to eradicate rural poverty ?  
 (A) A.M. Khushro  
 (B) Maulana Abdul Kalam Azad  
 (C) A.P.J. Abdul Kalam  
 (D) Abhijit sen
- 62.** Which country's cricket team created test history by successfully chasing a second innings target of 418 runs to beat Australia ?  
 (A) England (B) Pakistan  
 (C) West Indies (D) New Zealand
- 63.** Who among the following was the longest serving Chief Minister of any Indian State ?  
 (A) Bairon Singh Shekhawat  
 (B) Jyothi Basu  
 (C) Devi Lal  
 (D) Pratap Singh Kairon
- 64.** Which one of the following is the highest producer of wool in the world ?  
 (A) New Zealand  
 (B) Canada  
 (C) United States of America  
 (D) Australia
- 65.** The term of Rajya Sabha which was five years under the original constitution was raised by 42<sup>nd</sup> Amendment to :  
 (A) Seven years (B) Six years  
 (C) Eight years (D) Nine years

456 TG 7

GB-2014/Page14

66. Name the instrument which can record the electrical changes during heart beat.  
 (A) Electrocardiograph  
 (B) Electrocardiogram  
 (C) Stethoscope  
 (D) Sphygmomanometer
67. The southernmost point of India is called :  
 (A) Kanyakumari (B) Indira Point  
 (C) Rameshwaram (D) Cape Comorin
68. Which one of the following though termed gardens, infact is not a garden as such ?  
 (A) Vrindavan Gardens of Mysore  
 (B) Khushro Gardens of Lucknow  
 (C) Eden Gardens of Kolkata  
 (D) Hanging Gardens of Mumbai
69. Leaves appear green because they :  
 (A) Absorb green light  
 (B) Reflect green light  
 (C) Both  
 (D) Neither
70. Bhagat Singh, Rajguru and Sukhdev were hanged on :  
 (A) March 23, 1931 (B) March 23, 1932  
 (C) March 23, 1933 (D) March 23, 1934
71. Which of the famous ruler was called "The Father of Inscriptions" ?  
 (A) Chandra Gupta Mourya  
 (B) Ashoka  
 (C) Kanishka  
 (D) Samudra Gupta
72. Tipu Sultan was the ruler of :  
 (A) Hyderabad (B) Mysore  
 (C) Vijayanagar (D) Magadh
73. Radioactive inert gas is :  
 (A) He (B) Ne (C) Rn (D) Xe
74. The harmful compound in automobile exhaust is :  
 (A) Carbon dioxide  
 (B) Carbon monoxide  
 (C) Smoke  
 (D) All the above
75. The Chairman of the 13<sup>th</sup> Finance Commission is :  
 (A) D. Subba Rao  
 (B) Montek Singh Ahluwalia  
 (C) Manmohan Singh  
 (D) Vijay. L. Kelkar
76. The metal used in domestic electric cables is :  
 (A) Aluminium (B) Iron  
 (C) Copper (D) Nickel
77. CAD stands for :  
 (A) Computer Aided Design  
 (B) Computer Algorithm for Design  
 (C) Computer Application in Design  
 (D) Compact Aided Design
78. The resistance of a conductor increases with :  
 (A) increase in length  
 (B) increase in temperature  
 (C) decrease in cross-sectional area  
 (D) all of these
79. The average salt content of sea water is :  
 (A) 1% (B) 3.5%  
 (C) 10% (D) 12.3%
80. The city which has Headquarters of two railway zones is :  
 (A) Kolkata  
 (B) Mumbai  
 (C) Both (A) and (B)  
 (D) None of the above
81. The Tajmahal is affected by :  
 (A) CO (B) NO (C) CO<sub>2</sub> (D) SO<sub>2</sub>
82. First Indian Woman who reached Antarctica :  
 (A) Mohel Musa (B) Pritisu Gupta  
 (C) Geeta Ghosh (D) Ujjawala Patil
83. Who is the author of the book 'Question and Answer' ?  
 (A) Salman Rashdi  
 (B) Tasleema Nasreen  
 (C) Vikas Swarup  
 (D) Arvind Adiga



## 456 TG 7

84. Who was the author of the "Communist Manifesto" and "Das Capital" ?  
 (A) Leo Tolstoy (B) Gorkhy  
 (C) Turganev (D) Karl Marx
85. The largest gland in a mammal is :  
 (A) Liver (B) Pancreas  
 (C) Spleen (D) Parotid gland
86. Which of the following has no dimension ?  
 (A) Angular velocity  
 (B) Momentum  
 (C) Angular momentum  
 (D) Strain
87. The bottom of a beaker filled with liquid appears to be slightly raised due to :  
 (A) Refraction (B) Interference  
 (C) Diffraction (D) Reflection
88. From Guwahati to Chandigarh the monsoon rainfall shows :  
 (A) an increasing trend  
 (B) a decreasing trend  
 (C) a cyclic trend  
 (D) an irregular trend
89. Varghese Kurien was associated with :  
 (A) White Revolution  
 (B) Yellow Revolution  
 (C) Green Revolution  
 (D) Blue Revolution
90. Frontier Gandhi was the nick name of :  
 (A) Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan  
 (B) Vinoba Bhave  
 (C) Mahatma Gandhi  
 (D) None of the above
91. Which one of the following is a Qualitative Credit Control Method ?  
 (A) Open market operation  
 (B) Variable reserve ratio  
 (C) Moral suasion  
 (D) Bank rate policy
92. Which of the following is not a Government Sponsored Organisation ?  
 (A) SIDBI (Small Industries Development Board of India)  
 (B) ICICI (Industrial Credit and Investment Corporation of India)  
 (C) NABARD (National Bank for Agriculture in Rural Development)  
 (D) National Housing Bank
93. Jhum Cultivation is still prevalent in :  
 (A) Mizoram (B) Nagaland  
 (C) Manipur (D) All of the above
94. What are the products of Photosynthesis in plants ?  
 (A) Water and carbondioxide  
 (B) Water, oxygen and protein  
 (C) Water, oxygen and carbohydrate  
 (D) Protein, carbohydrate and water
95. Mangroves are :  
 (A) Rain forests  
 (B) Submerged coastal forests  
 (C) Tropical forests  
 (D) Deltaic forests
96. Koyana Hydro-electric Project is located in the State of :  
 (A) Bihar  
 (B) Tamil Nadu  
 (C) Andhra Pradesh  
 (D) Maharashtra
97. Kaziranga National Park is famous for :  
 (A) Tiger (B) Musk Deer  
 (C) Elephant (D) Rhinoceros
98. The President submits his/her letter of resignation to :  
 (A) The Prime Minister  
 (B) The Vice-President  
 (C) The Chief-Justice of India  
 (D) Speaker of Lok Sabha
99. In which of the following substances, if a few drops of concentrated sulphuric acid is added, it turns black ?  
 (A) Sugar (B) Edible salt  
 (C) Alcohol (D) Vinegar
100. Compelling an accused person to give specimen signature amounts to :  
 (A) Violation of right to personal liberty  
 (B) Violation of rule of law  
 (C) Violation of right to equal protection of laws  
 (D) Violation of principles of natural justice

## PART - III

## ENGLISH LANGUAGE AND COMPREHENSION

**Direction :** In Question No. 101 to 110, some parts of the sentences have errors and some are correct. Find out which part of a sentence has an error and blacken the oval [●] corresponding to the appropriate letter (A), (B), (C). If a sentence is free from errors, blacken the oval corresponding to (D) in the Answer Sheet.

101. I already had told/you about /  
(A) (B)  
his deplorable condition/ No error.  
(C) (D)
102. Rajat's brother as well as I/am guilty /  
(A) (B)  
of cheating Ramesh/ No error.  
(C) (D)
103. A fire was started accidentally, /  
(A)  
but we were able /to put it out / No error.  
(B) (C) (D)
104. Scarcely he had/gone a few steps/  
(A) (B)  
when his brother called him back /No error.  
(C) (D)
105. No sooner/I had started for college /  
(A) (B)  
than it began to rain/ No error.  
(C) (D)
106. A Two bedroom flat/with all furnitures/  
(A) (B)  
is available for sale/ No error.  
(C) (D)
107. Either he or his friends/  
(A)  
is managing /this show/ No error.  
(B) (C) (D)
108. Taking regular exercise/are good /for health/  
(A) (B) (C)  
No error.  
(D)
109. These tests /show whether someone /  
(A) (B)  
is having an infection / No error.  
(C) (D)
110. The later part of Gandhi's life/  
(A)  
till he was assassinated /  
(B)  
was in considerable measure the life of the  
nation as well/ (C)  
No error  
(D)

**Direction :** In Question No. 111 to 115, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four and indicate it by blackening the appropriate oval [●] in the Answer Sheet.

111. I will have to \_\_\_\_\_ on your opinion in this matter.  
 (A) believe (B) stand (C) follow (D) rely
112. There was so much \_\_\_\_\_ material in the speech that it was difficult to know what the speaker wanted to say.  
 (A) extra (B) superficial  
(C) beautiful (D) variegated
113. The men were asked not to \_\_\_\_\_ while the enemy advanced.  
(A) go back (B) retreat  
(C) return (D) retire
114. Each person had to \_\_\_\_\_ himself a character in the musical play.  
(A) administer (B) a sign  
 (C) assign (D) attest
115. After the war, the battle field was littered with \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) corpses (B) ~~corps~~  
(C) carcasses (D) cadavers

**Direction :** In Question No. 116 to 120, out of the four alternatives, choose the one which best expresses the meaning of the given word and mark it in the Answer Sheet.

116. Refrain  
(A) shun (B) refuse  
(C) abstain (D) decline
117. Spasmodic  
(A) Fleeting (B) Capricious  
(C) Desultory (D) Irregular
118. Hide  
(A) candid (B) protect (C) conceal (D) banish
119. Uncouth  
(A) Rough (B) Ungraceful  
(C) Slovenly (D) Dirty
120. Sanguine  
(A) Depressed (B) Pessimistic  
(C) Anxious (D) Optimistic

**Direction :** In Question No. **121** to **125**, choose the word opposite in meaning to the given word and mark it in the Answer Sheet.

**121.** Majestic

- (A) Humble (B) Posing  
(C) August (D) Submissive

**122.** Literal

- (A) figurative (B) subjective  
(C) objective (D) negative

**123.** Utopian

- (A) Imaginary (B) Practical  
(C) Escape (D) Illusion

**124.** Cacophony

- (A) Discord (B) Racket  
(C) Harmony (D) Systematic

**125.** Guest

- (A) servant ✓ (B) host  
(C) maid (D) senior

**Direction :** In Question No. **126** to **130**, four alternatives are given for the Idiom\Phrase underlined in the sentence. Choose the alternative which best expresses the meaning of the Idiom\Phrase and mark it in the Answer Sheet.

**126.** The young people in the hall gave a loud cheer to the older people who were cutting the rug.

- (A) dancing vigorously  
(B) cutting the carpets  
(C) sitting calmly  
(D) wearing trendy clothes

**127.** People who call a spade a spade are always appreciated.

- (A) who play cards (B) who tell the truth  
(C) who help others (D) who are generous

**128.** He played ducks and drakes with his ancestral property and was ruined.

- (A) to sell (B) to gamble  
(C) to waste (D) to deceive

**129.** The lawyer tried to put words in his client mouth.

- (A) not to tell anything  
(B) tell a person what to say  
(C) ask a person to lie  
(D) ask a person to pretend

**130.** Don't come in his way. It is like playing with fire.

- (A) burning yourself  
(B) being angry  
(C) facing an easy situation  
(D) facing a dangerous situation

**Direction :** In Question No. **131** to **135**, the 1<sup>st</sup> and the last sentences of the passage are numbered 1 and 6. The rest of the passage is split into four parts and named P, Q, R and S. These four parts are not given in their proper order. Read the sentence and find out which of the four combinations is correct. Then find the correct answer and indicate it by blackening the appropriate oval [ ● ] in the Answer Sheet.

**131. 1** Ashoka ascended the throne after his father Bindusar's death.

P Kalinga was annexed to the Mauriyan Empire.

Q But they were ultimately defeated.

R The forces of Kalinga put up a tough resistance.

S Eight years after his coronation he attacked Kaling.

6 But the enormous loss of innocent lives in the battle of Kalinga filled him with remorse.

- (A) S P R Q (B) S R P Q  
(C) P Q R S (D) S R Q P

**132. 1** Surprisingly, Salim Ali had no university degree.

P He left for Burma to help his brother in his farm.

Q In the jungles of Burma he looked for birds instead of animals.

R Although he joined college, his intense dislike for mathematics did not allow him to continue his studies.

S But here again he proved a failure.

6 When he returned home he did a course in zoology and was appointed a guide at the museum of the Bombay Natural History Society.

- (A) P R S Q (B) R P S Q  
(C) P Q S R (D) S P Q R

**133. 1** Anthony was acting oddly, even for a robber P It worked.

Q He drew his toy gun, demanded money, then asked the teller to call the police.

R He entered a bank in Pennysluania.

S He later explained that he wanted to be arrested so he could get away from his wife.

6 He was sentenced to three years in prison.

- (A) P Q S R (B) P Q R S  
(C) R Q P S (D) R Q S P

**134. 1** A few years ago, I was on holiday in the Himalayas.

P I approached the owner of a restaurant.

Q It was a place inhabited by poor people and there was no proper hotel.

R I stopped for the night in a small village.

S He offered me a bed for the night.

6 I was surprised by the hospitality of these people with such frugal resources.

- (A) R Q P S (B) Q R P S  
(C) R P S Q (D) P S R Q

456 TG 7

- 135.** 1 Swami Vivekananda was the Hindu monk of India.  
 P He went to Chicago and attended the Parliament of Religion.  
 Q Sri Ramkrishna inspired him to serve the poor suffering humanity as his god.  
 R He came back to India.  
 S Sri Ramkrishna the wonderful god-man of Dakshineswar was his preceptor.  
 6 He founded the now world-famous Ramakrishna Mission.
- (A) P Q R S (B) S Q P R  
 (C) P Q S R (D) P S R Q

**Direction :** In Question No. 136 to 145, a sentence has been given in Active/Passive Voice. Out of the four alternatives suggested, select the one which best expresses the same sentence in Passive/Active Voice and mark your answer in the Answer Sheet.

- 136.** He has raised an important question.  
 (A) An important question has raised by him.  
 (B) An important question has been raised by him.  
 (C) An important question was raised by him.  
 (D) An important question is raised by him.
- 137.** Some one has stolen my purse.  
 (A) My purse had been stolen.  
 (B) My purse is stolen.  
 (C) My purse was stolen.  
 (D) My purse has been stolen (by someone).
- 138.** Amy couldn't handle the job alone.  
 (A) The job couldn't have been handled by Amy alone.  
 (B) The job could be handled by Amy alone.  
 (C) The job could not handle Amy alone.  
 (D) The job couldn't be handle by Amy alone.
- 139.** Who broke the glass ?  
 (A) By whom was the glass broken ?  
 (B) By whom is the glass broken ?  
 (C) By whom has the glass been broken ?  
 (D) By whom had the glass broken ?
- 140.** Two boys were helping a blind man.  
 (A) A blind man was helped by two boys.  
 (B) A blind man is being helped by two boys.  
 (C) A blind man was being helped by two boys.  
 (D) A blind man has been helped by two boys.
- 141.** Bring a glass of water.  
 (A) Let a glass of water is brought.  
 (B) Let a glass of water has to be brought.  
 (C) Let a glass of water is to be brought.  
 (D) Let a glass of water be brought.
- 142.** The roof was repaired by John.  
 (A) John repaired the roof.  
 (B) John repairs the roof.  
 (C) John is repairing the roof.  
 (D) John was repairing the roof.
- 143.** Do you know her ?  
 (A) Is she known to you ?  
 (B) Does she known to you ?  
 (C) Was she known to you ?  
 (D) Has she known to you ?

- 144.** The injured were taken to the hospital by the villagers.  
 (A) The villagers were taking the injured to the hospital.  
 (B) The villagers are taking the injured to the hospital.  
 (C) The villagers take the injured to the hospital.  
 (D) The villagers took the injured to the hospital.
- 145.** I kept the flowers in a vase.  
 (A) The flowers are kept in a vase.  
 (B) The flowers were being kept in a vase.  
 (C) The flowers were kept in a vase.  
 (D) The flowers had been kept in a vase.

**Direction :** In Question No. 146 to 155, a part of the sentence in underlined. Below are given alternatives to the underlined part at (A), (B), (C) which may improve the sentence. Choose the correct alternative. In case no improvement is needed your answer is (D). Mark your answer in the Answer Sheet.

- 146.** I saw a bloat of hippopotamus.  
 (A) I saw a bloat of hippopotami.  
 (B) I saw a flock of hippopotamus.  
 (C) I saw a flock of hippopotami.  
 (D) No improvement
- 147.** Bye, Sheila see you some time.  
 (A) later (B) soon  
 (C) never (D) No improvement
- 148.** The cattles are grazing in the field.  
 (A) cattle is (B) cattle are  
 (C) cattles were (D) No improvement
- 149.** Cowards die many times before their death.  
 (A) Cowards before their death many times die.  
 (B) Cowards before die many times their death.  
 (C) Cowards many times die before their death.  
 (D) No improvement
- 150.** His opponent was too strong, Ram had to except defeat.  
 (A) expect (B) accept  
 (C) confess (D) No improvement
- 151.** The constable asked to the man what he was doing at the shop-window.  
 (A) The constable asked the man what, at the shop-window, he was doing.  
 (B) The constable asked the man what he was doing at the shop-window.  
 (C) The constable asked what, at the shop-window, the man was doing.  
 (D) No improvement
- 152.** I am confidant of winning the competition.  
 (A) confidence (B) confidential  
 (C) confident (D) No improvement
- 153.** He told me that he wants to have a talk with me.  
 (A) he wanted  
 (B) he is wanting  
 (C) he has been wanting  
 (D) No improvement

**154.** The decent from the mountain peak was slow and painful.  
 (A) descent (B) decline  
 (C) decrease (D) No improvement

**155.** Not only the master but also the servants was sad.  
 (A) is (B) were  
 (C) where (D) No improvement

**Direction :** In Question No. **156** to **165**, a sentence has been given in Direct/Indirect. Out of the four alternatives suggested, select the one which best expresses the same sentence in Indirect/Direct and mark your answer in the Answer Sheet.

**156.** I said to him, "You are the most trust worthy friend that I have."  
 (A) I told him that he was the most trust worthy friend that I had.  
 (B) I told him that he is the most trust worthy friend that I had.  
 (C) I told him that he has been the most trust worthy friend that I have.  
 (D) I told him that he was the most trust worthy friend I will ever have.

**157.** He said, 'Honesty is the best policy.'  
 (A) He told that honesty was the best policy.  
 (B) He said honesty was the best policy.  
 (C) He said that honesty has been the best policy.  
 (D) He says that honesty is the best policy.

**158.** He said to me, "May god bless you."  
 (A) He said to me that god may bless me.  
 (B) He said that I may be blessed by god.  
 (C) He prayed that god might bless me.  
 (D) He said that may I be blessed by god.

**159.** The policeman asked the man why he was sleeping on the bench.  
 (A) The policeman asked the man, "Why were you sleeping on the bench ? Were you drunk ?"  
 (B) The policeman asked the man, "Why you slept on the bench ? Were you drunk ?"  
 (C) The policeman asked the man, "Why are you sleeping on the bench ?"  
 (D) The policeman asked the man, "Why are you sleeping on the bench ? Was you drunk ?"

**160.** Joan said to her friend, "The colour is beautiful, isn't it ?"  
 (A) Joan told her friend that the colour is beautiful.  
 (B) Joan asked her friend if the colour is beautiful, isn't it.  
 (C) Joan said to her friend that she thought that the colour was beautiful.  
 (D) Joan said to her friend that the colour was beautiful.

**161.** "Do you know anything about them ?" She asked the captain.

- (A) She asked the captain does he know anything about them.  
 (B) She asked the captain did he know anything about them.  
 (C) She asked the captain if he knew anything about them.  
 (D) She asked the captain if he knows anything about them.

**162.** I implored the mother not to beat the child like that.

- (A) The mother told me, "Don't beat the child like this."  
 (B) I said, "Will you beat the child like this ?"  
 (C) I said to the mother, " Please don't beat the child like this."  
 (D) I told the mother, "Do beat the child like this."

**163.** The police officer said, "We have caught the main culprit and we are trying to catch his accomplices".

- (A) The police officer said that they had caught the main culprit and have been trying to catch his accomplices.  
 (B) The police officer said that they have caught the main culprit but not his accomplices.  
 (C) The police officer said that they caught the main culprit and are trying to catch his accomplices  
 (D) The police officer said that they had caught the main culprit and that they were trying to catch his accomplices.

**164.** Othello said, "This is my first gift to my wife."

- (A) Othello said that it was his first gift to his wife.  
 (B) Othello declared that, that was his first gift to his wife.  
 (C) Othello said that this was his first gift to his wife.  
 (D) Othello said that, that is his first gift to his wife.

**165.** Fernando said, "It was the best experience of my stay here."

- (A) Fernando said that it had been the best experience of his stay there.  
 (B) Fernando said that it is the best experience of his stay there.  
 (C) Fernando said that it was the best experience of his stay here.  
 (D) Fernando said that it has been the best experience of his stay here.

**Direction :** In Question No. 166 to 185, in the following two passages some of the words have been left out. Read the passages carefully and choose the correct answer to each question out of the four alternative and fill in the blanks.

**Passage I (Q.No 166 - 175)**

No Indian, irrespective of his colour or creed, has been able to escape completely from the Institution of caste. Its laws (166) been obeyed by all without murmur, complaint or hesitation. Even many a sublime social (167) has been sacrificed at the altar of caste to (168) admission to the social (169). In all ages, anti-caste movements (170) launched but they were rendered (171) due to the inherent strength of the (172) of caste. It remained as (173) as ever. As an institution of social control, it has always been and (174) a hindrance in the development of social consciousness or national (175).

166. (A) has (B) had (C) always (D) have  
 167. (A) idea (B) law  
(C) principle (D) good  
 168. (A) get (B) earn (C) allow (D) seek  
 169. (A) rank (B) organization  
(C) order (D) code  
 170. (A) was (B) had (C) were (D) is  
 171. (A) useless (B) ineffective  
(C) powerless (D) futile  
 172. (A) institute (B) institution  
(C) organisation (D) agency  
 173. (A) constant (B) delicate  
(C) real (D) firm  
 174. (A) continue to be (B) will continue to be  
(C) become (D) going to be  
 175. (A) revival (B) resurgence  
(C) renaissance (D) awakening

**Passage II (Q. NO. 176 - 185)**

Most British People go abroad on holiday to visit family, or on short business trips. People are (176) to find out how to get urgent treatment before leaving the UK. They have to (177) a form which explains what they (178) do if they fall ill or (179) an accident, and what arrangements exist in (180) country for medical treatment. The regulations are fairly simple but (181) do not have this information, they may (182) that private medical care is extremely expensive. It is not unusual for people to discover that they do not have (183) money with them to (184) the total costs and (185) such circumstances an already difficult situation becomes even more complicated.

176. (A) advised (B) spoken  
(C) said (D) suggested  
 177. (A) bring (B) fill (C) get (D) put

178. (A) should (B) will  
(C) may (D) ought  
 179. (A) take (B) happen  
(C) get (D) have  
 180. (A) each (B) one  
(C) this (D) their  
 181. (A) because (B) people  
(C) as (D) whether  
 182. (A) find (B) know (C) want (D) look  
 183. (A) little (B) full  
(C) few (D) enough  
 184. (A) have (B) cover (C) spend (D) give  
 185. (A) at (B) up (C) on (D) in

**Direction :** In Question No. 186 to 200, you have 3 (three) brief passages with 5 questions following each passage. Read the passages carefully and choose the best answer to each question out of the four alternatives and mark it by blackening the appropriate oval [ ● ] in the Answer Sheet.

**Passage I (Q.No. 186 - 190)**

A poor Arab, travelling in the desert, was thirsty and tired, when he saw a spring. With a grateful heart he drank the water which he felt was extraordinarily sweet. He filled his leather bottle with the pure water, and continued on his way.

After many days he arrived at Baghdad. Securing an audience with the potentate, he gravely presented him with the leather bottle of water. It was the only gift he had.

The Caliph received the gift with great pleasure. Pouring some of the water into the goblet, he drank it, and then, thanking the poor Arab, rewarded him generously for his gift.

All the courtiers pressed forward, eager to taste the wonderful water. But the Caliph denied them the privilege, even to his favourites.

When the Arab had departed with a happy heart, the Caliph explained why he had acted so strangely. The water in the leather bottle, because of its long storage, had become impure and foul tasting. He knew that if the others had tasted the water, they would have shown their disgust, and the poor man's feelings would have been wounded.

186. The Arab gave the Caliph \_\_\_\_\_ water to drink without knowing.  
 (A) the pure (B) the foul tasting  
 (C) the wonderful (D) the sweet tasting  
 187. Only \_\_\_\_\_ felt that the water was extraordinarily sweet.  
 (A) the Caliph (B) the poor Arab  
 (C) the people (D) the favourites  
 188. The poor Arab had \_\_\_\_\_ to give to the Caliph.  
 (A) no gifts (B) just a leather bottle  
 (C) just one gift (D) has many gifts

189. The Caliph \_\_\_\_\_ the wonderful water which was presented by the poor Arab.  
 (A) shared (B) was eager to share  
 (C) finally shared (D) did not share
190. The Caliph knew that others would show their \_\_\_\_\_ once they've tasted the water.  
 (A) disgust (B) appreciation  
 (C) feelings (D) wounds

**Passage II (Q.No. 191 - 195)**

In a village in India, two parties fell out as a result of a dispute between two children over the possession of a pin. Lathis were freely used and injuries sustained on both sides.

The more we are able to control our feelings, the more we act like intelligent human beings.

Rather than merely avoid losing our temper, which is a negative procedure at best, we should strive to show a friendly understanding and a consideration for others, even when they have done things to irritate us. This does not mean being overly soft. It merely proves we are capable of disagreement without being impolite. In your home, your office, driving along the road, getting on the bus, shopping in the market, or in a hundred daily circumstances you have countless opportunities to show that we can rise above the temptation to be impatient, complaining or sarcastic.

191. Two parties in India fought over \_\_\_\_\_.  
 (A) a pin (B) a village  
 (C) lathis (D) two children
192. We should \_\_\_\_\_ to others in order to avoid creating disputes.  
 (A) avoid negative procedure  
 (B) lose our temper  
 (C) be friendly and considerate  
 (D) cause injuries
193. \_\_\_\_\_ avoid being impatient, complaining and sarcastic in our life.  
 (A) We can choose to  
 (B) The temptation is too strong to  
 (C) It is beyond us to  
 (D) We cannot
194. We act like intelligent human beings when we \_\_\_\_\_.  
 (A) stop a dispute between children  
 (B) control our feelings  
 (C) freely sustain injuries  
 (D) we loose our temper
195. We should \_\_\_\_\_ when people have done things to irritate us.  
 (A) not be soft  
 (B) show friendly understanding  
 (C) loose our temper  
 (D) be too soft

**Passage III (Q.No. 196 - 200)**

Beds are the best evidence of the importance that man attaches to sleep. What deep sleeper can have gazed without envy at the monumental, spacious, four - poster beds of the past ? It is easy to imagine one climbing into a bed like this, drawing the curtains and enjoying hours and hours of uninterrupted sleep. It is only in our days that beds have been debased. The first victim in our effort to save space has been, of course, the bed. Everything is done to make it less conspicuous. It folds up and disappears into the wall or performs astonishing acrobatic tricks and turns itself into a couch or an armchair. Even the bedroom as such has disappeared and has been replaced by a thing called a 'sitting-bedroom' in which you can neither comfortably sleep nor sit. What with further refinement like rubber mattresses and electric blankets it is no wonder that many of us suffer from insomnia and seek salvation from alarm clocks to wake up each morning. Psychologists, meanwhile are busy studying our sleep habits and tell us that we cannot truly rest unless we dream. But most of us dream during the few minutes of blissful sleep that follow each rude awakening. Only our ancestors knew the true value of sleep. We have simply to remember that Shakespeare not only gave the subject a lot of attention but rated beds so highly as to make out a will leaving his wife his 'second-best bed'.

196. This passage deals with :  
 (A) the sleeping patterns of psychologists  
 (B) monuments that resemble beds in the past  
 (C) modern beds and rubber mattresses  
 (D) the decline in the importance attached to sleep
197. The phrase 'less conspicuous' means :  
 (A) that which occupies less space  
 (B) less obvious  
 (C) smaller in size  
 (D) able to change without effort
198. In order to save space we have :  
 (A) invented the electric blanket  
 (B) done away with comfortable beds  
 (C) forced sofas to perform acrobatics  
 (D) included four poster beds in our rooms
199. 'It is only in our days that the bed has been debased'. This means :  
 (A) during our times the bed has been given more importance  
 (B) during modern times the beds have been relegated to basements  
 (C) the bed has been lowered in quality and value today  
 (D) beds of higher quality are made today
200. According to the author, we suffer from insomnia because :  
 (A) We attach more importance to wall mountable beds  
 (B) We live in perpetual fear of the alarm clock  
 (C) Shakespeare left his second-best bed to his wife  
 (D) We sleep on uncomfortable bedding