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Halo Alkanes and Haloarenes

SUBTOPIC - IV Poly Halogen Compounds

| 1. | Iodoform is used as | | | | | | |
|-----|--|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | 1) Anaesthetic | 2) Antiseptic | 3) Analgesic | 4) Antifebrin | | | |
| 2. | The following is used in paint removing | | | | | | |
| | 1) <i>CHCl</i> ₃ | 2) CH_2Cl_2 | 3) <i>CCl</i> ₄ | 4) <i>CH</i> ₃ <i>Cl</i> | | | |
| 3. | In fire extinguishers, following is used | | | | | | |
| | 1) CH_3Cl_3 | 2) <i>CS</i> ₂ | 3) <i>CCl</i> ₄ | 4) <i>CH</i> ₂ <i>Cl</i> ₂ | | | |
| 4. | The following is used for metal cleaning and finishing | | | | | | |
| | 1) $CHCl_3$ | 2) <i>CHI</i> ₃ | 3) CH_2Cl_2 | 4) $C_6 H_6$ | | | |
| 5. | First chlorinated insecticide | | | | | | |
| | 1) DDT | 2) Gammexane | 3) Iodoform | 4) Freon | | | |
| 6. | Freon R - 22 is | | | | | | |
| | 1) $CHClF_2$ | 2) CCl_2F_2 | 3) <i>CH</i> ₃ <i>Cl</i> | 4) <i>CH</i> ₂ <i>Cl</i> ₂ | | | |
| 7. | The following is used as anaesthetic | | | | | | |
| | 1) $C_2 H_4$ | 2) <i>CHCl</i> ₃ | 3) CH_2Cl_2 | 4) <i>DDT</i> | | | |
| 8. | Freon - 12 is | | | | | | |
| | 1) <i>CF</i> ₃ <i>Cl</i> | 2) $CHCl_2F$ | 3) CF_2Cl_2 | 4) <i>CFCl</i> ₃ | | | |
| 9. | Molecular formula of DDT has | | | | | | |
| | 1) 5 Cl atoms 2) 4 C | Cl atoms 3) 3 Cl ato | oms 4) 2 Cl atom | s | | | |
| 10. | 10. Which of the following compounds is used as a refrigerant? | | | | | | |
| | 1) $CHC\ell_3$ | 2) ^{CCℓ} ₄ | 3) C ₂ H ₆ | 4) $CC\ell_2F_2$ | | | |

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<u>Key</u>

1) 2 2) 2 3) 3 4) 3 5) 1 6) 1 7) 2 8) 3 9) 1 10) 4

SUBTOPIC - V Previous Competitive Questions

Consider the following reaction, $C_2H_5Cl + AgCN \xrightarrow{EtOH/H_2O} X$ (major). 1. Which one of the following statements is true for \underline{X} (EAMCET-2009) I) It gives propionic acid on hydrolysis II) It has an ester functional group III) It has nitrogen linked to ethyl carbon IV) It has a cyanide group 3) II 4) I 1) IV 2) III $C_2H_5OH + SOCl_2$ — Pyridi 2. x+y+z in this reaction x, y and z respectively are (EAMCET -2008) 4) C_2H_4, SO_2, Cl_2 C_2H_5Cl, SO_2, HCl **3**) $C_2H_5Cl, SOCl, HCl$ 1) $C_2H_4Cl_2, SO_2, HCl$ Identity 'B' in the following reaction 3. $CH_2 = CH_2 + HCl_2$ (EAMCET - 2007) 1) *CH*₇ 4) $C_2 H_5 OH$ C_2H_6 3) C_2H_5Cl C_2H_5Cl $\xrightarrow{S_2Cl_2} C$ 4. In the above sequence of reactions identify 'C' (EAMCET-2007) 1) Chloretone 2) Chloropicrin 3) Mustard gas 4) Lewisite gas

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| 5. | Ethyl Chloride on | reduction with LiA | ^{lH} 4 gives compour | nd 'X' as important | | |
|-----|--|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------|--|--|
| | product, 'X' on chlorination with one mole of <i>Cl</i> ₂ in the presence of ligh | | | | | |
| | ordinary temperatur | (EAMCET-2007) | | | | |
| | 1) $C_2 H_6$ | 2) $C_2 H_4$ | 3) $C_2 H_5 Cl$ | 4) $C_{2}H_{5}OH$ | | |
| 6. | Which of the follo | owing can give a | grignard reagent | when reacted with | | |
| | magnesium in dry et | her? | | (EAMCET-2006) | | |
| | 1) $C_2 H_6$ | 2) $C_2 H_5 Cl$ | 3) C_2H_5OH | 4) C_2H_5CN | | |
| 7. | Which of the following reagents when heated with ethyl chloride forms ethylene? | | | | | |
| | | | | (EAMCET-2006) | | |
| | 1) Aqueous KOH | 2) Zn/HC <i>l</i> | 3) Alcoholic - KOH | 4) HI | | |
| 8. | Tertiary alkyl halide | s are particularly | substituted by S_N^2 | mechanism because | | |
| | of | | | (EAMCET-2005) | | |
| | 1) Steric hindrance | 2) Inductive effect | 3) Instability | 4) Insolubility | | |
| 9. | Identify A and B in the following reactions: $A \xrightarrow{aq.NaOH/\Delta} C_2H_5OH \xleftarrow{AgOH} B$ | | | | | |
| | | | | (EAMCET 2005) | | |
| | 1) $A = C_2 H_2, B = C_2 H_6$ | C | 2) $A = C_2 H_5 Cl, B = C_2 H_4$ | | | |
| | 3) $A = C_2 H_4, B = C_2 H_5 Cl$ | | 4) $A = C_2 H_5 Cl, B = C_2 H_5 Cl$ | I | | |
| 10. | What is the molecular formula of the product formed when Benzene is reacted | | | | | |
| | with ethyl chloride in presence of anhydrous aluminium chloride? | | | | | |
| | N. | | | (EAMCET 2004) | | |
| | 1) C ₈ H ₁₀ | 2) C ₆ H ₆ | 3) C ₈ H ₈ | 4) C_6H_5Cl | | |
| 11. | Identify A and B in t | he following reaction | on | (EAMCET 2004) | | |
| | 1) $A = aq.KOH, B = A$ | AgOH | 2) A = alc.KOH, B = aq.NaOH | | | |
| | 3) A = aq.NaOH, B = AgNO ₂ | | 4) $A = AgNO_2$, $B = KNO_2$ | | | |

12. Which of the following reactions is an example of nucleophilic substitution reaction? (AIPMT 2009) 1) 2 RX + Na \rightarrow R - R + 2 NaX 2) $RX + H_2 \rightarrow RH + HX$ 4) $RX + KOH \rightarrow ROH + KX$ 3) $RX + Mg \rightarrow RMgX$ In S_N2 substitution reaction of the type $R - Br + Cl^{-} \xrightarrow{DMF} R - Cl + Br^{-}$ which 13. one of the following has the highest relative rate? (AIPMT 2008) CH_3 1) $CH_3 - CH_2 - CH_2 - Br$ 2) CH₃ CH₂ Br 4) $CH_3 - C - CH_2 - Bh$ 3) $CH_3 - CH_2 - CH_2Br$

<u>Key</u>

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