THE LIVING WORLD

1. Choose the correct statement

- 1) Growth is exclusive feature of living organisms
- 2) Non-living organisms do not show growth
- 3) Living beings show growth due to deposition of material on their surface
- *4) Growth is internal in living organisms

2. Reproduction itself is growth in

- I. Chlamydomonas II. Bacteria III. Amoeba IV. Mangifera
- 1) I, II, IV *2) All except IV 3) I, II 4) only II

3. Choose the wrong statement

- 1) Animals show growth only upto certain age
- 2) Plants show growth as long as they live
- *3) In animals the lost cells are not replaced 4) Increase in size of cell is also growth.

4. Reproduction is absent in

- 1) Chlorella 2) Amoeba *3) Worker Bees 4) Bacteria
- 5. Filamentous algae and fungi vegetatively reproduce by
 - *1) Fragmentation 2) Budding 3) Conidia 4) All
- 6. Hydra vegetatively reproduces by
 - 1) Fragmentation *2) Budding 3) Zoospores 4)Aplanospores

7. Tissue culture is a type of

- 1) Parthenogenesis *2) Vegetative reproduction
- 3) Sexual reproduction 4) Asexual reproduction

8. Match the following

	ch the rone wing							
4	List – I		List – II		A	В	\mathbf{C}	D
A)	Reproduction in Bacteria	I)	Spores	1)	III	IV	V	II
B)	Reproduction in Yeasts	II)	Fragmentation	2)	IV	III	I	II
C)	Reproduction in Algae like Chalmydomonas	ĺ	Cell Division	*3)	III	IV	I	II
D)	Reproduction in the structure Protonema	IV)	Budding	4)	III	IV	II	I
		V)	Grafting					

9. [A]: Vegetative reproduction is more common in Plants than Animals

[R]: Amoeba reproduces by cell division

- 1) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A
- *2) Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A
- 3) A is true but R is false
- 4) A is false but R is true

10. Only one parent is involved in the following reproduction

1) Vegetative propagation

2) Asexual reproduction

3) Sexual reproduction

*4) 1 and 2

11. In metabolism

- I. Larger molecules are formed from smaller molecules
- II. Smaller molecules are formed from larger molecules.
- III. One biomolecule is converted into another biomolecule.
- IV. Cell organelles are not involved
- 1) I, II, III are incorrect

2) II, III, IV are correct

3) I and II are wrong

*4) only IV is wrong

12. Metabolism is not shown by

- 1) Bacteria
- 2) Algae
- 3) Mycoplasmas
- *4) Viruses

13. Light influences reproduction in

- 1) Flowering plants 2) Animals
- 3) Bryophytes
- *4) All

14. [A]: Plants are self-conscious

[R]: Plants exhibit awareness to surroundings.

- 1) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A
- 2) Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A
- 3) A is true but R is false
- *4) A is false but R is true

15. The properties of cells is due to interactions between

1) Cells

2) Tissues

*3) Cell organelles of cell

4) Fattyacids of lipids

16. The genetic material in organisms from Bacteria to Man is

- 1) Protein
- 2) Enzyme
- 3) RNA
- *4) DNA

A

17. The number of species of living organisms on this planet is

- 1) 17 million
- 2) 18 million
- 3) 1.9 billion
- *4) 1.78 million

В

 \mathbf{C}

D

18. Match the following

List – I		List – II	
A) Herbarium	I)	Species	
B) Flora	II)	Linnaeus	
C) SystemaNaturae	III)	Keys	
D) Taxon	IV)	Dried plant specimen	
	V)	Dried animal specimen	

1) IV III II III II I II IV Ι

IV II II V

- 19. Density of biodiversity is more in

 - *1) Tropical forests 2) Temperate forests 3) Grass lands
- 4) Crop lands

20. Identification of plants is usually done with the help of

- 1) Museum
- 2) Flora
- 3) Herbaria
- *4) 2 and 3

21. ICBN is

- 1) International court for botanical nomenclature
- 2) International class of Botanical nomenclature
- 3) International code of Biological nomenclature
- *4) International code for Botanical nomenclature

22. Choose the correct statement

- 1) A plant can be given more than one scientific names
- 2) Plant names can be given in any language
- 3) Plant names must be given in English
- *4) Plant binomial in Italics represents its Latin origin

23. This is not a part of taxonomic hierarchy

- 1) Species
- 2) Genus
- 3) Order
- *4)Lead

24. Lowest taxonomic category is

- *1) Species
- 2) Genus
- 3) Family
- 4) Order

25. Choose the correct statement

- 1) A species name of one genus should not be mentioned in some other genus
- *2) A species name given to plant in the genus should not be given to some other plant in the same genus
- 3) Generic names of a family can be given to generic names of some other family of the same kingdom
- 4) A family can compose of more number of genera than its species.

26. Match the following

List – I		List – II		A	В	\mathbf{C}	D
A) Potato	(I)	Triticum	1)	V	IV	I	II
B) Tobacco) II)	Mangifera	2)	IV	V	I	III
C) Mango	HI)	Datura	3)	IV	IV	II	I
D) Wheat	IV)	Solanum	*4)	IV	V	II	I
	V)	Nicotiana					

- 27. [A]: Individuals of a genus show more similarities than differences.
 - [R]: Mango and Potato show more similarities than Potato and Nicotiana.
 - 1) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A
 - 2) Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A
 - *3) A is true but R is false
 - 4) A is false but R is true

28. Convolvulaceae belongs to the order

- *1) Polemoniales
- 2)Poales
- 3)Malvales
- 4) Rosales

49.	wianghera belongs	to the family									
	1) Solanaceae	ae *3)Anacardiaceae			4)Malvaceae						
30.	0. Malvales belongs to the class										
	*1) Dicotyledonae 2)Monocotyledonae 3)Gymnospermae							4) Coniferae			
31.	31. Diptera is the order to which the following organism belongs										
	1) Homo sapiens	*2) Muscadome	estica	3)Mangifera	aindic	a	4) <i>T</i>	ritici	umvulgare		
32.	It has a collection of	f preserved plan	t spe	cimens							
	I. Herbarium	II. Botanical Ga	arden	s III.Museum			IV.Mannual				
	1) I only	2) II, III		*3) I, III			4) I	II, IV			
33. Each statement in a doublet is called as											
	1) Ramet	2) Comet		*3) Lead			4) I	Deed			
34.	Choose the correct s	statement.					\mathbb{A}				
	1) In a flora only one key is provided for all the plants of an area										
	2)A key is based on both similarities and differences among the individuals of a species.										
	*3) A key is based or	n both similaritie	s and	differences am	ong t	he in	divid	luals	of a genus		
	4) Keys are provided	in herbaria		7							
35.	Match the following	5	1								
	List – I		4	List – II		A	В	\mathbf{C}	D		
	A) Distribution of parea	plants of a given	I)	Museum	*1)	III	IV	V	I		
	B) Identification of ofspecies of an		II)	Herbaria	2)	III	IV	V	II		
	C) Information abo	A	III)	Flora	3)	IV	V	II	I		
	taxon D) Usage of preser	vatives	IV)	Manuals	4)	IV	I	III	II		
			V)	Monographs							
36	[A]: Royal Botanica	l Cardons is int	erna	tional center fo	or Pla	nt I	lanti	ficat	ion		
50.	[R]: It has largest co				<i>)</i> 1 1 10	1111 11	101111	ııcaı	ion.		
		1) Both A and I		_	ne cor	rect e	expla	natic	on of A		
		*2) Both A and					_				
		3) A is true but									
37.	The smallest taxon	4) A is false bu with relatively n			an sin	nilar	ities	amo	ng the individı	uals.	
	1) Species	2) Genus		3) Class				Orde			
38.	The largest taxon w	ith more simila	rities	than difference	es is						
	*1) Family	2) Order		3) Species			4) (Genu	S		
39.	Sapindales is the or	,		• •			•				
	1) House fly	2) Man		*3) Mango			4) V	Whea	nt		
	www.sakshieducation.com										

			V	vww.sak	shieducation.co	m							
40.	Phylum of animal c	lassific	ation	is equivale	ent to the following	of pl	ant c	lassi	ficat	ion			
	1) Class	*2) Di	vision		3) Order	4) Family							
41.	A group of differen	t cells is	s stud	lied in									
	*a) Histology	b) Ana	atomy	7	c) Cytology	C	d) Cell Biology						
42.	Cytology deals with	the stu	ıdy of	f									
	I. Cell organelles	II. Cel	ll fund	ctions	III. Cell multiplica	cation							
	a) I only	b) II a	nd III	only	c) I and II only		⁵d) I,	II, II	Ι				
43.	Match the following	<u> </u>		·	•								
	List – I	.		List – II			A	В	C	D			
	A) Lichenology		I)	Amphibians of the Plant Kingdom				v	II	I			
	B) Phycology		II)	Heterotro	b)	IV	II	1	III				
	C) Mycology		III)	Autotroph	*c)	IV	Ш	II	I				
	D) Bryology		IV)	Symbiotic	d)	V	IV	Ι	II				
			V)	Vascular o		P.A							
44.	[A]: Mutations are												
	[R]: All changes no			_									
	a) Both A and R are				◆ VICIO [®] ABOF VICIOIS.	A							
	b) Both A and R are *c) A is true but R is		K 1S	not the con	rect explanation of A	4							
	d) A and R are false	Taise		A									
45.	Absorption of mine	rals is s	studie	ed in									
	a) Cytology	*b) Pł			c) Ecology	C	l) Ph	ytoge	eogra	phy			
46.	The branch of biolo	gy that	has	evolved by	using the principle	es of l	Physi	cs a	nd C	hemi	stry is		
	a) Genetics	b) Pal	ynolo	gy	*c) Molecular biol	ogy o	d) all						
47.	Match the following					_							
	List – I			List – II			A	B	C	D			
	A) Formation of ga	ametes	I)	Plant ecol	ogy	a)	III	V	IV	II			
	B) Structure of Microspores		II)	Palaeobota	any	*b)	III	V	IV	I			

48. [A]: Morphology is useful in classification of plants.

[R]: Taxonomy mainly uses the characters of various organs of the plant for assigning them to various groups.

c)

d)

IV III I

III IV V

II

*a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A

III)

V)

Embryology

Palynology

IV) Pteridology

- b) Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A
- c) A is true but R is false

C) Vascular cryptogams

D) plants and

environment

Relationship between

d) A and R are false

49. The following branch of botany is more useful in understanding the course of evolution of plants.

	a) Palynology	b) Em	bryol	ogy	c) Physiology	*d) Palaeobotany						
50.	50. Plants with undifferentiated body are studied in											
	a) Phycology	b) My	colog	У	c) Lichenology		*d) A	.11				
51.	Match the following	5										
	List – I			List – II			A	B	C	D		
	A) Petro plant		I)	Anabaena		-*a)	III	IV	I	II		
	B) Medicinal plantC) Biofertiliser		III)	Spirulina		$-\frac{b}{a}$	III IV	V V	III	I		
	D) Single cell Prote	ein	III) IV)	Pongamia Digitalis	<u> </u>	$\begin{pmatrix} c \\ d \end{pmatrix}$	V	v IV	I	Ш		
	D) Single cen i iou		V)	Penicillium	m	\\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	•	- 1		#		
 52. [A]: Plant Physiology helped for the development of Agriculture. [R]: Knowledge obtained in Mineral nutrition studies helped to devise methods to break dormancy in plants. a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A b) Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A 												
	*c) A is true but R is false d) A and R are false											
53.	3. The term Botany is obtained from the											
	1) Latin word Bouskein 2) Greek word Botane											
	3) Roman word Bota	ine	4		*4) Greek word B	ouske	ein					
54.	The first book on A	gricult	ure is									
	1) Atharvanaveda				*2) KrishiParasara	am						
	3) Vrikshayurveda	*			4) de HistoriaPlan	tarum	1					
55.	Herbals were writte	en main	ıly in	the follow	ing century.							
	1) 19 th century	2) 18 ^{tl}	enti	ury	*3) 17 th century		4) 15 ^t	th cen	itury			
56.	Father of Botany is											
	1) Parasara	2) Ari	stotle		3) Socrates		*4) T	heop	hrast	us		
57.	Sexual system of cla	assificat	tion w	vas propos	ed by							
	*1) Linnaeus	2) Par	asara		3)Bauhin		4) Th	eoph	rastu	S		
58.	One of the following	g carrie	ed out	experime	nts on <i>Pisumsativu</i>	ım.						
	1) Bauhin	2) Ste	phen l	Hales	*3) Mendel		4)Gre	ew				
59.	Camararius describ	ed										
	1) Sexual reproduction	on in Ba	acteria	a	*2) Sexual reprod	uction	n in pl	ants				
	3) Asexual reproduct	tion in p	olants		4) Sexual reprodu	ction	in An	imal	S			
60.	Match the following	3			_							

List – I		List – II		A	В	\mathbf{C}	D
A) Petro plant	I)	Spirulina	1)	III	II	I	IV
B) Medicinal plant	II)	Pongamia	*2)	II	IV	I	III
C) SCP	III)	Rhizobium	3)	II	V	I	III
D) Biofertilizer	IV)	Digitalis	4)	I	V	II	III
	V)	Penicillium					

61. [A]: Wodehouse was a palynologist.

[R]: He studied about microspores of Spermatophytes.

- *1) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A
- 2) Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A
- 3) A is true but R is false
- 4) A is false but R is true

62. This is used as food for astronauts

- 1) Jatropa
- *2) Chlorella
- 3) Arnica
- 4) Ocimum

63. Micropropagation is

- 1) Production of bacteria
- 2) Culturing microbes
- *3) raising plants in large numbers on nutrient media under controlled conditions by growing their tissue
- 4) Culturing bacteria in microenvironment.

64. Gene was artificially synthesized by

- *1) Khorana
- 2) Nirenberg
- 3) Holley
- 4) Crick

65. [A]: Sumner contributed for the development of plant physiology

[R]: He crystallized the enzyme urease.

- *1) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A
- 2) Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A
- 3) A is true but R is false
- 4) A is false but R is true