

2012 BT

Test Paper Code: BT

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 300

INSTRUCTIONS**A. General:**

1. This Booklet is your Question Paper. It contains **X** pages and has 100 questions.
2. The Question Booklet **Code** is printed on the right-hand top corner of this page.
3. The Question Booklet contains blank spaces for your rough work. No additional sheets will be provided for rough work.
4. **Clip board, log tables, slide rule, calculator, cellular phone and electronic gadgets in any form are NOT allowed.**
5. Write your **Name** and **Registration Number** in the space provided at the bottom.
6. All answers are to be marked only on the machine gradable Objective Response Sheet (**ORS**) provided along with this booklet, as per the instructions therein.
7. The Question Booklet along with the Objective Response Sheet (**ORS**) must be handed over to the Invigilator before leaving the examination hall.
8. Refer to **Special Instruction/Useful Data** on reverse of this sheet.

B. Filling-in the ORS:

9. Write your Registration Number in the boxes provided on the upper left-hand-side of the **ORS** and darken the appropriate bubble under each digit of your Registration Number using a **HB pencil**.
10. Ensure that the **code** on the **Question Booklet** and the **code** on the **ORS** are the same. If the codes do not match, report to the Invigilator immediately.
11. On the lower-left-hand-side of the **ORS**, write your Name, Registration Number, Name of the Test Centre and put your signature in the appropriate box with ball-point pen. Do not write these anywhere else.

C. Marking of Answers on the ORS:

12. Each question has **4 choices** for its answer: (A), (B), (C) and (D). Only **ONE** of them is the correct answer.
13. On the right-hand-side of **ORS**, for each question number, darken with a **HB Pencil** ONLY one bubble corresponding to what you consider to be the most appropriate answer, from among the four choices.
14. There will be **negative marking** for wrong answers.

MARKING SCHEME:

- (a) For each correct answer, you will be awarded **3 (Three)** marks.
- (b) For each wrong answer, you will be awarded **-1 (Negative one)** mark.
- (c) Multiple answers to a question will be treated as a wrong answer.
- (d) For each un-attempted question, you will be awarded **0 (Zero)** mark.

Name							
Registration Number							



Special Instructions/ Useful Data

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Q.1 The % base pair values of four nucleic acid samples are provided below. Which one of the following samples has the highest T_m ?

- (A) A = 31; T = 21; G = 20; C = 28
 (B) A = 26; T = 14; G = 34; C = 26
 (C) A = 17; T = 19; G = 33; C = 31
 (D) A = 20; T = 30; G = 25; C = 25

Q.2 Which one of the following is **TRUE** regarding organization of human chromosomes? It is made up of

- (A) histones that are acidic proteins.
 (B) extra-chromosomal circular DNA.
 (C) chromatin that consists of DNA and basic proteins.
 (D) non-chromosomal DNA.

Q.3 The melting point of unsaturated fatty acid

- (A) is not related to the number of double bonds.
 (B) increases with increase in the number of double bonds.
 (C) is higher than that of its corresponding saturated fatty acid.
 (D) decreases with increase in the number of double bonds.

Q.4 Match the hormones in Group I with the metabolic processes in Group II

Group I

- P.** Progesterone
Q. Glucagon
R. Insulin
S. Androgen

Group II

- 1.** Increases gluconeogenesis in liver
2. Implantation of fertilized ovum
3. Stimulates spermatogenesis process
4. Stimulates glucose uptake and storage

(A) P-2, Q-1, R-4, S-3

(B) P-3, Q-2, R-1, S-4

(C) P-1, Q-4, R-2, S-3

(D) P-1, Q-2, R-4, S-3

Q.5 The most abundant immunoglobulin in human blood is

- (A) IgM. (B) IgA. (C) IgD. (D) IgG.

Q.6 The process of purification and recovery of a product in biotechnology is known as

- (A) upstream processing. (B) downstream processing.
 (C) incubation. (D) formulation.

Q.7 If the velocity of an enzyme catalyzed reaction is 60% of v_{max} , then the ratio of substrate concentration [S] to Michaelis-Menton constant K_M is

- (A) 1 (B) 1.5 (C) 2 (D) 4

Q.8 In a DNA replication experiment, 1 μg of ^{15}N DNA is allowed to replicate till two generations with ^{14}N DNA. The amount (in μg) of ^{14}N DNA formed during the second replication process is

- (A) 1 (B) 2 (C) 3 (D) 4
- Q.9 Transport activities in cell membranes are carried by _____; whereas fluidity of membranes is maintained by _____.
- (A) lipids; proteins
(B) proteins; nucleic acids
(C) lipids; nucleic acids
(D) proteins; lipids
- Q.10 Nodules of leguminous plants are a good source for the isolation of bacteria capable of
- (A) nitrogen fixation. (B) carbon fixation.
(C) cellulase production. (D) amylase production.
- Q.11 Which of the following statements regarding techniques and their applications is **NOT** correct?
- (A) Recombinant DNA Technology: cloning genes and expression of proteins.
(B) Enzyme Linked Immuno Sorbent Assay: recognize antigen and antibody interactions.
(C) Polymerase Chain Reaction: amplify specific DNA sequences.
(D) Western Blot: detect DNA in given samples.
- Q.12 Addition of casein to solid media and picking up bacterial colonies that form clear zone is termed as
- (A) differential enrichment. (B) streaking.
(C) serial dilution. (D) selective enrichment.
- Q.13 Leishmaniasis is transmitted by
- (A) sand fly. (B) tsetse fly.
(C) rodent fly. (D) mosquitoes.
- Q.14 The binding of oxygen to hemoglobin is affected by
- (A) hemoglobin concentration. (B) partial pressure of oxygen.
(C) bicarbonate concentration. (D) 2,3-biphosphoglyceric acid.
- Q.15 The Human Genome Project was aimed for
- (A) DNA sequencing and DNA mapping.
(B) protein and DNA sequencing.
(C) protein sequencing and DNA mapping.
(D) RNA sequencing and genome database.
- Q.16 In photosynthesis, the light energy is used to
- (A) generate low energy electrons.
(B) produce ATP and NADPH.
(C) generate chlorophyll.
(D) form water from oxygen.

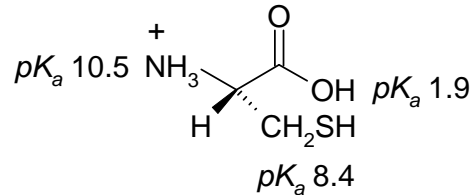
- Q.17 In gram staining of gram negative bacteria, the crystal violet-iodine complex formed will be washed away after addition of
- (A) safranin solution. (B) ethyl acetate. (C) water. (D) alcohol.
- Q.18 The oxidation of glycolate to glyoxylate during photorespiration occurs in
- (A) bundle sheath cells. (B) mesophyll cells.
(C) mesenchymal cells. (D) parenchymal cells.
- Q.19 In higher plants, the light harvesting molecules are
- (A) vitamin D and cytochrome C.
(B) cytochrome C and chlorophyll.
(C) anthocyanin and carotenoid.
(D) chlorophyll and carotenoid.
- Q.20 Match the cell organelles in Group I with their functions listed in Group II
- | Group I | Group II |
|-----------------|-------------------------------|
| P. Peroxisome | 1. storage of starch granules |
| Q. Mitochondria | 2. detoxification |
| R. Ribosome | 3. proton gradient formation |
| S. Leucoplast | 4. protein synthesis |
- (A) P-3, Q-2, R-1, S-4 (B) P-2, Q-4, R-3, S-1
(C) P-2, Q-3, R-4, S-1 (D) P-1, Q-3, R-4, S-2
- Q.21 The effect of hypotonic solution on a plant cell and red blood cell are, respectively,
- (A) turgid and burst.
(B) shrink and burst.
(C) turgid and shrink.
(D) plasmolysed and burst.
- Q.22 Which one of the following statements is **NOT** correct for the classification of carbohydrates?
- (A) Dihydroxyacetone and glyceraldehyde are trioses.
(B) Galactose and glucose are hexoses.
(C) Mannose and fructose are pentoses.
(D) Erythrose and threose are tetroses.
- Q.23 The last stage of spermatozoa formation in spermatogenesis is
- (A) second meiotic division. (B) first meiotic division.
(C) mitosis. (D) differentiation.
- Q.24 In plant tissue culture, differentiation of callus to root requires
- (A) high auxin and low cytokinin. (B) low auxin and high cytokinin.
(C) low auxin and low cytokinin. (D) high auxin and high cytokinin.

- Q.25 Regenerative medicine aims at
- (A) discovering small molecules. (B) generating therapeutic proteins.
(C) growing tissues and organs. (D) identifying genetic mutations.
- Q.26 Which of the following is **NOT** required in a Polymerase Chain Reaction?
- (A) DNA template
(B) Mg^{++} ion
(C) Primers
(D) Restriction enzymes
- Q.27 Which one of the following processes allows introduction of gene of interest to a target site in genome?
- (A) Somatic embryogenesis
(B) Organogenesis
(C) Gene cloning
(D) Southern hybridization
- Q.28 Based on the dissociation constant K_d , the protein - ligand pair that has the strongest interaction is
- (A) insulin and insulin receptor ($K_d = 1 \times 10^{-10}$).
(B) avidin and biotin ($K_d = 1 \times 10^{-15}$).
(C) HIV surface protein and anti-HIV IgG ($K_d = 4 \times 10^{-10}$).
(D) calmodulin and calcium ($K_d = 3 \times 10^{-6}$).
- Q.29 In genetic code, the codon degeneracy occurs at _____ position(s).
- (A) first (B) second (C) third (D) first and third
- Q.30 In pea plants, green pod color is dominant over yellow pod color. 1000 seeds taken from a pea plant germinated to produce 760 green pod plants and 240 yellow pod plants. The parental genotype and phenotype of the seed plants are
- (A) heterozygous and yellow. (B) homozygous and green.
(C) heterozygous and green. (D) homozygous and yellow.
- Q.31 Which of the following is **FALSE** for DNA?
- (A) DNA strands do not contain Uracil.
(B) Two strands of DNA associate in parallel arrangement.
(C) Orientation of one strand is 3' to 5' and other strand is 5' to 3'.
(D) Ability of nucleotide in two strands to form specific base pairs is due to hydrogen bonds.
- Q.32 In 2009, the swine flu outbreak was _____ in nature.
- (A) sporadic (B) pandemic (C) chronic (D) endemic

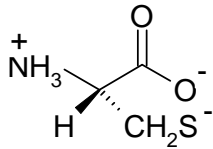
Q.33 In angiosperms, the microsporangia develops to form

- (A) stigma. (B) ovule. (C) endosperm. (D) pollen sacs.

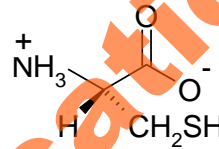
Q.34 Given the pK_a values of different acidic sites in cysteine, the principal ionic form in which it exists at pH 7.0, is



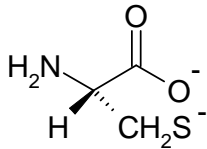
(A)



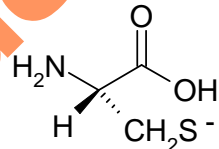
(B)



(C)



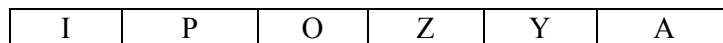
(D)



Q.35 In _____ evolution, _____ anatomical structures develop in different directions to adapt different functions.

- (A) convergent, homologous.
(B) divergent, homologous.
(C) convergent, analogous.
(D) divergent, analogous.

Q.36 A model of gene control for the *lac* operon is shown below.



Match the component of *lac* operon in Group I with the function listed in Group II.

Group I

- K.** O
L. P
M. Y
N. A

Group II

1. Encodes protein β -galactoside permease
2. Provides binding site for RNA polymerase
3. Initiates *lac* mRNA synthesis
4. Encodes protein thiogalactoside transacetylase

(A) K-2, L-3, M-4, N-1

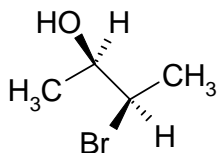
(B) K-3, L-2, M-4, N-1

(C) K-3, L-2, M-1, N-4

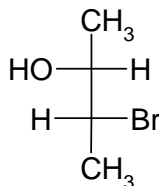
(D) K-2, L-3, M-1, N-4

- Q.37 Venkatraman Ramakrishnan was awarded noble prize in 2009 in chemistry for studying the structure and functions of
- (A) ribosome. (B) nucleosome. (C) spliceosome. (D) graphine.
- Q.38 The formation of 3-phosphoglyceric acid from 1,3-diphosphoglyceric acid in presence of phosphoglycerokinase is an example of
- (A) substrate level phosphorylation. (B) oxidative phosphorylation.
(C) dehydrogenation. (D) isomerization.
- Q.39 During replication helicase enzyme separates parental strands of DNA in physiological conditions. In a Polymerase Chain Reaction, the function of helicase is achieved by
- (A) taq polymerase. (B) high temperature. (C) primase. (D) Mg^{++} ions.
- Q.40 In cats, white skin is dominant over grey, black eye is dominant over grey, and curl tail is dominant over straight. A cat homozygous for white skin, grey eye, curl tail mates with another cat homozygous for white skin, black eye, straight tail. What percentage of F1 generation will have white skin, black eye, curl tail phenotype?
- (A) 25% (B) 100% (C) 50% (D) 75%
- Q.41 Which given pair of greenhouse gases has highest contribution towards global warming?
- (A) CO_2 and CH_4 (B) CO_2 and CFC (C) CO_2 and N_2O (D) CFC and CH_4
- Q.42 The **INCORRECT** statement regarding second messenger, adenosine 3',5'-cyclic nucleotide monophosphate (cAMP), is
- (A) it acts as a second messenger for many regulatory molecules.
(B) it acts as an intracellular second messenger in neurons.
(C) it activates specific cyclic nucleotide dependent protein kinases.
(D) it provides source of energy for cells.
- Q.43 In lactic acid fermentation, lactate dehydrogenase gene becomes non-functional due to mutation. The product that will accumulate at the end of this process is
- (A) pyruvate. (B) lactic acid. (C) acetaldehyde. (D) ethyl alcohol.
- Q.44 The deficiency of vitamin A in humans leads to
- (A) sterility. (B) rickets.
(C) night blindness. (D) scurvy.
- Q.45 2-Butyne can be selectively reduced to *trans*-2-butene using
- (A) H_2 , Pd/C (B) H_2 , Pd/ $CaCO_3$, quinoline
(C) $LiAlH_4$ (D) Na/ liq. NH_3

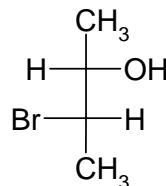
Q.46 The correct Fischer projection representation of the following compound, is



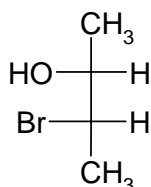
(A)



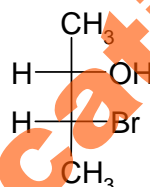
(B)



(C)



(D)



Q.47 Match the compounds in Group I with their appropriate spectroscopic data in Group II.

Group IP. CH_3COCH_3 Q. $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{COOH}$ R. $\text{CH}_3\text{COOCH}_3$ **Group II**1. two singlets of equal intensity in the $^1\text{H-NMR}$ spectrum2. a band at 1720 cm^{-1} in the IR spectrum3. an intense peak at m/z 45 in the mass spectrum

(A) P-1; Q-2; R-3

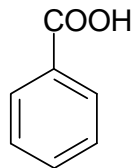
(C) P-1; Q-3; R-2

(B) P-2; Q-3, R-1

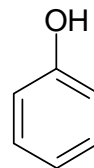
(D) P-2; Q-1; R-3

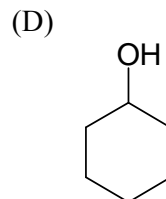
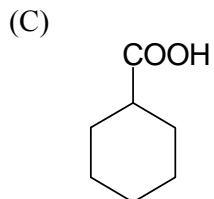
Q.48 Among the following compounds, the one that is soluble in aqueous NaOH but not in aqueous NaHCO_3 , is

(A)

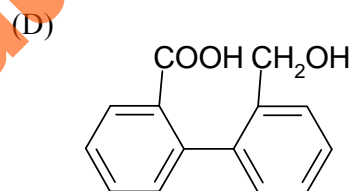
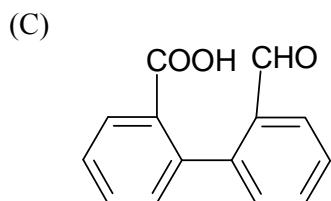
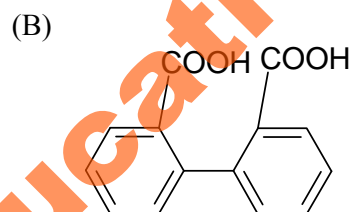
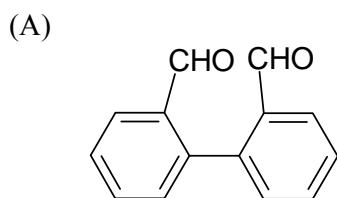
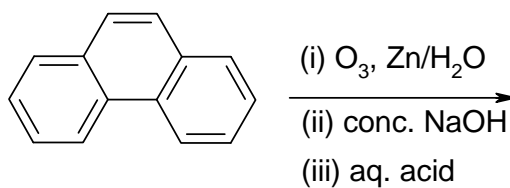


(B)

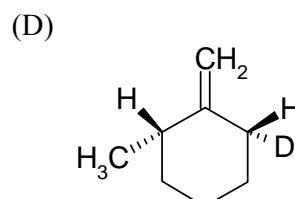
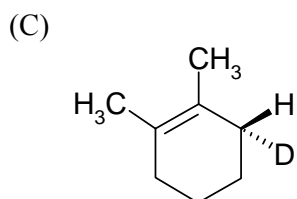
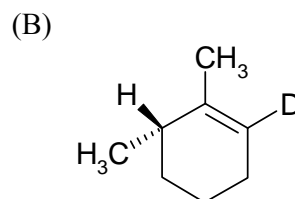
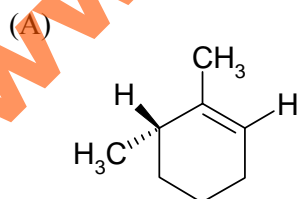
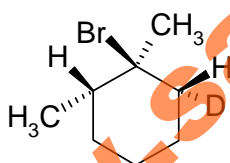




Q.49 The major product of the following reaction sequence, is



Q.50 The major product formed in the E-2 elimination reaction of the following compound, is

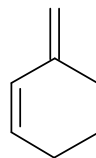


Q.51 The most reactive diene towards Diels-Alder reaction, among the following, is

(A)



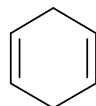
(B)



(C)

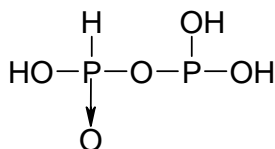


(D)

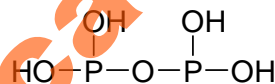


Q.52 The correct structure of pyrophosphorus acid is

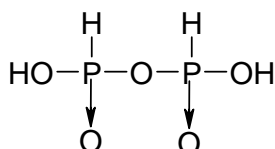
(A)



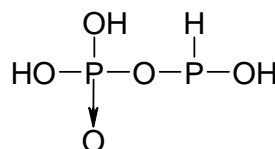
(B)



(C)



(D)



Q.53 Among the following complexes, the one which exhibits optical isomerism, is (note: *en* = ethylenediamine)

(A) $\text{cis}[\text{Co}(\text{en})_2\text{Cl}_2]^+$ (B) $\text{cis}[\text{Pt}(\text{NH}_3)_2\text{Cl}_2]$ (C) $\text{trans}[\text{Co}(\text{en})_2\text{Cl}_2]^+$ (D) $\text{trans}[\text{Pt}(\text{NH}_3)_2\text{Cl}_2]$

Q.54 The gas that is produced on treating NaCl with conc. H_2SO_4 is

(A) O_2 (B) Cl_2 (C) SO_2

(D) HCl

Q.55 The correct order of the atoms in terms of their first ionization energy is

(A) $\text{Li} < \text{B} < \text{Be} < \text{C}$ (B) $\text{Li} < \text{Be} < \text{B} < \text{C}$ (C) $\text{Li} > \text{B} > \text{Be} > \text{C}$ (D) $\text{Li} > \text{Be} > \text{B} > \text{C}$

Q.56 The compound with square planar geometry is

(A) $[\text{Ni}(\text{CO})_4]$ (B) $[\text{Ni}(\text{CN})_4]^{2-}$ (C) $[\text{Ni}(\text{PPh}_3)_2\text{Cl}_2]$ (D) $[\text{NiCl}_4]^{2-}$

Q.57 Match the molecules in Group I with their shape in Group II.

Group I

- P. ICl_2^-
 Q. H_2O
 R. PCl_5

Group II

- trigonal bipyramid
- linear
- V-shaped
- square pyramid

(A) P-3, Q-2, R-4

(B) P-4, Q-3, R-1

(C) P-2, Q-3, R-1

(D) P-4, Q-3, R-2

Q.58 The spin-only magnetic moment of $[\text{Fe}(\text{CN})_6]^{4-}$ is

(A) 4.9 D

(B) 0 D

(C) 5.92 D

(D) 2.82 D

Q.59 One mole of a gas absorbs 40 J of heat. If the work done on the surrounding by the gas is 20 J, then ΔU (in J) for the gas is

(A) 60

(B) 20

(C) -20

(D) -60

Q.60 For the reaction, $\text{N}_2\text{O}_4(g) \rightleftharpoons 2\text{NO}_2(g)$, taking place in a closed container at a constant temperature, the rate constant k in terms of P_0 (pressure at time $t = 0$) and P_t (pressure at time t) is given by

(A) $\frac{1}{t} \ln \frac{P_0}{2P_0 - P_t}$ (B) $\frac{1}{t} \ln \frac{P_0}{P_t}$ (C) $\frac{1}{t} \ln \frac{P_0}{P_0 - P_t}$ (D) $\frac{1}{t} \ln \frac{P_0}{P_0 - 2P_t}$

Q.61 pK_a of acetic acid is 4.80. A 10 mL of 1M solution of acetic acid is mixed with 5 mL of 1 M solution of NaOH. The pH of the resulting solution is

(A) 3.2

(B) 7.0

(C) 4.8

(D) 2.4

Q.62 The series that corresponds to transition from higher levels to $n = 4$ in the hydrogen spectrum is

(A) Paschen

(B) Balmer

(C) Pfund

(D) Brackett

Q.63 For the reaction, $A \rightarrow \text{product}$, match the order of the reaction in Group I with their corresponding linear plots in Group II.

Group I

- P. Zero
 Q. First
 R. Second

Group II

- $\ln[A]$ versus time
- $1/[A]$ versus time
- $[A]$ versus time

(A) P-1, Q-2, R-3

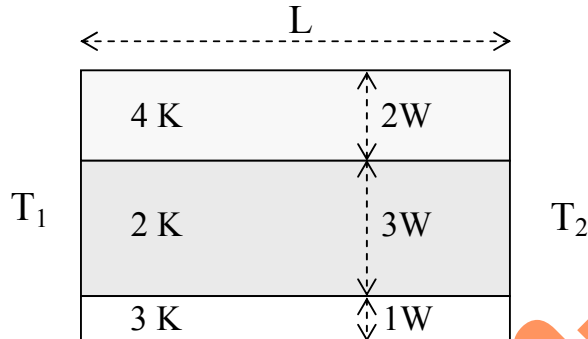
(B) P-2, Q-1, R-3

(C) P-3, Q-1, R-2

(D) P-1, Q-3, R-2

- Q.64 If $E_{Au^{3+}/Au^+}^\Phi = -0.29$ V and $E_{Fe^{3+}/Fe^{2+}}^\Phi = 0.77$ V, then E^Φ for the reaction $2Fe^{2+}(aq) + Au^{3+}(aq) \rightleftharpoons 2Fe^{3+}(aq) + Au^+(aq)$ is
- (A) +1.06 V (B) -1.06 V (C) -0.48 V (D) -1.83 V
- Q.65 The depth of a swimming pool filled with clean water (refractive index = 4/3) appears to be 3 m to a person standing near it. Its actual depth is
- (A) 2.25 m (B) 4 m (C) 5.3 m (D) 9 m
- Q.66 A semiconductor device that has two p-n junctions is
- (A) rectifier-diode (B) photo-diode (C) transistor (D) solar-cell
- Q.67 The resolution of a microscope is directly proportional to the wavelength of the radiation used for its operation. Among the following, maximum possible resolution can be achieved from
- (A) optical microscope with blue light source.
 (B) optical microscope with yellow light source.
 (C) electron microscope operating at 100 kV.
 (D) electron microscope operating at 200 kV.
- Q.68 Longitudinal waves can travel through
- (A) gas only. (B) gas and liquid only.
 (C) gas and solid only. (D) gas, liquid and solid.
- Q.69 The waves, $y_1 = A \sin(\omega t + kx)$ and $y_2 = A \cos(\omega t + kx)$,
- (A) are in same phase.
 (B) have a phase difference of $\pi/4$.
 (C) have a phase difference of $\pi/2$.
 (D) have a phase difference of π .
- Q.70 A vertical spring is fixed at its upper end. **Same sized** blocks of wood (W), glass (G) and copper (Cu) are attached to its lower end one at a time and the system is set into vertical oscillations. The three measured time periods are in the order
- (A) $T_{Cu} > T_G > T_W$ (B) $T_W > T_G > T_{Cu}$
 (C) $T_G > T_{Cu} > T_W$ (D) $T_{Cu} > T_W > T_G$
- Q.71 A neutron collides head-on with a He-atom at rest. Collision is elastic and He-atom recoils with a speed of 2×10^5 m/s. Then, the initial speed of the neutron is
- (A) 0.5×10^5 m/s. (B) 2×10^5 m/s. (C) 5×10^5 m/s. (D) 8×10^5 m/s.

- Q.72 The two ends of a composite slab consisting of three layers of different thermal conductivities and different widths (as shown in figure) but **same length and breadth** are maintained at temperatures T_1 and T_2 ($T_1 > T_2$). Then the heat flow rate through



- (A) all the three layers is same. (B) top layer is maximum.
 (C) middle layer is maximum. (D) bottom layer is maximum.
- Q.73 Match the actions in Group II that will produce radiations listed in Group I.

Group I

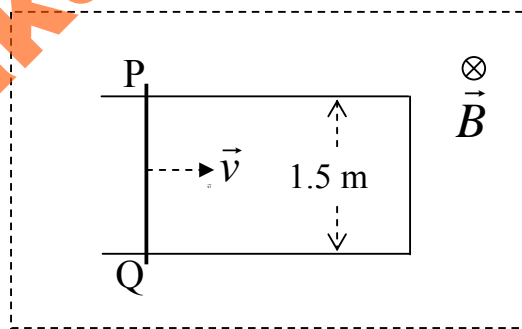
- P. γ -rays
 Q. UV radiation
 R. IR radiation

Group II

- H-atom in 1st excited state returns to ground state.
- A body at 600 K emitting radiation.
- Fusion of two light nuclei.

- (A) P-3, Q-1, R-2 (B) P-3, Q-2, R-1
 (C) P-1, Q-3, R-2 (D) P-1, Q-2, R-3

- Q.74 A rigid conducting wire PQ is moving on conducting rails (as shown in figure) with constant speed $v = 6$ m/s in a region of uniform field $B = 0.2$ Wb/m². The magnitude of induced *emf* and direction of induced current are

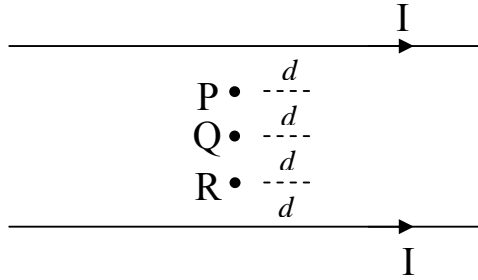


- (A) 1.8 V, clockwise. (B) 1.8 V, anti-clockwise.
 (C) 3.6 V, clockwise. (D) 3.6 V, anti-clockwise.

- Q.75 A ball is projected at 30° from ground with an initial velocity of 10 m/s. Taking $g = 10$ m/s², the horizontal range of the ball is

- (A) 2.5 m (B) 5 m (C) 8.66 m (D) 10 m

Q.76 Consider equidistant points P, Q and R between two current carrying infinite straight parallel wires (as shown in figure) with current induced magnetic fields \vec{B}_P , \vec{B}_Q and \vec{B}_R , respectively. Then



- (A) $\vec{B}_P = -\vec{B}_R$ (B) $\vec{B}_P = \vec{B}_R$
 (C) $|\vec{B}_Q| \neq 0$ (D) $|\vec{B}_P| > |\vec{B}_Q|$

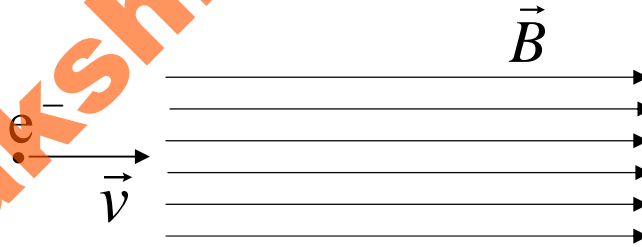
Q.77 An object weighs 50 N on Earth ($g = 10 \text{ m/s}^2$). Its mass on a planet having $g = 2 \text{ m/s}^2$ will be

- (A) 1 kg (B) 2.5 kg (C) 5 kg (D) 10 kg

Q.78 An 80 W fan, a 60 W bulb and a 500 W washing machine are operated for 15, 20 and 1 hr, respectively. The total electrical power units consumed are

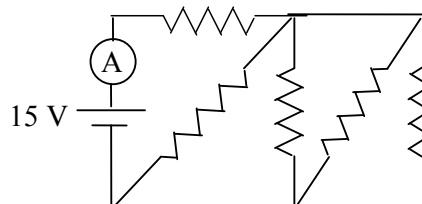
- (A) 1.2 (B) 1.7 (C) 2.4 (D) 2.9

Q.79 An electron having a velocity \vec{v} enters a region of uniform magnetic field \vec{B} as shown in figure. The effect of \vec{B} on the motion of electron is that it will



- (A) continue to move without any deflection.
 (B) be reflected back.
 (C) be deflected up.
 (D) be deflected down.

Q.80 In the given circuit, an ideal battery of 15 V and resistances of 4 ohm each are connected as shown below. The current (in amperes) through the ammeter A is



- (A) 18.8 (B) 3 (C) 2.5 (D) 1.9
- Q.81 In a series LR circuit connected to an alternating source V_s , the measured voltage across L (ideal inductor) is 20 V and across R is 15 V. Then the value of V_s is
- (A) 20 V (B) 25 V (C) 30 V (D) 35 V
- Q.82 How does the electric field of a uniformly charged infinite metal sheet depend on the distance 'R' from the sheet?
- (A) R^{-2} (B) R^{-1}
(C) $R^{-1/2}$ (D) Independent of R
- Q.83 The value of $\int_{-1}^1 (x|x| + x^4) dx$ is
- (A) 0 (B) $\frac{1}{5}$ (C) $\frac{2}{5}$ (D) $\frac{2}{3}$
- Q.84 The radius of the circle $x^2 + y^2 - 4x - 6y + 4 = 0$ is
- (A) 2 (B) 3 (C) 4 (D) 9
- Q.85 For a complex number z , \bar{z} denotes its complex conjugate. Let $z_1 = x + iy$ and $z_2 = y + ix$ be two complex numbers such that $|z_1| = |z_2| = 1$. Then $\overline{z_1 z_2}$ is equal to
- (A) $2xy - i$ (B) $2xy$ (C) $-i$ (D) i
- Q.86 If 1 and 2 are roots of $x^2 + px + q = 0$, then p and q , respectively, are
- (A) -3 and 2 (B) 2 and -3 (C) 3 and -2 (D) -2 and 3
- Q.87 The area of the region lying in the first quadrant bounded by the curve $y^2 = 4x$ and the line $x = 2$ is
- (A) $\frac{32}{3}$ (B) $\frac{8\sqrt{2}}{3}$ (C) $\frac{16}{3}$ (D) $\frac{2\sqrt{2}}{3}$
- Q.88 Let α and β be two real numbers. If a matrix $\begin{pmatrix} \alpha & \alpha \\ -1 & \beta \end{pmatrix}$ is symmetric and non-invertible, then $\alpha + \beta$ is equal to
- (A) 2 (B) 1 (C) 0 (D) -2

Q.89 If the sum of the infinite series

$$1 + (1+x) + \frac{(1+x)^2}{2!} + \frac{(1+x)^3}{3!} + \dots$$

is $e^{\frac{1}{2}}$, then x is

- (A) $-\frac{1}{2}$ (B) 0 (C) 1 (D) $\frac{1}{2}$

Q.90 The minimum value of the function $f(x) = x^4 - 2x^2 + 2$ in $[-1, 2]$ is

- (A) 1 (B) 2 (C) 0 (D) -2

Q.91 Two ants P and Q are initially at a distance 148 m apart. They decide to meet. At the end of the first day, P covers a distance of 10 m towards Q while Q covers a distance of 5 m towards P. On each subsequent day, the distance covered by P reduces by 1 m and that by Q increases by 2 m of the previous day. The two ants will meet at the end of

- (A) 9th day (B) 8th day (C) 7th day (D) 6th day

Q.92 The equation of the line that makes an intercept of 2 with x-axis and is perpendicular to the line $x + y - 1 = 0$ is

- (A) $x + y - 2 = 0$ (B) $x + y + 2 = 0$
(C) $x - y - 2 = 0$ (D) $x - y + 2 = 0$

Q.93 3 Mathematics, 2 physics and 2 chemistry books, all 7 by different authors, are to be arranged on a book shelf such that all the books of the same subject are together on the shelf. The total number of possible arrangements is

- (A) 5040 (B) 720 (C) 144 (D) 24

Q.94 If the point $(1, 0, 1)$ is one extremity of the diameter of the sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 + 2x - 4y + 2z - 6 = 0$, then its other extremity is

- (A) $(1, 4, 1)$ (B) $(-3, 0, -3)$ (C) $(3, -4, 3)$ (D) $(-3, 4, -3)$

Q.95 Let f be the function defined for real x as $f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{x}{|x|} & , x \neq 0 \\ 1 & , x = 0. \end{cases}$ Then, f is

- (A) continuous for all real x .
(B) right continuous at $x = 0$.
(C) a non-negative function for all real x .
(D) left continuous at $x = 0$.

Q.96 An urn consists of 10 items out of which 4 are defective. Three items are chosen randomly from the urn. The probability that exactly 2 from the chosen items are defective, is

- (A) $\frac{1}{20}$ (B) $\frac{2}{3}$ (C) $\frac{7}{10}$ (D) $\frac{3}{10}$

Q.97 The eccentricity of the ellipse $\frac{x^2}{16} + \frac{y^2}{9} = 1$ is

- (A) $\frac{3}{4}$ (B) $\frac{1}{2}$ (C) $\frac{\sqrt{7}}{3}$ (D) $\frac{\sqrt{7}}{4}$

Q.98 Suppose the statement

“If the flower smells sweet then I will buy it”,

is given to be **FALSE**. Then which one of the following is correct.

- (A) The flower does not smell sweet and I bought it.
 (B) The flower does not smell sweet and I did not buy it.
 (C) The flower smells sweet and I bought it.
 (D) The flower smells sweet and I did not buy it.

Q.99 The values obtained in 20 throws of a die are given in the following frequency table

Value	1	2	3	4	5	6
Frequency	3	3	4	4	2	4

The sample median is

- (A) 3 (B) 3.5 (C) 4 (D) 4.5

Q.100 The equation of the normal to the curve $x^2y^3 = 4$ at the point (2, 1) is

- (A) $y = 3x - 5$ (B) $5y = 3x - 1$
 (C) $3y = 5 - x$ (D) $5y = -x + 7$



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