

## Town Planning & Building Overseers in AP Municipal Town Planning Sub Service

1. Majority of people in Indonesia are

- (1) Muslim ✓
- (2) Christian
- (3) Jews
- (4) Buddhist

2. Second World War began on

- (1) 1.9.1939 ✓
- (2) 1.10.1939
- (3) 1.11.1939
- (4) 1.12.1939

3. America dropped Atom Bombs on

- (1) Hiroshima ✓
- (2) Tokyo
- (3) Peking
- (4) Rangoon

4. 'The Drain Theory' was proposed by

- (1) Gokhale
- (2) Gandhi
- (3) Nehru
- (4) Tilak

5. Indian National Congress was founded in

- (1) 1855
- (2) 1856
- (3) 1857
- (4) 1858

6. Gandhiji was born in the year

- (1) 1869 ✓
- (2) 1870
- (3) 1871
- (4) 1872

7. Round Table Conferences were held at

- (1) London ✓
- (2) Bombay
- (3) Simla
- (4) Karachi

8. Azad Hind Fauz was formed by

- (1) Subash Chandra Bose ✓
- (2) Jawaharlal Nehru
- (3) Sardar Patel
- (4) M.N. Roy

9. Which is the nodal agency at the Indian Union Government for coordinating disaster management activities for all natural hazards
- (1) Ministry of Home Affairs ✓
  - (2) Ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment
  - (3) Ministry of Science and Technology
  - (4) Ministry of Environment and Forests
10. United Nations Disaster Management Team (UNDMT) is responsible for solving problem resulting from disasters in
- (1) Africa
  - (2) Asia
  - (3) Australia
  - (4) In all continents ✓
11. On what date a powerful earthquake struck South Eastern Iran and Caused heavy loss of life and property
- (1) 26.12.2004
  - (2) 26.12.2003 ✓
  - (3) 26.12.2002
  - (4) 25.11.2003
12. Which of the following is a natural hazard
- (1) Earthquake
  - (2) Tsunami
  - (3) Cyclone
  - (4) All the above ✓
13. First Aid Kit should contain
- (1) Cotton Wool, Bandage
  - (2) Pain Relievers, Medicines
  - (3) Scissors, Gloves, Antacids
  - (4) All the above ✓
14. In 1970, in which country 50,000 people were killed by a cyclone
- (1) Phillipines
  - (2) Indonesia
  - (3) Bangladesh ✓
  - (4) Maldives
15. Tsunami's can occur only during
- (1) Morning
  - (2) Noon
  - (3) Evening
  - (4) Any time in day or night ✓

16. A hazard is a dangerous event. It could be
- (1) Earthquake
  - (2) Tsunami
  - (3) Flood
  - (4) All the above ✓
17. Disaster Management Activities may be conducted
- (1) Before a disaster
  - (2) During a disaster
  - (3) After a disaster
  - (4) All the above ✓
18. Andhra Pradesh was severely battered by a cyclonic storm which killed more than 10,000 lives on
- (1) 15.11.1976
  - (2) 15.11.1977 ✓
  - (3) 15.11.1978
  - (4) 15.11.1975
19. As per 2011 census, the literacy rate of Hyderabad district
- (1) 80.96% ✓
  - (2) 79.96%
  - (3) 78.96%
  - (4) 77.96%
20. As per 2011 census, the literacy rate of Mahaboobnagar district
- (1) 56.06% ✓
  - (2) 55.06%
  - (3) 54.06%
  - (4) 52.06%
21. As per 2011 census, the literacy rate among men in Andhra Pradesh
- (1) 75.56% ✓
  - (2) 74.56%
  - (3) 73.56%
  - (4) 72.56%
22. As per 2011 census, the literacy rate among women in Andhra Pradesh
- (1) 59.74% ✓
  - (2) 58.74%
  - (3) 57.74%
  - (4) 56.74%
23. The literacy of women in India, according to 2011 census
- (1) 65.46% ✓
  - (2) 64.46%
  - (3) 63.46%
  - (4) 62.46%

24. The Indian State with highest literacy rate, according to 2011 census

- (1) Kerala ✓
- (2) Mizoram
- (3) Tripura
- (4) Goa

25. The Indian State with lowest literacy rate, according to 2011 census

- (1) Bihar ✓
- (2) Rajasthan
- (3) Jharkhand
- (4) Arunachal Pradesh

26. The Indian Union Territory in India with highest literacy rate, according to 2011 census

- (1) Lakshadweep ✓
- (2) Puducherry
- (3) Chandigarh
- (4) Andama-Nicobar

27. Dilwara Temple is in

- (1) Mount Abu ✓
- (2) Aurangabad
- (3) Kashmir
- (4) Mumbai

28. Golden Temple is in

- (1) Amritsar ✓
- (2) Jaipur
- (3) Jodhpur
- (4) Lucknow

29. Meenakshi Temple is in

- (1) Madurai ✓
- (2) Agra
- (3) Cuttack
- (4) Trivandrum

30. Rajghat is in

- (1) Delhi ✓
- (2) Agra
- (3) Jaipur
- (4) Gwalior

31. Rickettes is a disease of the

- (1) Bones ✓
- (2) Muscles
- (3) Nerves
- (4) Blood

32. Barium is used for

- (1) Checking blood groups
- (2) X-ray of alimentary canal ✓
- (3) X-ray of brain
- (4) X-ray of abdomen

33. Scurvy can be prevented by the intake of

- (1) Vitamin-C ✓
- (2) Vitamin-A
- (3) Vitamin-B
- (4) Vitamin-D

34. Number of chromosomes in human body

- (1) 23 pairs ✓
- (2) 21 pairs
- (3) 20 pairs
- (4) 19 pairs

35. Short sightedness can be corrected by

- (1) Concave lens ✓
- (2) Convex lens
- (3) Concave-Convex lens
- (4) Convex-Concave lens

36. The largest organ of the human body

- (1) Skin ✓
- (2) Heart
- (3) Kidneys
- (4) Pancreas

37. The largest gland in the human body

- (1) Liver ✓
- (2) Pituitary
- (3) Adrenal
- (4) Thyroid

38. The weight of the average adult human brain

- (1) 1.4 kg ✓
- (2) 1.6 kg
- (3) 1.8 kg
- (4) 2.1 kg

39. The Master gland in human body

- (1) Pituitary ✓
- (2) Adrenal
- (3) Thyroid
- (4) Pancreas

40. AIDS was first reported in

- (1) U.S.A. ✓
- (2) Britain
- (3) Australia
- (4) Sudan

41. The colour of blood in Snail

- (1) Blue ✓
- (2) Red
- (3) Black
- (4) White

42. Life span of R.B.C. is

- (1) 120 days ✓
- (2) 160 days
- (3) 86 days
- (4) 94 days

43. Life span of W.B.C. is

- (1) 12–13 days
- (2) 16–18 days ✓
- (3) 22–26 days
- (4) 18–21 days

44. Shedding of leaves and fruits is due to

- (1) Absciscic Acid ✓
- (2) Gibberellins
- (3) N.A.A.
- (4) I.A.A.

45. Parthenocarpy is the term used for

- (1) Seedless fruits ✓
- (2) Leaves less plants
- (3) Very little plants
- (4) High plants

46. Sound waves are

- (1) Longitudinal
- (2) Transverse
- (3) Electromagnetic
- (4) Both longitudinal and Transverse ✓

47. Water waves produced when a stone is dropped in still water are

- (1) Circular ✓
- (2) Cylindrical
- (3) Plane
- (4) No shape

48. Scientist who proposed wave theory

- (1) Huggens ✓
- (2) Newton
- (3) Young
- (4) Fresnel

49. Electromagnetic theory was proposed by

- (1) Maxwell ✓
- (2) Hertz
- (3) Huggens
- (4) Max Planck

50. Velocity of water waves depend upon

- (1) Depth ✓
- (2) Hardness
- (3) Softness
- (4) None of the above

51. PARSEC is a unit of

- (1) Astronomical distances ✓
- (2) Pressure
- (3) Time
- (4) Energy

52. Decibel is the unit of

- (1) Intensity of sound ✓
- (2) Intensity of light
- (3) Frequency of sound
- (4) Wavelength of sound

53. Hooke's law is related to

- (1) Elasticity ✓
- (2) Radio activity
- (3) Fluid Pressure
- (4) Density

54. The temperature of a healthy human being is

- (1) 98.4 °C ✓
- (2) 93.2 °C
- (3) 39 °C
- (4) 37 °C

55. Filament of electric bulb is made up of

- (1) Tungsten ✓
- (2) Iron
- (3) Carbon
- (4) Nichrome

56. The basic scientific principles behind laser was first put forward by

- (1) Charles Darwin
- (2) Charles Townes ✓
- (3) Charles Babbage
- (4) Chritian Huygens

57. Laser emits lights only in one direction and this property is known as

- (1) Directionality
- (2) Coherence ✓
- (3) Monochromaticity
- (4) Stimulation

58. Which are used in bloodless surgery?

- (1) Lasers ✓
- (2) Fibre optics
- (3) Anaesthetics
- (4) None of the above

59. Which one of the following is not a diamagnetic substance?

- (1) Iron ✓
- (2) Air
- (3) Water
- (4) Bismuth

60. Current enters into an electric motor through

- (1) Brush and half ring
- (2) Armature
- (3) Coil ✓
- (4) Shaft

61. India Gate is in

- (1) New Delhi ✓
- (2) Mumbai
- (3) Agra
- (4) Jodhpur

62. Types of soils in India

- (1) Alluvial
- (2) Black
- (3) Red
- (4) All the above ✓

63. The longest river in India

- (1) Ganges ✓
- (2) Godavari
- (3) Mahanadi
- (4) Yamuna

64. Kolleru lake is in

- (1) Andhra Pradesh ✓
- (2) Orissa
- (3) Madhya Pradesh
- (4) Kerala

65. Dal and Wular lakes are in

- (1) Jammu and Kashmir ✓
- (2) Maharashtra
- (3) Himachal Pradesh
- (4) Rajasthan

66. South-West Monsoon is during

- (1) June–September ✓
- (2) July–November
- (3) November–December
- (4) January–March

67. Which is claimed to be the oldest book in the world?

- (1) Rig Veda ✓
- (2) Sama Veda
- (3) Mahabharata
- (4) Manusmriti

68. Kalidas, Aryabhata, Varahamitra lived during the

- (1) Gupta Empire ✓
- (2) Magadha Empire
- (3) Mauryan Empire
- (4) Chola Empire

69. Who is said to have founded the Mughal Empire?

- (1) Babar ✓
- (2) Akbar
- (3) Humayun
- (4) Jahangir

70. Red Fort and Jama Masjid were built by

- (1) Shahajahan ✓
- (2) Jahangir
- (3) Akbar
- (4) Aurangzeb

71. Vasco da Gama arrived at Calicut on

- (1) 27.5.1498 ✓
- (2) 27.5.1497
- (3) 27.5.1496
- (4) 27.5.1499

72. Lok Sabha passed the Lok Pal and Lokayukta Bill 2011, on

- (1) 27.12.2011 ✓
- (2) 25.12.2011
- (3) 23.12.2011
- (4) 21.12.2011

73. India's longest train service

- (1) Vivek Express ✓
- (2) Vinay Express
- (3) Himalaya Express
- (4) Dakshin Express

74. India's rank in Global Hunger Index

- (1) 67 ✓
- (2) 66
- (3) 65
- (4) 64

75. Who won the Indira Gandhi Prize for Peace, Disarmament and Development, 2011?

- (1) Ela Bhatt ✓
- (2) Vandana Shiva
- (3) Shabana Azmi
- (4) Medha Patkar

76. Miss World 2011, IVIAN SARCOS is from

- (1) Venezuela ✓
- (2) Peru
- (3) Romania
- (4) Colombia

77. Who received 46th Jnanapith Award for 2010

- (1) Chandrasekhar Kambar ✓
- (2) O.N.V. Karup
- (3) C. Narayana Reddy
- (4) Shaharyar Khan

78. Miss Universe 2011 LEILA LOPES is a citizen of

- (1) Angola ✓
- (2) Zambia
- (3) Portugal
- (4) Colombia

79. Which Indian State has now 75 districts?

- (1) Uttar Pradesh ✓
- (2) Bihar
- (3) Madhya Pradesh
- (4) Rajasthan

80. Indian Woman ranked as the 7th most powerful woman of the world by the prestigious FORBES magazine

- (1) Sonia Gandhi ✓
- (2) Indra Nooyi
- (3) Chanda Kochar
- (4) Leela Bhatt

81. Rajiv Gandhi Khel Ratna Awardee for 2011

- (1) Gagan Narang ✓
- (2) Jwala Gutta
- (3) Sania Mirza
- (4) Zaheer Khan

82. The word 'Democracy' is derived from this language

- (1) Greek ✓
- (2) Latin
- (3) German
- (4) French

83. The First General Election in India were held in

- (1) 1952
- (2) 1947
- (3) 1950
- (4) 1951 ✓

84. At the centre, the Upper House is

- (1) Rajya Sabha ✓
- (2) Lok Sabha
- (3) Vidhan Sabha
- (4) Vidhan Parishad

85. In a democracy the powers of the Government are limited by

- (1) Constitution
- (2) People ✓
- (3) Parliament
- (4) Press

86. The Rule of Law operates in

- (1) Democracy ✓
- (2) Dictatorship
- (3) Monarchy
- (4) Autocracy

87. Of the following, who received 'Padma Vibushan' on the occasion of 2012 Republic Day of India

- (1) M.S. Raghunathan
- (2) Anish Kapoor
- (3) M.S. Gopalakrishnan
- (4) K.H. Sancheti ✓

88. Of the following, who received 'Padma Shri' on the occasion of 2012 Republic Day of India

- (1) T.V. Rajeswar
- (2) Jhulan Goswami
- (3) Leila Tyebji ✓
- (4) Syed Mohammad Arif

89. Nancy Powell is new envoy of America to

- (1) Sri Lanka
- (2) Pakistan
- (3) Bangladesh
- (4) India ✓

90. Indian fought against Pakistan in 1971 for the liberation of

- (1) Poonch Sector
- (2) Azad Kashmir
- (3) Siachin Sector
- (4) Bangladesh ✓

91. Brahmaputra flows to a large river through
- (1) West Bengal
  - (2) Bihar
  - (3) Uttar Pradesh
  - (4) Assam ✓
92. The river that flows through both India and Bangladesh is
- (1) Godavari
  - (2) Ganga
  - (3) Mahanadi
  - (4) Brahmaputra ✓
93. The origin of Krishna river is
- (1) Nashik
  - (2) Gangotri
  - (3) Mahendragiri
  - (4) Mahabalipuram ✓
94. Nagarjuna Sagar Project is constructed on the river
- (1) Krishna ✓
  - (2) Godavari
  - (3) Kaveri
  - (4) Manjira
95. Tungabhadra project serves the needs of
- (1) Karnataka and Kerala
  - (2) AP and Tamil Nadu
  - (3) AP and Kerala
  - (4) AP and Karnataka ✓
96. Which of the following is called "White Coal"?
- (1) By product of coal
  - (2) Hydro Electric Power ✓
  - (3) Atomic Power
  - (4) Star Power
97. Tank Irrigation is most popular in
- (1) Tamil Nadu ✓
  - (2) Kerala
  - (3) Karnataka
  - (4) Andhra Pradesh
98. Damodar Valley Project is located in the state of
- (1) U.P.
  - (2) Bihar
  - (3) Rajasthan
  - (4) Orissa ✓

99. The first cement factory in India was built at

- (1) Chennai ✓
- (2) Bangalore
- (3) Calicut
- (4) Rampur

100. The Rourkela Steel Plant was built with the collaboration of

- (1) Britain
- (2) Germany ✓
- (3) Russia
- (4) America

101. The Durgapur Steel plant was set up with the assistance of

- (1) Britain ✓
- (2) Germany
- (3) Russia
- (4) America

102. The biggest oil refinery in India is located at

- (1) Digboi
- (2) Trombay
- (3) Gauhati
- (4) Mathura ✓

103. In Andhra Pradesh, the public sector steel plant is located at

- (1) Adilabad
- (2) Visakhapatnam ✓
- (3) Vijayanagaram
- (4) Nellore

104. Agriculture was given priority in the Five Year Plan

- (1) First ✓
- (2) Second
- (3) Third
- (4) Fourth

105. 'GARIBI HATAO' slogan was associated with

- (1) Indira Gandhi ✓
- (2) Rajiv Gandhi
- (3) P.V. Narasimha Rao
- (4) Jawaharlal Nehru

106. First Five Year Plan was launched on

- (1) 1.4.1951 ✓
- (2) 1.4.1952
- (3) 1.3.1951
- (4) 1.3.1953

107. According to 2012–13 budget estimates India GDP growth rate is expected to be

- (1) 7.6% ✓
- (2) 8.6%
- (3) 6.6%
- (4) 6.4%

108. Union Budget for 2012–13 was presented in Lok Sabha on

- (1) 16.3.2012 ✓
- (2) 16.4.2012
- (3) 13.3.2012
- (4) 12.3.2012

109. Name of the Army commanded by Garibaldi

- (1) Red Shirts ✓
- (2) Blue Shirts
- (3) Green Shirts
- (4) White Shirts

110. The Great French Revolution occurred in

- (1) 1788
- (2) 1789 ✓
- (3) 1790
- (4) 1791

111. One of the legacies of French Revolution

- (1) Socialism
- (2) Communism
- (3) Liberalism ✓
- (4) State Socialism

112. The king who called himself “People’s King”

- (1) Louis X
- (2) Louis XV
- (3) Louis XI
- (4) Louis Phillipe ✓

113. The unification of Germany was completed in

- (1) 1871 ✓
- (2) 1872
- (3) 1873
- (4) 1874

114. The treaty made by Germany, Australia and Italy is called

- (1) Triple Entente
- (2) Triple Alliance ✓
- (3) Dual Alliance
- (4) Single Member Alliance

115. Treaty made after World War I

- (1) Treaty of Paris
- (2) Treaty of Versailles ✓
- (3) Treaty of Frankfurt
- (4) Treaty of Prague

116. Bolshevik Revolution took place in Russia in

- (1) 1916
- (2) 1917 ✓
- (3) 1918
- (4) 1919

117. Architect of League of Nations

- (1) Roosevelt
- (2) Woodro Wilson ✓
- (3) Lenin
- (4) Kaiser

118. Founder of Bolshevik party was

- (1) Stalin
- (2) Lenin ✓
- (3) Beznév
- (4) Kruchav

119. The number of permanent members of Security Council of U.N.O.

- (1) 5 ✓
- (2) 6
- (3) 7
- (4) 8

120. The number of total members of Security Council of U.N.O.

- (1) 15 ✓
- (2) 16
- (3) 17
- (4) 18

121. Conversion of mechanical energy into electric energy

- (1) Dynamo ✓
- (2) Amplifier
- (3) Dry cell
- (4) Rectifier

122. The person who discovered the Radioactivity

- (1) Becqueral ✓
- (2) Chadwick
- (3) Bohr
- (4) Lenard

123. Two different elements having the same number of neutrons are called

- (1) Isotones ✓
- (2) Isotrons
- (3) Isotopes
- (4) Isobars

124. Modern Periodic Table has \_\_\_\_\_ groups and \_\_\_\_\_ periods.

- (1) 18, 7 ✓
- (2) 19, 6
- (3) 20, 5
- (4) 17, 8

125. Chemical bonds are of how many types?

- (1) 2
- (2) 3 ✓
- (3) 4
- (4) 5

126. Discoverer of Neutron

- (1) Chadwick ✓
- (2) Dalton
- (3) Mosley
- (4) Rutherford

127. Example of vegetable oil

- (1) Olive oil
- (2) Mustard oil
- (3) Sunflower oil
- (4) All the above ✓

128. Example of natural wax

- (1) Paraffin wax
- (2) Bees wax
- (3) Carnauba wax
- (4) All the above ✓

129. Petrol car is invented by

- (1) Carl Benz ✓
- (2) Louis Prince
- (3) William Perkin
- (4) Otto Hahn

130. Carl Vaum Linde invented

- (1) Refrigerator ✓
- (2) Atomic Structure
- (3) Fountain Pen
- (4) Gramophone

131. Example for a noble metal

- (1) Gold
- (2) Platinum
- (3) Silver
- (4) All the above ✓

132. The hardest element found in Nature

- (1) Gold
- (2) Silver
- (3) Iron
- (4) Diamond ✓

133. Whisky and Brandy contain about \_\_\_\_\_ per cent of ethyl alcohol.

- (1) 40–50% ✓
- (2) 20–25%
- (3) 15–20%
- (4) 55–65%

134. Yingluck Shinawatra is the first lady Prime Minister of

- (1) Sweden
- (2) Denmark
- (3) Switzerland
- (4) Thailand ✓

135. Abu Dhabi is the Capital of

- (1) Qatar
- (2) Saudi Arabia
- (3) Turkey
- (4) United Arab Emirates ✓

136. Angela Merkel is the Chancellor of

- (1) Denmark
- (2) Greece
- (3) Japan
- (4) Germany ✓

137. Ban-Ki-Moon is the Secretary General of

- (1) UNICEF
- (2) UNESCO
- (3) World Bank
- (4) U.N.O. ✓

138. Kamallesh Sharma is the Secretary General of

- (1) European Council
- (2) Asian Development Bank
- (3) African Union Assembly
- (4) Commonwealth ✓

139. Chairman of National Commission for women

- (1) Sheela Dikshit
- (2) Girija Vyas
- (3) Sushma Swaraj
- (4) Mamta Sharma ✓

140. National Security Advisor

- (1) P.K. Mehta
- (2) A.P. Singh
- (3) S.C. Sinha
- (4) Shiva Shankar Menon ✓

141. Comptrollers and Auditor General of India

- (1) Vishal Rai
- (2) Vismal Rai
- (3) Vivek Rai
- (4) Vinod Rai ✓

142. Deputy Chairman of Planning Commission

- (1) D.P. Agarwal
- (2) Vinod Rao
- (3) Arun Jaitla
- (4) M.S. Ahluwalia ✓

143. Capital of Lakshadweeps

- (1) Puducherry
- (2) Silvassa
- (3) Daman
- (4) Karavatti ✓

144. Union Cabinet Minister for Health and Family Welfare

- (1) Vilasrao Deshmukh
- (2) Kamalnath
- (3) Veerappa Moiley
- (4) Ghulam Nabi Azad ✓

145. Union Cabinet Minister for Human Resource Development

- (1) G.K. Vasan
- (2) D. Purandeswari
- (3) Anand Sharma
- (4) Kapil Sibal. ✓

146. Union Minister of State for Railways

- (1) M.M. Pallam Raju
- (2) Jitin Prasad
- (3) N.N. Meena
- (4) K.H. Muniappa ✓

147. K. Rosaiah is the Governor of

- (1) Karnataka
- (2) Kerala
- (3) Orissa
- (4) Tamil Nadu ✓

148. Tarun Gogoi is the Chief Minister of

- (1) Tripura
- (2) Haryana
- (3) Goa
- (4) Assam ✓

149. The river that flows westward and joins Arabian Sea

- (1) Ganga
- (2) Narmada ✓
- (3) Mahanadi
- (4) Godavari

150. The mountain ranges that separate North India from South India are

- (1) Aravalli ranges
- (2) Vindhya and Satpura mountains ✓
- (3) Nilgiris
- (4) Himalayas