## MATHEMATICS PAPER IB.- MARCH 2011.

COORDINATE GEOMETRY \& CALCULUS.

## TIME : 3hrs

Max. Marks. 75
Note: This question paper consists of three sections A,B and C.

## SECTION A

VERY SHORT ANSWER TYPE QUESTIONS.
10X2 =20
Noe : Attempt all questions. Each question carries $\mathbf{2}$ marks.

1. Find area of triangle formed by line $x \operatorname{cosa+ysina=p}$ with coordinate axes

2 .Transform $2 \mathrm{x}-3 \mathrm{y}+6=0$ into normal form
3 .If $(2,4,-1)(3,6,-1)(4,5,1)$ are three vertices of a parallelogram find $4^{\text {th }}$ vertex.
4 . Find angle between the planes $2 x-y+z=6$ and $x+y+2 z=7$
5 . Show that $\lim _{x \rightarrow \infty}\left(\sqrt{x^{2}+x}-x\right)=1 / 2$
6. If $x=a t^{2} \quad y=2 a t$ find $d y / d x$

7 .If $y=x^{x}$ find dy/dx
8 .If $y=\sin x / 1+\cos x$ find $d y / d x$
9 .If $y=x^{2}+3 x+6 \quad x=10$ find $\Delta x$, dy
10 .show that length of subnormal at any point on the curve $y^{2}=4 a x$ is constant

## SECTION B

## SHORT ANSWER TYPE QUESTIONS.

Note : Answer any FIVE questions. Each question carries 4 marks.
$11 . A(2,3)$ and $B(-3,4)$ be two given points. Find the equation of the locus of $P$ so that the area of the triangle PAB is 8.5 sq.units
12. If the transformed equation of a curve is $x^{2}+3 x y-2 y^{2}+17 x-7 y-11=0$,
when the origin is shifted to the point $(2,3)$, the find the original equation of the curve.
13. find the condition for three lines $a x+h y+g=0 h x+b y+f=0 g x+f y+c=0$ to be concurrent.
14. Show that $\lim _{x \rightarrow a} \frac{x \sin a-a \sin x}{x-a}=\operatorname{sina}-\operatorname{acosa}$
15. Find the derivative of "cosax" from definition
16. Find the approximate value of $\sqrt[3]{123}$
17. If $z=\log (\tan x+\tan y)$, show that $(\sin 2 x) z_{x}+(\sin 2 y) z_{y}=2$

## SECTION C

## LONG ANSWER TYPE QUESTIONS.

## Note: Answer any Five of the following. Each question carries 7 marks.

18 . Find circum center of triangle formed by points $(-2,3)(2,-1)$ and $(4,0)$ 19. Find the point of intersection of pair of lines
$a x^{2}+2 h x y+b y^{2}+2 g x+2 f y+c=0$ and hence deduce $a b c+2 f g h-a f^{2}-b^{2}-c^{2}=0$ from above.
20. Find the value of k , if the lines joining the origin to the points of intersection of the curve $2 x^{2}-2 x y+3 y^{2}+2 x-y-1=0$ and the line $x+2 y=k$ are mutually perpendicular
21. Find the direction cosines of two lines which are connected by relation $l+m+n=0$ and $m n-2 n l-2 l m=0$
22. If $y=x^{\tan x}+(\sin x)^{\cos x}$, find $\frac{d y}{d x}$
23. show that the curves $y^{2}=4(x+1)$ and $y^{2}=36(9-x)$ intersect orthogonally
24. A wire length $l$ is cut into two parts which are bent respectively in the form of a square and circle. What are lengths of pieces of wires so that sum of areas are least?

