

TRIGONOMETRIC EXPANSIONS

Very Short Answer Questions

1. Show that $\frac{\sin 4\theta}{\sin \theta} = 8\cos^3 \theta - 4\cos \theta$

Solution: -

$$\text{We know that } c_1 \cos^{n-1} \theta \sin \theta - c_3 \cos^{n-3} \theta \sin^3 \theta + c_5 \cos^{n-5} \theta \sin^5 \theta \dots \dots \dots$$

$$\sin 4\theta = 3c_1 \cos^3 \theta \sin \theta - 4c_3 \cos \theta \sin^3 \theta$$

$$= 4c_1 \sin \theta \{4\cos^3 \theta - 4\cos \theta \sin^2 \theta\}$$

$$\frac{\sin 4\theta}{\sin n\theta} = \{4\cos^3 \theta - \cos \theta (1 - \cos^2 \theta)\}$$

$$\frac{\sin 4\theta}{\sin n\theta} = 8\cos^3 \theta - 4\cos \theta$$

2. Show that $\cos 7\theta = 64\cos^7 \theta - 112\cos^5 \theta + 56\cos^3 \theta - 7\cos \theta$

Solution : -

$$\text{We know that } \cos n\theta = \cos^n \theta - c_2 \cos^{n-2} \theta \sin^2 \theta + c_4 \cos^{n-4} \theta \sin^4 \theta \dots \dots \dots$$

$$\cos 7\theta = \cos^7 \theta = c_2 \cos^5 \theta \sin^2 \theta + c_4 \cos^3 \theta \cdot \sin^4 \theta - c_6 \cos \theta \sin^6 \theta$$

$$= \cos^7 \theta - 21 \left\{ \cos^5 \theta (1 - \cos^2 \theta) + 35 \cos^3 \theta (1 - \cos^2 \theta)^2 - 7 \cos \theta (1 - \cos^2 \theta)^3 \right\}$$

$$= \cos^7 \theta - 21 \cos^5 \theta + 21 \cos^7 \theta + 35 \cos^3 \theta \{1 + \cos^4 \theta - 2 \cos^2 \theta\}$$

$$- 7 \cos \theta \{1 - \cos^6 \theta - 3 \cos^2 \theta + 3 \cos^4 \theta\}$$

$$= \cos^7 \theta - 21 \cos^5 \theta + 21 \cos^7 \theta + 35 \cos^3 \theta + 35 \cos^7 \theta - 70 \cos^5 \theta$$

$$- 7 \cos \theta + 7 \cos^2 \theta + 21 \cos^3 \theta - 21 \cos^5 \theta$$

$$= 64\cos^7 \theta - 112\cos^5 \theta + 56\cos^3 \theta - 7\cos \theta$$

3. Show that $\sin 7\theta = 7\sin \theta - 56\sin^3 \theta + 112\sin^5 \theta - 64\sin^7 \theta$

Solution : -

$$\text{We know that } \sin n\theta = c_1 \cos^{n-1} \theta \sin \theta - c_3 \cos^{n-3} \theta \sin^3 \theta + \dots \dots \dots$$

$$\sin 7\theta = 8c_1 \cos^6 \theta \sin \theta - 7c_3 \cos^4 \theta \sin^3 \theta + 7c_5 \cos^2 \theta \sin^5 \theta$$

$$= 7 \sin \theta (1 - \sin^2 \theta)^3 - 35 \sin^2 \theta (1 - \sin^2 \theta)^2 + 21 \sin^5 (1 - \sin^2 \theta)$$

$$= 7 \sin \theta \{1 - \sin^6 \theta - 3 \sin^2 \theta + 3 \sin^4 \theta\} - 35 \sin^2 \theta \{1 - \sin^4 \theta - 2 \sin^2 \theta\}$$

$$+ 21 \sin^5 \theta - 21 \sin^7 \theta$$

$$= 7 \sin \theta - 56 \sin^3 \theta + 112 \sin^5 \theta - 64 \sin^7 \theta$$

4. **Show that** $\tan 7\theta = \frac{7 \tan \theta - 35 \tan^3 \theta + 21 \tan^5 \theta + \tan^7 \theta}{1 - 21 \tan^2 \theta + 35 \tan^4 \theta - 7 \tan^6 \theta}$

Solution :-

We know that

$$\begin{aligned}\tan n\theta &= \frac{nc_1 \tan \theta - nc_3 \tan^3 \theta + nc_5 \tan^5 \theta - nc_7 \tan^7 \theta}{1 - nc_2 \tan^2 \theta + nc_4 \tan^4 \theta - nc_6 \tan^6 \theta} \\ \tan 7\theta &= \frac{7 \tan \theta - 7c_3 \tan^3 \theta + 7c_5 \tan^5 \theta - 7c_7 \tan^7 \theta}{1 - 7c_2 \tan^2 \theta + 7c_4 \tan^4 \theta - 7c_6 \tan^6 \theta} \\ &= \frac{7 \tan \theta - 35 \tan^3 \theta + 21 \tan^5 \theta + \tan^7 \theta}{1 - 21 \tan^2 \theta + 35 \tan^4 \theta - 7 \tan^6 \theta}\end{aligned}$$

5. **Show that** $\tan 8\theta = \frac{8 \tan \theta - 56 \tan^3 \theta + 56 \tan^5 \theta - 8 \tan^7 \theta}{1 - 28 \tan^2 \theta + 70 \tan^4 \theta - 28 \tan^6 \theta + \tan^8 \theta}$

Solution :-

$$\begin{aligned}\tan n\theta &= \frac{nc_1 \tan \theta - nc_3 \tan^3 \theta + nc_5 \tan^5 \theta - nc_7 \tan^7 \theta + \dots}{1 - nc_2 \tan^2 \theta + nc_4 \tan^4 \theta - nc_6 \tan^6 \theta + nc_8 \tan^8 \theta + \dots} \\ \tan 8\theta &= \frac{8c_1 \tan \theta - 8c_3 \tan^3 \theta + 8c_5 \tan^5 \theta - 8c_7 \tan^7 \theta}{1 - 8c_2 \tan^2 \theta + 8c_4 \tan^4 \theta - 28 \tan^6 \theta + \tan^8 \theta} \\ &= \frac{8 \tan \theta - 56 \tan^3 \theta + 56 \tan^5 \theta - 8 \tan^7 \theta}{1 - 28 \tan^2 \theta + 70 \tan^4 \theta - 28 \tan^6 \theta + \tan^8 \theta}\end{aligned}$$

SHORT ANSWER QUESTIONS :

1. **Show that** $32 \cos^6 \theta = \cos 6\theta + 6 \cos 4\theta + 15 \cos 2\theta + 10$

Solution :-

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Let } x &= \cos \theta + i \sin \theta \quad \frac{1}{x} = \cos \theta - i \sin \theta \\ x + \frac{1}{x} &= 2 \cos \theta \Rightarrow \left(x + \frac{1}{x} \right)^6 = (\cos \theta)^6 \\ x^6 + 6c_1 x^5 \left(\frac{1}{x} \right) + 6c_2 x^4 \frac{1}{x^2} + 6c_3 x^3 \frac{1}{x^3} + 6c_4 x^2 \frac{1}{x^4} + 6c_5 x + \frac{1}{x^5} + 6c_6 \frac{1}{x^6} &= 2^6 \cos^6 \theta \\ \left(x^6 + \frac{1}{x^6} \right) + 6 \left\{ x^4 + \frac{1}{x^4} \right\} + 15 \left(x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2} \right) + 20 &= 64 \cos^6 \theta \\ 2 \cos 6\theta + 6(2 \cos 4\theta) + 15(2 \cos 2\theta) + 20 &= 64 \cos^6 \theta \\ \cos 6\theta + 6 \cos 4\theta + 15 \cos 2\theta + 10 &= 32 \cos^6 \theta\end{aligned}$$

2. Show that $32 \sin^6 \theta = 10 - 15 \cos 2\theta + 6 \cos 4\theta - \cos 6\theta$

Solution :-

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Let } x &= \cos \theta + i \sin \theta \quad \frac{1}{x} = \cos \theta - i \sin \theta \\ x - \frac{1}{x} &= 2i \sin \theta \Rightarrow \left(x - \frac{1}{x} \right)^6 = (2i \sin \theta)^6 \\ x^6 - 6x^4 + 15x^2 - 20 + \frac{15}{x^2} - \frac{6}{x^4} + \frac{1}{x^6} &= 2^6 i^6 \sin^6 \theta \\ \left(x^6 + \frac{1}{x^6} \right) - 6 \left(x^4 + \frac{1}{x^4} \right) + 15 \left(x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2} \right) - 20 &= -2 \{ 2^5 \sin^6 \theta \} \\ 2 \cos 6\theta - 6(2 \cos 4\theta) + 15(2 \cos 2\theta) - 20 &= -2 \{ 32 \sin^6 \theta \} \\ 10 - 15 \cos 2\theta + 6 \cos 4\theta - \cos 6\theta &= 32 \sin^6 \theta \end{aligned}$$

3. Show that $16 \sin^5 \theta = \sin 5\theta - 5 \sin 3\theta + 10 \sin \theta$

Solution :-

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Let } x &= \cos \theta + i \sin \theta \quad \frac{1}{x} = \cos \theta - i \sin \theta \\ x - \frac{1}{x} &= 2i \sin \theta \Rightarrow \left(x - \frac{1}{x} \right)^5 = (2i \sin \theta)^5 \\ x^5 - 5c_1 x^3 + 5c_2 x - \frac{5c_3}{x} + \frac{5c_4}{x^3} - \frac{5c_5}{x^5} &= 2^5 i^5 \sin^5 \theta \\ \left(x^5 - \frac{1}{x^5} \right) - 5 \left\{ x^3 - \frac{1}{x^3} \right\} + 10 \left\{ x - \frac{1}{x} \right\} &= 32 i \sin^5 \theta \\ 2i \sin 5\theta - 5(2i \sin 3\theta) + 10(2i \sin \theta) &= 32i \sin^5 \theta \\ 2i \{ \sin 5\theta - 5 \sin 3\theta + 10 \sin \theta \} &= 2i \{ 16 \sin^5 \theta \} \\ \therefore 16 \sin^5 \theta &= \sin 5\theta - 5 \sin 3\theta + 10 \sin \theta \end{aligned}$$

4. Show that $64 \sin^5 \theta \cos^2 \theta = \sin 7\theta - 3 \sin 5\theta + \sin 3\theta + 5 \sin \theta$

Solution :-

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Let } x &= \cos \theta + i \sin \theta \quad \frac{1}{x} = \cos \theta - i \sin \theta \\ x + \frac{1}{x} &= 2 \cos \theta \quad x - \frac{1}{x} = 2i \sin \theta \\ x^n + \frac{1}{x^n} &= 2 \cos n\theta \quad x^n - \frac{1}{x^n} = 2i \sin n\theta \\ \left(x + \frac{1}{x} \right)^2 \left(x - \frac{1}{x} \right)^5 &= (2 \cos \theta)^2 (2i \sin \theta)^5 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left\{ \left(x + \frac{1}{x} \right) \left(x - \frac{1}{x} \right) \right\}^2 \left(x - \frac{1}{x} \right)^3 = 2^7 i^5 \sin^5 \theta \cos^2 \theta \\
 & \left(x^2 - \frac{1}{x^2} \right)^2 \left\{ x^3 - \frac{3x}{x} + \frac{3}{x} - \frac{3}{x^3} \right\} = 2^7 i \sin^5 \theta \cos^2 \theta \\
 & \left(x^4 + \frac{1}{x^4} - 2 \right) \left\{ x^3 - 3x + \frac{3}{x} - \frac{1}{x^3} \right\} = 2^7 i \sin^5 \theta \cos^2 \theta \\
 & x^7 - 3x^5 + 3x^3 - \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{x} - \frac{3}{x^3} + \frac{3}{x^5} - \frac{1}{x^7} - 2x^3 + 6x - \frac{6}{x} + \frac{2}{x^3} \\
 & 2^7 i \sin^5 \theta \cos^2 \theta \\
 & \left(x^7 - \frac{1}{x^7} \right) - 3 \left(x^5 - \frac{1}{x^5} \right) + \left(x^3 - \frac{1}{x^3} \right) + 6 \left(x - \frac{1}{x} \right) = 2^7 i \sin^5 \theta \cos^2 \theta \\
 & 2i \sin 7\theta - 3(2i \sin 5\theta) + 2i \sin 3\theta + 6(2i \sin \theta) = 2i \{ 64 \sin^5 \theta \cos^2 \theta \} \\
 & 2i \{ \sin 7\theta - 3 \sin 5\theta + \sin 3\theta + 6 \sin \theta \} = 2i \{ 64 \sin^5 \theta \cos^2 \theta \}
 \end{aligned}$$

5. Show that $32 \cos^2 \theta \sin^4 \theta = \cos 6\theta - 2 \cos 4\theta - \cos 2\theta + 2$

Solution :-

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Let } x &= \cos \theta + i \sin \theta & \frac{1}{x} &= \cos \theta - i \sin \theta \\
 x + \frac{1}{x} &= 2 \cos \theta & x - \frac{1}{x} &= 2i \sin \theta \\
 x^n + \frac{1}{x^n} &= 2 \cos n\theta & x^n - \frac{1}{x^n} &= 2i \sin n\theta \\
 \left(x + \frac{1}{x} \right)^2 \left(x + \frac{1}{x} \right)^4 &= (2 \cos \theta)^2 (2i \sin \theta)^4 \\
 \left\{ \left(x + \frac{1}{x} \right) \left(x - \frac{1}{x} \right) \right\}^2 \left(x - \frac{1}{x} \right)^2 &= 4 \cos^2 \theta 16i^4 \sin^4 \theta \\
 \left(x^2 - \frac{1}{x^2} \right)^2 \left(x - \frac{1}{x} \right)^2 &= 64 \cos^2 \theta \sin^4 \theta \\
 \left(x^4 + \frac{1}{x^4} - 2 \right) \left(x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2} - 2 \right) &= 64 \cos^2 \theta \sin^4 \theta \\
 x^6 + x^2 - 2x^4 + \frac{1}{x^2} + \frac{1}{x^6} - \frac{2}{x^4} - 2x^2 - \frac{2}{x^2} + 4 &= 64 \cos^2 \theta \sin^4 \theta \\
 \left(x^6 + \frac{1}{x^6} \right) - 2 \left(x^4 + \frac{1}{x^4} \right) - \left(x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2} \right) + 4 &= 64 \cos^2 \theta \sin^4 \theta \\
 2 \cos 6\theta - 2(2 \cos 4\theta) - 2 \cos 2\theta + 4 &= 64 \cos^2 \theta \sin^4 \theta \\
 \cos 6\theta - 2 \cos 4\theta - \cos 2\theta + 2 &= 32 \cos^2 \theta \sin^4 \theta
 \end{aligned}$$

KEY CONCEPTS

1. $\sin n\theta = {}^nC_1 \cos^{n-1} \theta \sin \theta - {}^nC_3 \cos^{n-3} \theta \sin^3 \theta + {}^nC_5 \cos^{n-5} \theta \sin^5 \theta \dots\dots$
2. $\cos n\theta = \cos^n \theta - {}^nC_2 \cos^{n-2} \theta \sin^2 \theta + {}^nC_4 \cos^{n-4} \theta \sin^4 \theta \dots\dots$
3. $\tan \theta = \frac{{}^nC_1 \tan \theta - {}^nC_3 \tan^3 \theta + {}^nC_5 \tan^5 \theta - {}^nC_7 \tan^7 \theta + \dots\dots}{1 - {}^nC_2 \tan^2 \theta + {}^nC_4 \tan^4 \theta - {}^nC_6 \tan^6 \theta + \dots\dots}$

